

The Weather

Today—Continued rather cool with occasional rain. Yesterday—High, 60; low, 54. Details on Page B12.

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WASHINGTON: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1942 X****

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AND SUBURBAN AREA THREE CENTS ELSEWHERE FIVE CENTS

U. S. Sinks 5 Jap Warships, Transport In Great Air-Sea Battle Off Guadalcanal

Manpower Setup Falls Short Now—Roosevelt

President Declares Present Voluntary Program Works Unsatisfactorily

By Ben W. Gilbert

Post Staff Writer

While President Roosevelt continued to play the spotlight on the national "manpower problem" by telling a press conference yesterday that the present "voluntary" program was not working satisfactorily, War Manpower Commission officials revealed that differences of opinion on the safeguards which must be incorporated in a compulsory program have delayed completion of an official WMC draft of proposed National Service legislation.

The President stated, however, that he did not plan to request compulsory legislation until he was convinced that the present voluntary system could not work. In a "fireside chat" Monday night, the President told the country that it might be necessary to adopt manpower legislation, but that a number of things could be done on a voluntary basis to solve the problem.

Controversial Questions Listed

A high WMC official confirmed reports yesterday that a subcommittee of the WMC labor-management policy committee had resumed consideration of national service legislation after the full labor-management committee failed to agree on "safeguards" recommended by the subcommittee.

Among the controversial questions requiring "safeguards" are the following:

1. Should the Government be given authority to move a worker from one job to another at less pay than he was receiving, or should existing pay scales be guaranteed, even when simpler and less responsible work is involved?

2. In any mass shifting of workers, what regard should be paid to the existence of labor organization in either the old or new locations? To what extent should a union's collective bargaining rights be protected, even when the individual collective bargaining unit is broken up?

3. Can management retain the right to hire and fire with a labor draft in effect? Presumably management's rights in this regard are going to be curtailed, but the amount of curtailment remains to be seen.

See MANPOWER, Page 4, Col. 3.

Uncle Sam Wants Piggy Banks' Store Of Copper Coins

Uncle Sam yesterday urged children and parents to break into their piggy banks and other receptacles for coins in an effort to save an estimated 1000 tons of copper for war production.

Treasury officials estimate that if each of 33 million American families searched out and returned to use ten 1-cent pieces, and kept them in circulation, enough copper for war production could be saved to make it all worth while.

Special Gallup Poll on New York

The Gallup Poll which was to have appeared in today's Post has been canceled due to a last minute survey on the New York gubernatorial election. During the past week President Roosevelt endorsed John Bennett and New York's Mayor La Guardia came out for Dean Acheson. The New York voters' reaction to these endorsements will be published in a special Gallup Poll in the Post within the next few days.

President Gets Action

House Paces Drive to Enact 18-19 Draft Law Next Week

By Edward Ryan

Post Staff Writer

Congress moved swiftly yesterday to write into law, probably by next week, the recommendations of President Roosevelt and Secretary of War Stimson that the Army now needs to begin inducting 18- and 19-year-old youths for military service.

House leaders seized the initiative in a drive to pass legislation lowering the draft age from 20 to 18 as Speaker Rayburn and Majority Leader McCormack served notice that the bill to permit calling the younger men for Army duty would come to a vote Saturday.

At the same time, the House gave its unanimous consent to the request of Representative May (Democrat of Kentucky) that his Military Affairs Committee be permitted to hold hearings on lowering the draft age during sessions of the House.

Under the schedule laid down by Rayburn, House hearings will begin at 9 a. m. today, the bill will be reported tomorrow night, the necessary rules granted Friday and the legislation will be passed Saturday.

Chairman May said the Military

Affairs Committee will hold night sessions if necessary.

While Senate leaders offered no matching timetable, except to order hearings of the Senate Military Affairs Committee to begin at 10:30 a. m. today, it was indicated that a bill for inducting the younger men would be ready for the floor next week.

Before the House set the ball in play, Senator Reynolds (Democrat of North Carolina, chairman of the Senate's Military Affairs Committee, announced the opening of hearings, but said that it might be three or four weeks before a bill would be completed.

Majority Leader Barkley said, however, that he believed the country accepted the President's view on lowering the Selective Service age, and "that being true, the sooner we get the law on the statute books, the better."

"I do think it will be most unfortunate for Congress, for the country, and everybody concerned," said Barkley, "for the committee to deliberately postpone consideration of a bill and try to hook it up

See DRAFT, Page 4, Column 1.

Penalty—No Gas

Tire Limit Will Be 5 Per Car Under New Rationing Setup

(Auto inspection rules modified by D. C. heads. Page 8.)

When Nation-wide gasoline rationing goes into effect November 22, motorists in the 17 Eastern States and the District of Columbia, already subject to rationing, will be limited to five tires an automobile—four on the car and one spare—Prime Administrator Leon Henderson announced yesterday.

The Eastern motorists will not have to register again at that time since their basic "A" book allotments will be good until next July 22, but they will have to provide local ration boards with the serial numbers of their tires by filling out a new "A" book application form which contains space for the serial numbers.

At some later date the two systems—in the East and in the rest of the country—will be integrated into one Nation-wide system.

Eastern motorists who have more than the maximum five tires permitted will be deprived of their gasoline ration until they dispose of their excess tires by selling them

to the Government, OPA said.

This will be a comparatively simple process by November 22, an OPA spokesman said, because machinery for turning in the tires will be going full blast by then.

Eastern motorists will also be required to submit their tires for periodic inspections if they want to get their gasoline ration renewed when they expire, and if they want to be eligible for new tires or repairs, OPA said.

At the same time, Eastern motorists, along with those in the rest of the country, may lose their gasoline ration if they speed in excess of 35 miles an hour, OPA said.

The three steps—periodic tire inspection, limitation of tires to five per vehicle, and revoking of rationing by speeders—are part of the new Nation-wide "mileage, rationing" plan in which rubber and gasoline rationing are combined in accordance with recommendations of the Baruch rubber report to keep

See RATION, Page 8, Column 1.

Building Too Slow

U. S. Will Buy, Lease Housing To Aid War, Blandford Says

National Housing Administrator John B. Blandford, Jr., last night declared that while voluntary methods of obtaining for war workers decent living quarters in private homes and buildings would be pushed to the limit, billeting, commandeering, requisitioning and similar mandatory devices would be resorted to where necessary.

Blandford made the statement in conjunction with an announcement that the Federal Government will lease privately owned buildings in Washington and other critical housing areas and remodel them to obtain as much living space as possible for warworkers and their families.

Blandford outlined a three-point program of voluntary methods for providing housing for thousands of workers for whom it will not be possible to build new homes by next June. In addition the so-called "conversion" method of

leasing and altering private structures, these voluntary methods are:

1. A drive to "induce owners or occupants of existing structures with extra space to make this space available at an appropriate rental for the housing of in-migrant workers."

2. Purchase "at a fair price" of such buildings as warehouses, abandoned hotels and other large vacant structures which can be made suitable for occupancy.

"We are relying upon these voluntary methods," said Blandford. However, if the current construction program, the voluntary war guest program (No. 1, above) and the voluntary conversion program do not yield a sufficient amount of the necessary housing on time, we shall be forced to recommend the compulsory use of available

See HOUSING, Page 4, Column 5.

Salads Will Suffer

Menus for 1943 Will Be Short On Variety, Long on Nutrition

By Robert DeVore

Post Staff Writer

The Department of Agriculture yesterday was driven by wartime food production demands to take steps that will mean less variety—but no diminution in nutrition values—in American family dinner menus next year.

Misleading from the table entirely, except in communities adjacent to areas where their production on a reduced scale may be permitted, may be such favorites as watermelons and cantaloupes.

In addition, only the "home-grown" varieties of cauliflower and

See FOOD, Page 4, Column 4.

U. S. Seizes War Plants In Bribery

Inspectors Accused Of Service Fee Use; Over \$1,000,000 Might Be Involved

By The Associated Press

The Federal Government, declaring more than one million dollars in management irregularities might be involved, seized the plants of Triumph Explosives, Inc., at Elkton, Md., and of five subsidiaries yesterday and arrested five men on bribery charges.

The White House said a Navy investigation had uncovered "numerous instances of bribery in the Triumph company management." The firm makes munitions for both the Army and Navy.

Arrested on bribery charges by the Federal Bureau of Investigation were: Josef Ben Decker, who founded Triumph seven years ago and now is its executive vice president; Reginald Gregory, chief civilian Navy inspector at Triumph; J. A. McCambridge and A. P. Fabrizi, until recently civilian Army inspectors at the plant; and Frank Poughkeeps, who formerly worked for the Army at its Aberdeen, Md., proving grounds and who was employed at Triumph at the time of his arrest.

"Service Fees" The inspectors, a White House statement said, "are charged with accepting bribes in the guise of service fees. The Navy's preliminary investigation indicates that more than one million dollars in management irregularities may be involved."

The Navy took over the plants under a presidential order which said this action was necessary to see that the plants were "effectively and safely" operated.

Continuation of the present management under conditions disclosed by the Navy's investigation, a statement said, was regarded as endangering production on a full-time basis. The White House said there would be no interruption of production of war material, for which the Triumph company had been awarded the Navy E.

When competent officials satisfactory to the Army and Navy are available, the plants will be returned to private management. They now are in charge of Comdr. E. B. McCrery.

Three Plants Involved The Triumph subsidiaries involved were the Milford Ordnance Co., and the Sussex Ordnance Co., of Milford, Del., the Elk Co., of Elkton, and the Kent Defense Co., of Chestertown, Md.

The White House said that the Army and Navy, and the Justice Department through its war fraud unit and Federal Bureau of Investigation, were investigating the case thoroughly and that grand jury action, where warranted, "will follow promptly."

Decker appeared last summer before the House Naval Committee in its investigation of agents fees paid by companies which obtained war contracts. The committee obtained evidence that Triumph had paid \$327,588 in fees to one Washington firm and that Decker acknowledged he got part of the money.

Each school will receive eight WAACS, who will be quartered with the Army Nurse Corps and will return to Fort Des Moines after completion of the course to be instructors to replace Army officers now serving on the teaching staff there.

Specialists Corps Hit, Too

Technicality Forbids WAACS Free Postage WAVES Enjoy

The War Department yesterday explained its order rescinding free postage privileges to the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps by pointing out that the postal law giving this right to soldiers specifies it is a privilege intended for "members of armed forces."

The Navy's WAVES, on the other hand, will continue to send their mail postage free because the bill establishing them puts them "in the Navy. The WAVES are an auxiliary serving "with."

This same technicality, the War Department said, prevents use of the mails free by members of the Army Specialists Corps. Belief was expressed, unofficially, that the privilege would be extended to the WAVES with the drawing up of an amendment to the postal laws.

Also announced yesterday was

the assignment of 24 officer WAACS to three Army schools for additional training. The schools were: the Adjutant General's School at Fort Washington, Md., where the WAACS will get eight-weeks' training in Army administrative practice; the Holabird Ordnance motor base, Baltimore, where there will be a four-week course in staff training and vehicle operation and maintenance, including operation during blackouts; the Quartermaster School at Camp Lee, Va., where the four-week course will be in supply methods, administration, procurement and distribution.

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Trip Cut Short

Roosevelt Hears Willkie Report Today

(Pictures on Page 14.)

By International News Service

Minneapolis, Oct. 13.—Wendell Willkie's report on his conference with the heads of the United Nations will be delivered to President Roosevelt tomorrow, he said tonight.

Willkie said he would leave Minneapolis at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning for the Consolidated bomber in which he girdled the globe. He expected to arrive in Washington about 3 p. m.

Tonight he went out of his way to praise his pilot on the tour, Major Richard T. Knight, of Washington, D. C.

"Major Knight of the United States Air Force Air Transport Command," he said, "is the best pilot in the world."

At a press conference tonight, the 1940 Republican Presidential candidate was silent concerning his conference abroad.

He disclosed he had received a message a short time before from the White House, saying that President Roosevelt would like to see him tonight or tomorrow. Therefore, he said, he would fly to the Capital instead of to New York, as he had planned.

Asked if he had any reply to criticisms of his Moscow demand

See WILLKIE, Page 2, Column 1.

50 Burglaries Held Solved In 2 Arrests

Police Claim Pair Selected Society Folk for Victims

With the arrest of two 27-year-old house painters, who employed the novel method of reading the social columns of newspapers to choose their victims, police yesterday solved approximately 50 burglaries and recovered loot valued at more than \$10,000.

The men were seized in a rooming house in the 1400 block of N Street Northwest by Detective Charles Williams of the Eighth Precinct after a week of intensive detective work. In their possession were two trunks filled with goods ranging from expensive furs to oil paintings stolen from homes in exclusive sections in Chevy Chase, Cleveland Park and Brightwood.

Both men admitted they avidly read social columns of newspapers, checking on the departure or vacations of prominent families.

Dogged Police Work The clew that led to the arrests came when Williams received a report of a burglary in which several sets of cufflinks were stolen. He questioned a downtown jeweler who had bought them as old gold and obtained a description of the men and an address on W Street Northwest.

Although the address proved to be false, the detective doggedly carried on his search. He checked the same address on other lettered streets with a written "W." He finally reached N Street and rang the door bell. His quarry answered the door and without hesitation admitted his identity. The arrest of his

See ROB, Page B-1, Column 2.

3-Year Score—1000 Plus

Malta Defenders Bag 47 Axis Planes in 3 Days, Damage 50

By Edward Kennedy

Associated Press Staff Writer

Cairo, Oct. 13.—Malta's defenders bagged eight more Nazi planes today, bringing a three-day total to 47 definitely destroyed and about 50 more so badly damaged that some probably never regained their Sicilian bases.

The first plane felled today was chucked up as the thousandth destroyed by Malta's defenders in 3 years of siege.

Only six Spitfire pilots of the R. A. F. were downed over the tiny sentinel island which has impeded Nazi sea-borne supplies from Italy

to Marshal Rommel's North African troops. Two of the pilots were rescued from the sea. Only a few casualties were suffered. Property damage was slight.

Only a few of the Junkers 88 bombers, which were heavily escorted by German and Italian fighters, penetrated Malta's defenses to drop explosives, reports said tonight.

The island has been used so skillfully to impede the flow of supplies to North Africa that the

See MALTA, Page 8, Column 2.

Reds Cancel German Gain In Stalingrad

Recapture Street Lost Day Before, Make Slight Advance Northwest of City

By Henry C. Cassidy

Associated Press Staff Writer

Moscow (Wednesday), Oct. 14. German attacks on the Stalingrad front died down again today, and the Soviet midnight communiqué said Red army troops had recaptured a street given up the previous day and had pushed the Germans back slightly in one sector northwest of the battered city.

Otherwise, activity inside the rubble-strewn city again was confined to artillery dueling after a one-day renewal of German assaults.

Action northwest of Stalingrad also appeared to have been restricted to local engagements. The communiqué said one unit of Elite guardsmen "pressed back the Germans somewhat" in one engagement and in other sectors the Russians "continued to defend their former positions" and "carried out reconnaissance raids."

Heavy Fighting in Caucasus Fighting, however, continued heavily in the Mordok area of the Caucasus and along the Black Sea. The communiqué said two battalions of German infantry, supported by tanks and aircraft, attacked Russian Mordok positions, but were hurled back by fierce artillery and mortar fire after losing 300 men.

Southeast of the German-occupied Black Sea base of Novorossiysk, Soviet marines repelled an enemy attack and "improved their positions." Two companies of enemy infantry were said to have been wiped out.

Fighting also was renewed between Moscow and Leningrad, where the Germans launched an attack, but were repelled with 400 killed.

The new hull at Stalingrad came after the Germans had brought up reinforcements for a new attempt to take the Volga stronghold, but failed to make important gains.

Battle swirled today about the shell of the Stalingrad tractor factory, one of the Soviet Union's greatest industrial achievements. Just as the Russians destroyed the \$100,000,000 Dnieper River dam, they reported the giant tractor plant too had been sacrificed in the national defense.

Italian Troops in Action The government newspaper said the Germans were firing trench mortar shells into the empty buildings where thousands upon thousands of workers once turned out machines for Russia's collective farms.

There was only one bit of activity there at last accounts—workmen close under the shelter of a wall were reported nonchalantly repairing four damaged tanks. At the factory entrance stood a lone gray-bearded elder, a reclaimed German gun over his shoulder and two captured Nazi grenades bulging from his quitted coat.

Outside, men were fighting in great clouds of their breath forming white clouds in the chill autumn air. The Germans were so anxious to force a decision before it gets too cold or were so hard up—or both—that Italian troops and tanks were brought up in considerable number.

In the Caucasus the Russians lashed out with offensive sorties of their own and were reported cutting into several sectors of the Mordok area. There the Germans have been stalled for weeks in their drive toward the Grozny oil fields.

PUC Grants Rate Increase To Gas Company

The Public Utilities Commission late yesterday granted to the Washington Gas Light Company the right to increase consumer rates to a figure calculated to bring the company a boost of \$200,141 in the fiscal year. The raise in rates was estimated to mean an increase of three cents a month to the average domestic consumer.

The majority rule brought a violently dissenting opinion from Gregory Hankin, PUC minority member, when the PUC turned down an argument of the Office of Price Administration that the increase might be inflationary.

(Details on Page B1.)

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American Force Loses Destroyer; 2 Other Nipponese Warships Listed As Probably Sunk as Our Planes Press Home Attack on Fleeing Foe

By John G. Norris

Post Staff Writer

Five enemy warships and a troop transport were sunk by American men-o-war in a smashing sea victory over the Japanese off Guadalcanal last Saturday night, the Navy disclosed late yesterday.

Gunfire and torpedoes from a task force of United States cruisers and destroyers took this heavy toll of the enemy and forced him to flee northward, a communiqué reported.

But one American ship—a destroyer—was sunk in the fierce, 30-minute midnight battle. Several other of our ships received "minor to moderate damage," it was said.

Then the next day—Sunday—American planes from Guadalcanal pursued the retreating enemy vessels and probably sank another Jap destroyer and put at least one enemy cruiser out of action with bombs and torpedoes. The war vessels sunk the night before were a heavy cruiser and four destroyers.

This notable success of our naval forces in the Solomons was scored against Japanese units seeking to reinforce the enemy troops on the island of Guadalcanal.

Nipponese cruisers, destroyers and small transports several times recently have put reinforcements ashore at night on the island, and the Navy determined to block further attempts.

Planes Failed to Stop Landings "Navy and Marine Corps aircraft from Guadalcanal persistently attacked these landing parties, but air attack alone did not stop the landings," last night's communiqué declared.

"For this reason a task group of United States cruisers and destroyers was ordered to intercept enemy ships attempting further landings."

The resulting battle Saturday night was the most notable triumph scored by American surface warships in the war to date.

It followed by two days an offensive launched by our Marines on Guadalcanal. A few hours before the sea fight Maj. Gen. Alexander A. Vandegrift's forces succeeded in driving back the Japs to the westward on the north shore of the island and consolidated their new lines.

Army Planes in Solomons Army fighter planes took part in the action, strafing enemy troops and installations. The Japs suffered "many casualties," the Navy said.

Shortly before this successful operation was announced by the Navy yesterday morning, Rear Admiral John S. McCain, new chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, told reporters:

"We'll hold the Solomons and expand."

McCain, who has just returned from an air command in the Southwest Pacific, disclosed that between August 27 and September 17 our fighter planes at Guadalcanal shot down 133 Jap planes with a loss of 25 craft themselves.

Plane Torpedo Hit Cruiser Telling of the battle at sea last Saturday night the Navy said that our cruisers and destroyers intercepted a force of enemy cruisers, destroyers and transports west of Savo Island. Savo is an island about 8 miles off the northwestern corner of Guadalcanal.

"After a 30-minute battle fought with guns and torpedoes," the communiqué said, "the enemy was forced to abandon his landing attempt and withdraw."

The next morning, Navy and Marine Corps torpedo planes and dive bombers left Guadalcanal airport to attempt to locate the retreating Jap ships.

At about 10 o'clock two enemy cruisers were sighted south of New Georgia Island. Several near bomb misses

Astoria Shot Up Like 'Punchboard'

War Sidelights Commandos Smash Plant In Norway

London, Oct. 13.—(P)—The Swiss radio tonight quoted a Swedish newspaper report as saying six British Commandos had landed on the Norwegian coast and blown up an important electric power station in Norland Province.

The account said that all the Commandos were later taken prisoners.

Peasants Killed in Riot

London, Oct. 13 (U.P.).—Police and troops had to be rushed to the village of Monteleone, near Naples, last month to suppress rebellious peasants who, armed with rustic weapons, overpowered local police and burned the municipal offices and police headquarters, according to reports tonight.

Several peasants were reported killed and several hundred arrested, including 250 women.

Reports said the revolt broke out when Rome ordered local officials to find and requisition grain the peasants had hidden.

Mutiny Reports Probed

London, Oct. 13 (U.P.).—The Daily Telegraph said today in a dispatch from Cairo that Benito Mussolini went to Athens recently to investigate reports of unrest and mutiny in the Italian garrison.

Exiled Chieftain Pro-Vichy

Vichy, Oct. 13 (P).—The French announced today that the exiled Riff warrior chieftain, Abd El Krim, has proclaimed himself a Vichy loyalist.

Abd El Krim is in banishment on the Indian Ocean island of Reunion, near Madagascar, a prisoner of the French since a revolt by his Moroccan Arab tribe collapsed in 1925.

Nazis Remove Norse Men

London, Oct. 13 (P).—The Germans have removed virtually the entire male population of the parish of Grane in northern Norway, executing or arresting at least 75, Reuters said today in a Stockholm dispatch.

Willkie Called To White House

WILLKIE, from Page 1.

for immediate establishment of a second front, he characteristically hunched his shoulders and said with a grin:

"I'm gratified to find that the elements who criticized my statements abroad are the same old die-hard Tory group which still thinks that America can live to itself."

His eyes twinkling, he added:

"Such opposition is a great asset. Nothing has gratified me more."

(Willkie told the Washington bureau of the New York Herald-Tribune by telephone last night that he intended to make a "frank and candid report to the American people" on his trip, possibly in several radio talks. The second front issue will be one of the topics, he said.—Editor's Note.)

Family at Mt. Rainier Awaits Major Fight

Maj. Richard T. Knight, revealed at Minneapolis yesterday to have been the pilot on Wendell Willkie's flight around the world, lives at 4300 Russell Avenue, Mount Rainier, Md., where, last night, Mrs. Knight and their young daughter, Carol Ann, were looking forward to his return today.

Major Knight, then a captain, was awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross at Bolling Field here last May 18 for "extraordinary achievement" in connection with the ferrying of bombers overseas. Formerly of Lubbock, Tex., he was on duty at Langley Field, Va., before being assigned to Bolling Field.

President Orders Termination of New Deal Agency

President Roosevelt yesterday ordered the termination of one of his New Deal agencies, the Electric Home and Farm Authority, which has become a war casualty.

The agency was set up to finance the distribution and sale of electric and gas appliances, but, said the President, shortly after the war it became apparent that there would be no materials for such equipment and, therefore, no need for financing. EHFA was transferred to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation for liquidation and administration.

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Crewman Describes Attack on Cruiser Sunk by Japs

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 13.—(P).—"The Astoria was shot so full of holes she looked like a punchboard and the fire that raged through her was so hot you actually could see through the metal."

Lyle Davis, 20, first-class seaman, bounced his 19-month-old baby on his knee as he told today of the battle in which the Astoria, a United States heavy cruiser, was sunk in the battle for the Solomon Islands last month. He is home on furlough.

"I was plenty scared. I didn't think I was going to get out of it alive and I still don't see how I ever did—just luck, I guess," he said.

The Astoria was drawn up in the channel between Guadalcanal and Tulagi, he recalled.

"We had been laying a lot of steel into Guadalcanal to help cover the landing of Marines," he related.

"Japanese seaplanes suddenly flew over and dropped a lot of flares and lit up like Broadway. You could have read a newspaper."

"The Japs then started throwing shells into us."

"One of the early shells got the No. 1 gun turret. I have been a gunner in that same turret up until ten days before. I don't think any of the boys operating the three guns knew what hit them."

"The repair crew was doing everything we could to put out the fires. We got them fairly well under control below decks when another shell blew out our No. 1 fire room and after that we couldn't get any water. The pumps were knocked out."

Because of the possibility the vessel was the same one hit Sunday morning, the Navy made claim to only one cruiser damaged by plane attacks.

At least 6 Ships Sunk

The communique listed the Jap "minimum" losses in the sea battle and air attacks as follows:

"One heavy cruiser sunk."

"One cruiser badly damaged and out of action."

"Four destroyers sunk."

"One medium-sized transport sunk."

"One destroyer probably sunk."

The heavy cruiser sunk was said to be of either the Atago or Nats class. Both types are 850-foot craft, mount ten 8-inch guns, and carry four planes. The Atago and its sister ships, Takao, Maya and Toyaki, launched in 1930-31, are 9850-ton ships, while the four ships of the Nats class—the Nats, Myoko, Asagaro and Haguro—are 10,000-tonners, launched in 1927-28.

The Jap transport sunk, a 5,000-ton craft, almost certainly was loaded with troops when sent to the bottom. It was headed toward Guadalcanal with reinforcements when attacked.

Biggest scare, he declared, was when a destroyer came toward his raft with machine guns blazing.

"We first thought it was a Jap ship and figured out time was about up. Boy, were we glad to discover it was an American ship shooting at the sharks."

Davis was picked up by a destroyer after nine hours on the raft.

New Speed Regulator Developed by Firestone

Akron, Ohio, Oct. 13 (P).—A new, low-cost speed regulator which easily can be attached to any car soon will be placed on the market, the Firestone Tire & Rubber Company announced today.

The announcement said:

"Heretofore car operators have found speed governors too expensive and driving with them difficult because of limited power in emergency situations. On open road driving without automatic speed control it has also been difficult to keep speeds below a specified limit without constant attention being focused on the speedometer. One of the new regulators Firestone has been developing will remove these objections and serve to keep the patriotic driver within the desired 35-mile limit."

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When Seeing Double Is a Fact...



LEFT TO RIGHT?—This is a photo where the left to right means little or nothing and the right to left ditto. The identical girl twins are Lee and Lyn Wilde, who sang with Bob Crosby's band before entering the movies. They are 18 years old, hail from East St. Louis, Ill., and once won a national dual identity contest. The boys are the Leaver twins, Richard and Robert, aircraft employees, of Los Angeles, who hope to join the Marines

U. S. Sinks 6 Jap Ships in New Solomons Battle

NAVY, from Page 1.

sea battle Saturday night or by the planes Sunday morning is not known.

Because of the possibility the vessel was the same one hit Sunday morning, the Navy made claim to only one cruiser damaged by plane attacks.

At least 6 Ships Sunk

The communique listed the Jap "minimum" losses in the sea battle and air attacks as follows:

"One heavy cruiser sunk."

"One cruiser badly damaged and out of action."

"Four destroyers sunk."

"One medium-sized transport sunk."

"One destroyer probably sunk."

The heavy cruiser sunk was said to be of either the Atago or Nats class. Both types are 850-foot craft, mount ten 8-inch guns, and carry four planes. The Atago and its sister ships, Takao, Maya and Toyaki, launched in 1930-31, are 9850-ton ships, while the four ships of the Nats class—the Nats, Myoko, Asagaro and Haguro—are 10,000-tonners, launched in 1927-28.

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she was down by the bow. Minor damage was done to the other cruiser. Three seaplanes which attempted to fight off the Marine attack were destroyed.

Japs Lose 260 Planes

That afternoon Navy and Marine Corps search planes bombed enemy antiaircraft batteries and strafed Jap seaplanes on the water at the enemy base at Rekata Bay.

On Saturday, four waves of Jap seaplanes totaling 25 bombers and 30 fighters made an unsuccessful attempt to bomb our base on Guadalcanal.

American Army, Navy and Marine

Corps fighters intercepted them and forced the Jap bombers to drop their deadly cargo in an open field.

Eight Jap bombers and four Zero fighters were destroyed, while two United States fighters were shot down.

The latest action in the Solomons raises the enemy's losses to eight ships sunk, three probably sunk and 37 damaged. His plane losses are 260. Known American ship casualties in the campaign are ten ships sunk, plus "several" ships damaged. Our plane losses have not been announced but are considerably less than Japan's.

4 Missionaries Slain by Japs On Guadalcanal

London (Wednesday), Oct. 14 (P).—Four Marxist missionaries, two priests and two sisters, were slain by Japanese soldiers on Guadalcanal Island in the Solomons, the British disclosed today. All four were bayoneted in the throat.

The victims were Father Arthur Duhamel, 34, Boston; Father Henry Englerink, 33, Utrecht, Netherlands, and Sisters Sylvia and Odatya, believed to be from France.

SPECIAL NOTICES

COMPTOMETRY

and all other calculators—Marchant, Monroe, Friden, Burroughs, Sharp—EAST course. TOUCH TYPING Free with course. Train new for Government and private positions. NEED hundreds of operators. New Classes—Start Monday.

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SIZES 39 to 48

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4% Mortgage Money Long Term Dwellings—Apartments Business Properties Moore & Hill Co. Since 1900 804 17th St. Metropolitan 4100 Wm. A. Hill

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Navy Air Chief Believes Japs May Lack Planes

Rear Admiral John S. McCain, new chief of the Navy Bureau of Aeronautics, said yesterday that there are indications that the Japs are running short of planes in their concentration of power in the Solomons.

Just back from a command in the Southwest Pacific, the new bureau chief declared that "we'll hold the Solomons and expand."

The evidence that the enemy is running short of planes in the Solomons, he said, is that they are using some very obsolete craft and some brand-new planes apparently rushed to the Southwest Pacific from the homeland.

Surprising Appearance

Telling of a Jap Zero and a W. bomber shot down recently over the Guadalcanal airbase, McCain said:

"The appearance of those planes was surprising. No rust around at all. The lacquer on the inside of the wing looked as though it might have been applied yesterday, and the rubber baskets in the joints of the fuselage of the bomber looked as though it might have just come out of cold storage."

This would mean, he said, that the planes had not been long off the assembly line and might indicate that the enemy is getting short planes. "He added that he 'wouldn't count on it—if I was down there.'"

Admiral McCain revealed that during the period August 21 to September 17, American fighter planes shot down 133 Jap planes over Guadalcanal, losing 25 of our craft in the air battles.

Tax Conferees Due To Convene Today

Who's to Blame? Small Plants Shown Scant Attention

By the Associated Press
Chairman Murray (Democrat) of Montana asserted last night that testimony before the Senate Small Business Committee indicated that procurement officials of the armed forces had failed to utilize small plants fully in the war effort and his group would undertake "to place the blame where it belongs."

To that end, Senator Murray, at the instance of Senator Killender (Democrat) of Louisiana summoned Comdr. F. P. Delahanty and Lieut. Comdr. S. W. Donogh of the Navy's Bureau of Supplies and Accounts for questioning tomorrow. Specifically, Murray said, the committee wanted to know about a recent Navy order placing the entire production of ready-made officers' uniforms of all ranks in the hands of two civilian manufacturers—Cohen Goldman of New York and Joseph & Feiss of Cleveland, Ohio.

War Casualties

Stanley J. Cummings of New York, executive secretary of the National Association of Uniform Manufacturers, told the committee a group complained to Commander Delahanty about being cut off from some of the business and were told simply that they were "war casualties." He cited the case of a manufacturer who had contracts to supply uniforms for the Norfolk, Va. area but was compelled to cease the work October 1.

Murray's announcement followed a committee session at which witnesses complained that Government "paper work" and the procurement system of the Army, Navy and Maritime Commission had combined to prevent "full mobilization" of the small plants.

Mayor LaGuardia of New York, declaring he sometimes thought the typewriter and carbon paper were "the curse of civilization," offered to send to Washington some "dollar-a-year" men who would really get tough about the problem of distributing war contracts quicker.

Cause of Delays

LaGuardia said that delay in putting small New York factories to work on war contracts was caused by such paper work as investigations, reports and diagrams. At the same time, Russ Nixon, Washington representative of the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America (C. I. O.), asserted that Donald M. Nelson, War Production Board chairman, "lacked the guts" to take war contract jurisdiction from the Army and Navy, which, with the Maritime Commission, he said, were operating with "outmoded procurement policies."

Nixon said the service agencies play "a cute trick" on Nelson by making him the "goat" for public criticism of production failures, when he has no authority over procurement and only recently gained "even an uncertain authority over raw material allocation."

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WHITE FOX ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET

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BLACK DIAMOND—Seminole

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House Group Spends Another Day on Bill Studying Changes

House conferees on the tax bill yesterday passed another full day studying Senate changes in the war revenue measure before joining Senate conferees in expected acceptance of all major tax increases.

House sales tax advocates meanwhile indicated their support of the Senate's 5 per cent "victory" tax on individuals, only as a revenue "stopgap" until comprehensive sales tax legislation can be considered.

"It is too late now to raise that much revenue (three and a half billion dollars) by any other means than the victory tax," said Representative A. Willis Robertson (Democrat) of Virginia. "But a 5 per cent retail sales tax would be more fair and just to all individuals."

Substitution Later

Robertson, a member of the House Ways and Means Committee, said he did not see any reason why acceptance now of the 5 per cent gross income tax could not be followed by substitution of "a more equitable" sales tax in the next tax bill.

Across the Capitol, Chairman George of the Senate Finance Committee, told reporters that the Treasury must be prepared to accept a retail tax if it wants to raise revenues above the eight-billion dollar net total of the Senate bill.

House conferees, who have taken no formal action before meeting with their State colleagues for the first time today, are expected to accept the Senate's "victory" levy as well as the Senate's corporate tax schedule.

Capital Gains Compromise

But the House group was expected to insist on several provisions of its own bill, notably on continuation of a modified form of the capital-stock tax and the declared value excess profits tax which the Senate voted to repeal.

On capital gains tax changes, the House group may accept a compromise between the six-month "holding period" asked by the Senate and the 15-month period set by the House.

Tanker in Tow 5 Days, Lost as Gasoline Ignites

A West Coast Port, Oct. 13 (AP).—Another epic of the Navy, the story of a five-day, heartbreaking fight to bring a torpedoed tanker into port, was told here today.

Three officers and 11 enlisted men made the fight, whistling and singing, knowing well that a chance spark could ignite the fumes of high octane gasoline that enveloped the hulk. The fight went on for five days. On the sixth, as the crew watched from the deck of an escort vessel, the fumes did ignite, and the hulk went to the bottom in flames.

Lieut. Comdr. W. R. Brust, who commanded the crew, told the story after bringing the crew, some of whom had never been on the water before, back to their base.

"They walked into the face of death, whistling and singing—what a crew!" Commander Brust said.

Southeast Business Men

Elimination of the 2-cent transfer charge between District buses and those of the Washington, Marlboro and Annapolis bus line was approved Monday night by the Southeast Business Men's Association.

The proposal of dropping the transfer charge is now under consideration by the Public Utilities Commission.

The association also went on record urging that all auxiliary policemen be permitted to carry firearms after they have been properly instructed in their use.

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8 Years Old, 86 Proof, 100% Scotch Whiskies

GOLD COAST VERMOUTH

Pearl of America's Vermouths... 18%

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Nazi Saboteurs Buried in Potter's Field



SEPARATED FROM THE REST—Unpainted wooden boards (left) mark the graves in Potter's Field of the six Nazi saboteurs who were executed at the District jail August 8. Only identification on the markers are numbers ranging from 276 to 281. The plot in which the bodies of the enemy agents are buried is separated from the graveyard at Blue Plains by a fence, which, ironically, is of the type called "antisabotage fence"

By Linton Burkett

Post Staff Writer

Beyond the pale, even in death, the six Nazi saboteurs executed here lie buried "beyond the fence" in a pauper's cemetery at Blue Plains, D. C.

Six wooden headboards, one already slightly askew, mark six low, raw mounds of clay. They bear simply the numerals, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281. With that exception their yellow wood is unmarked with paint.

On the other side of the wire fence in Potter's field are the graves of the unknown, or unwanted, who died in the District. White headboards mark their graves. Their burial lot is high with weeds and grass, their last resting place obviously untended.

But, ostracized even in this poor

company, the graves of the six Nazis lie in barren ground. A few straggling tufts of grass, discouraged and thin, are trying to grow there.

And between the two is the wire fence, over which not even death could take the men who sought to betray the country that had befriended some of them.

Yesterday the rain made a soggy mess of the soft dirt. Yesterday a cold wet wind moaned dimly through the scrub trees at the burial plot. In the distance a cow moored softly. Dead winter grass—overhead dripping skies—below six men ironically unconscious of the contempt in which they are held even in death.

Grave Number 276 is reputed to contain the body of Edward John Kerling, leader of the group of

four agents who landed from a U-boat in Florida to try to wreck American war industry plants.

The others are reputed to contain the bodies of Herbert Hans Haupt, Richard Quirin, Werner Thiel, Hermann Otto Neubauer and Heinrich Harm Heinicke, in the order named.

The men were first taken to the Walter Reed Hospital morgue after their execution August 8 in the District jail. Later they were taken to the lonely Potter's field. Even their names are still kept from the Health Department records, although the numbers of their graves are listed, with the name space still blank.

Names of those on the right side of the fence are preserved in District records—if they were known.

UMW Contract Demands Put In Final Form

By John Frye

Associated Press Staff Writer

Cincinnati, Oct. 13.—The scale committee of the United Mine Workers put finishing touches to-day on initial wage demands for the next two-year contract with operators and there were indications the figures might not be too bad.

Members declined comment as President John L. Lewis led them into session during a recess in the U. M. W.'s thirty-seventh convention, and Lewis himself gave no hint, either on the wage scale or the probable answer to Secretary of the Interior Harold Ickes' request for a longer work-week for coal miners.

However, semiofficial gossip was that the desired wage scale would turn out to be "moderate" when presented to the convention, probably tomorrow morning. The present contract expires March 31.

The convention itself spent the morning finishing up the biennial constitutional revision, the most important change giving the U. M. W. a district 50 general organizational powers.

Today's change dropped from District 50's title the Gas, By-product Coke and Chemical Workers, making it simply District 50, United Mine Workers.

A possible task for District 50 was proposed immediately in a resolution offering by the Kaycee, Alberta, local, urging a drive among unorganized metal workers in Canada. The resolution was referred to the executive board.

The long-distance quarrel between Lewis and Van A. Bittner, former president of U. M. W. District 17 and now assistant president of the C. I. O.'s United Steel Workers of America, flared again.

Lewis announced that Secretary-Treasurer Thomas Kennedy had received a telegram questioning Lewis' statement last week that Bittner was asked to resign as district president.

Lewis declared that Bittner had to decide between the U. M. W. and the steel workers' unit of the C. I. O., from which the U. M. W. withdrew last week.

WLB Denies \$1-a-Day Increase To 115,000 Ford Employees

The War Labor Board yesterday completed the stabilization of wage rates in the automobile industry by flatly turning down the demand of 115,000 employees of the Ford Motor Co. for a \$1-a-day wage increase.

The action—taken by a unanimous vote—followed previous orders by WLB increasing the wages of workers employed by General Motors and Chrysler 4 cents an hour.

All three actions resulted from strict application of WLB's "little steel" wage stabilization formula which permits wages to rise 15 per cent above January, 1941, levels. In the case of Ford, WLB found that the workers had received wage increases of more than 25 per cent during the interval.

The request for a \$1 a day wage increase was made of all three firms by the C. I. O. United Automobile Workers of America. A formal opinion explaining the board's action in the Ford case is being prepared by Public Member Wayne L. Morse for release shortly.

At the same time, WLB acted to standardize vacation clauses among the three manufacturers by giving Ford workers with less than five years experience a week's vacation a year, and those with more than five years experience two weeks.

The Ford case was certified to Turkey and Lobster Newburg

Brazilian Princess Married to Duke

Rio de Janeiro, Oct. 13 (AP).—Brazil's first royal wedding in 80 years was held today. Duarte Nuno, 35-year-old duke of Braganca and pretender to the defunct throne of Portugal, was married at the Portuguese embassy to the 28-year-old Brazilian Princess Maria Francisca, granddaughter of Brazil's last emperor, Pedro II.

Seven Brazilian princes attended the ceremony.

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A.F.L. Backs Overall U. S. Strategy Board

Union Convention Also Favors Centralization Of Procurement Responsibility in WPB Chief

By the Associated Press

Toronto, Ontario, Oct. 13.—The American Federation of Labor convention approved recommendations today for the creation of an overall board of military and civilian strategy in the United States Government, centralization of responsibility for all procurement in the chairman of the War Production Board, a grant of full authority over wages to the War Labor Board, and administration of all rationing by the director of Economic Stabilization.

The recommendations were brought in by the resolutions committee in the form of reports which the convention approved without discussion or dissent.

Discussing the proposed overall board, the report said centralization of military procurement was basic for planning contract allocation and that civilians, while willing to make sacrifices, wanted to be sure their contributions were utilized efficiently.

"We therefore, said the report, 'further recommend an overall board of military and civilian strategy to decide as between military and civilian uses, upon procurement policies which affect the

fundamental structure of our economy, and similar overall policies which concern prosecution of the war, our foreign and domestic policies, and the policies to be followed by all operating agencies."

The President would create the board with the Vice President as chairman. Other members would be the Secretaries of War and Navy, Director of Economic Stabilization, the Director of War Transportation, and the Food Administrator. The Secretary of Agriculture would be appointed Food Administrator under the recommendation.

The chairman of WPB, with all responsibility for procurement, would "in reality be the administrator of war supplies for the armed forces."

The report on the War Labor Board implied that the director of Economic Stabilization, now James F. Byrnes, should not have veto power over the board's wage policies. "Coordination," said the report, "will not get the same result as streamlined authority."

The committee, however, would administer rationing directly from Byrnes' office instead of in the Office of Price Administration.

Reception Marks Formal Opening Of Day Nursery

The formal opening of the volunteers of America nursery, Washington's first free day nursery for the children of working mothers, will be marked by a reception this afternoon from 4 to 6 p. m. at the nursery home, 1525 Sixteenth Street Northwest.

The District advisory board of the Volunteers will act as hosts at the ceremony, the first opportunity the general public has had to see the new nursery. It has been in operation about two weeks under the supervision of Maj. and Mrs. Walter O. Uirey, local commanders of the Volunteers.

After the reception the board members and nursery committee visitors will be taken on a tour of the nursery, where more than a score of children are given care from 7 in the morning to 7 at night.

WLB last June with continuation of a union shop and checkoff agreement at issue along with wages. The union shop and checkoff issue was settled without resort to a formal board order, by voluntary negotiations.

Both the union security and wage provisions will be incorporated in a collective bargaining contract between the union and the company. The contract will serve as the successor to a contract which expired last June. That contract was the first ever signed by Ford and the union and provided as its basic wage principle that Ford would pay wages equal to or higher than those of any of his competitors.

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DRAFT, from Page 1.

deferring students as a class, but endorsed the remainder of the Gurney-Wadsworth bill, warning that to meet the Army's need for men it would be necessary either to start calling 'teen-age boys, or begin to induct men with families.

Secretary Stimson and Gen. George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff and other officers, were called to meet with the House committee. Gen. Marshall, General Hershey and Lieut. Gen. J. T. McNaney, deputy chief of staff, were summoned as first witnesses before the Senate committee.

Heart Is Scrapped

Santa Cruz, Calif. (U.P.)—Mrs. Russell Rice really has put her heart into the war effort. Mrs. Rice donated a steel heart about 10 inches across which her husband had made and presented to her during his courtship.

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Wide World Photo
GIBSON

JUDY GIBSON
was a vaudeville star at 13 and a burlesque queen at 16. She's in Hollywood now at 19 and wants to stop taking off clothing and start putting on prestige. The red-haired Judy was born Marcia Griffin in Denver. Her career as a contract player at one studio languished because, they say, she looked too much like Veronica Lake. She's moved to another lot and is cast as a coed in a forthcoming picture.

By the Associated Press

Monday Knerr notified the Milwaukee Town Hall he would be unable to appear there for a scheduled speech because Stimson had ordered him "to refrain from all

MANPOWER, from Page 1.

understandings about manpower. Harper stated that the "main difficulty" with the manpower program thus far was the lack of an adequate organization to carry out announced policies. A good part of the field organization will be complete within a few weeks, enabling WMC to function better, he said.

Gas on Stomach

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A black and white illustration of a man from the chest up, wearing a tuxedo with a bow tie. He is looking slightly to the right. The illustration is positioned to the right of the 'FOR RENT' sign and above the 'M. STEIN & CO.' text.

hannover

FOOD, from Page 1.

forcing down prices. It was expected, for example, that the department might attempt to support sagging markets by making food purchases for its own account. Foods thus acquired might be

HOUSING, from Page L

now on, with the result that the housing picture here is becoming "steadily brighter."

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It was emphasized, however, that

Colonel Hugh Knerr in the discussion of the place of air power were cited as examples of the trend.

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LANSBURGH'S—Men's Shop—Street Floor

House Votes to Kill Poll Tax For All Federal Elections

Vote Is 252-84;
Similar Measure
Now Before Senate

By Robert C. Albright

Over the bitter protests of its Southern membership, the House last night by a 252-to-84 roll call vote approved legislation outlawing the poll tax as a requirement for voting or registering to vote in federal elections.

Tempestuous attacks on the measure from the Dixie contingent and blunt threats of a break in party loyalties of the traditionally Democratic "Solid South," failed to halt the 3-to-1 bipartisan stampede of Northern and Western members for passage.

Hint of Filibuster

The bill was sped to the Senate where it will encounter another wall of Southern opposition and a possible filibuster. Leaders conceded there was no probability of clearing the Senate in time for the November elections. Opponents predicted "a discussion of Constitutional issues" that may block enactment this session.

As the long-pigeonholed bill won through to House passage, the National Committee to Abolish the Poll Tax estimated it would enfranchise "ten million Negro and white Americans." The association demanded that the Senate act so the poll tax can be abolished "in the next two weeks."

Recent action waiving poll tax restrictions on any members of the armed forces paved the way for consideration of the bill, sponsored by the late Representative Geyer (Democrat) of California.

The Geyer bill, and a companion measure pending before the Senate Judiciary Committee makes it unlawful "to require the payment of a poll tax as a prerequisite for voting or registering to vote, at any election for a President or Vice President or Presidential elector or Senator or member of the House of Representatives."

Colmer Voices Warning

It was Representative Colmer (Democrat) of Mississippi who warned Northern Democratic colleagues from "doubtful" states that they "can no longer count on us in lean years of the party's prosperity."

"If you are going to deny our people the right to control their political and social matters which are so peculiarly our own, there is little if anything left in the South as grounds for support of that party," declared Colmer.

Chairman Sumners (Democrat), Texas, of the House Judiciary Committee called the measure unconstitutional and termed the disenfranchisement argument "a lot of

Senator's Daughter in Films



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

STARRING MIMI CHANDLER—A career as a motion picture actress will begin next month for Mimi Chandler, 16-year-old daughter of the Senator from Kentucky. She has been signed to a contract by Paramount and is shown in this picture from her successful screen test.

rot." He said the legislation was inspired by "pressure groups."

Representative Mitchell (Democrat) of Illinois, only Negro member of the House, took the floor for the bill, urging Congress to end the poll tax as an instrument "to disenfranchise the Negro voters in the Southern States."

Opposed by Two Governors

Two Southern Governors—Gov. Richard M. Jefferies of South Carolina and Gov. Frank M. Dixon of Alabama—meanwhile appeared before a Senate Judiciary subcommittee in opposition to a companion bill by Senator Pepper (Democrat) of Florida.

Governor Jefferies denied anyone was disenfranchised by the South Carolina poll tax and said Congress should "quit trying to meddle in the affairs of the individual States and devote your energies to winning the war."

Governor Dixon called the bill "simply part of the general scheme of pressure groups and social re-

formers to abolish the Federal-State relationship . . . to secure a concentration of all governmental power in Washington, where it may be more easily swayed to their pet schemes of social reform."

P-C. A. to Resume Clarksburg Service

Pennsylvania-Central Airlines will resume service to Clarksburg, W. Va., beginning tomorrow.

One trip daily in each direction is scheduled between Washington and Clarksburg via Pittsburgh. The departure from Washington is at 1:25 p. m., with arrival in Clarksburg at 4:40 p. m. The return plane from Clarksburg at 12:50 p. m. arrives in Washington at 3:38 p. m.

Smuts Reaches England

London, Oct. 13 (AP)—Prime Minister Jan Christiaan Smuts of South Africa has arrived in London for war talks.

Aussie Troops Take New Guinea Pass

General MacArthur's Headquarters, Australia, Oct. 13 (AP)—Australian troops have gained control of the mile-high pass where central New Guinea supply trails cross the Owen Stanley Mountains, and their offensive which drove the Japanese from the southern slopes advanced slightly after a week's comparative inactivity, front reports said tonight.

The Australians had paused to strengthen supply lines, but light skirmishing was reported Monday along trails in the summit area, and a spokesman indicated the Australians made some progress.

Jap Admiral Lost Face But No Time

Wilmington, Del., Oct. 13 (AP)—One Jap admiral lost more than "face" when the Marines landed on Guadalcanal. Lieut. John E. Flaherty today wrote his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Flaherty:

"The Japs left their breakfasts half eaten, and I saw an admiral jump head first through the wall of his grass hut, dressed only in his underwear."

'It's an Art,' 3 Dancers Wail As Strip-Tease Is Curbed

By the Associated Press

Los Angeles, Oct. 13.—Three attractive blondes and one brunet barged in on the police commission today to protest, they said, the stringent regulations which curtail the strip-tease art.

"It is an art," said Marie Wilson, blondest of the blondes. "It even has a name: Ecdysiast, from the Greek, meaning to peel or unfold."

The banners the girls carried read: "L. A. censor unfair," "home morale needs ecdysiasts" and "they got me covered."

The commissioners fled in a body, but Investigator H. F. Lorenson stood his ground.

The blondest of the blondes, Marie, went into her act. She took off her taffeta blouse, her red corduroy skirt. She stood in full ecdysiastical glory of black lace panties and brassiere.

Lorenson backed away. The girls had a tag line. In union, they recited:

"Our boys are fighting for American womanhood—why can't they see what they're fighting for?"

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Child Dies in Fire

Baltimore, Oct. 13 (AP)—Fire swept through a store-home on South Hanover Street last night,

fatally burning Sandra Sue Richards, 2, as she slept in her crib. Two other children and two men received minor burns.

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Wednesday, October 14, 1942

Bob Davis

Bob Davis, globe-trotting editor and author who died the other day in Montreal, was probably the last person in the world to be concerned about his own epitaph. He got much too big a kick out of life to care a fig for posthumous tribute, particularly of the literary variety. Nevertheless, there is an appropriate epitaph at hand. It was coined more than a decade ago when he was singled out as "the most lovable figure in American literature today." This was tribute indeed, but Bob deserved it. For a generation he served as a friendly counsel to aspiring authors, many of whom, later famous, helped to establish the pattern of contemporary fiction.

Then, when most men would have been thinking about retiring, Bob set off on a series of journeys to cover the world in his own inimitable fashion. It was the kind of assignment journalists dream about and the net result, so far as the reading public was concerned, was a string of delightfully informal newspaper columns and books about people and places, but mostly about Bob Davis himself. It was not, nor was it intended to be, great creative writing. But it made many more friends for Bob in every quarter of the globe. This, he used to say, was more important than anything else—more important even than his notable photographic work and his justly famed culinary contributions. Bearing in mind Bob's rare capacity for genuine friendship, far be it from us to take issue with his estimate of what was really important.

Aliens, Not Enemies

On Columbus Day Attorney General Biddle announced that beginning on October 19 Italian aliens in this country will no longer be classified as alien enemies and be subject to the restraints and restrictions which, since the outbreak of the war, have been imposed on that group. This decision will be generally applauded. This country is at war with Italy, but it is not at war with the Italian people, who are today as much a conquered folk as are all the peoples of all other lands ruled by Quislings and overrun by the Nazis. Furthermore the Italians in our midst have shown by their conduct that we have nothing to fear from them. Far from harboring any desire to interfere with or impede or sabotage our war effort, they are anxious to assist it so that Italy, too, may get rid of the blight of totalitarianism. To be sure, the bars will not be let down in all cases. That would be foolish. As the Attorney General points out, the new regulations do not mean that "dangerous or disloyal persons are no longer subject to apprehension or internment. We will still take no chances." That goes without saying.

Hitler's Timetable

In his Sportsplatz speech on September 30, Adolf Hitler assured the German people that Stalingrad would fall. "You may depend on it," he said, flatly. Stalingrad had then held out so much longer than the Nazis ever imagined that the Russian resistance had put a serious crimp in the German army's timetable. This fact alone—aside from the upsetting of past predictions—should have made Hitler hesitant about indulging in prognostication. That he was "idiotic" enough to go ahead and promise the Germans that Stalingrad would be taken suggests, therefore, that he believed this time he was gambling on a certainty.

Yet once again, it would now appear, events have falsified Hitler's most confident beliefs. Not only is Stalingrad still holding out two weeks after the Fuehrer said it was certain to fall, but there are mounting indications that the Wehrmacht would like to and may ultimately write off Stalingrad as a bad job, just as happened in the case of the assault on Moscow a year ago. German losses in men and material at Stalingrad have been considerable. The necessity of concentrating a large force on the Stalingrad sector has inhibited large-scale operations elsewhere. And, last but not least, the great delay in calling off the dogs may find large numbers of German soldiers facing the Russian winter at points removed from easily defensible centers. Why is it that the Nazis persevere in the face of these handicaps? The reason doubtless is that Hitler's prestige is now definitely involved in this Stalingrad battle and its outcome. That, at any rate, seems

the only explanation why, after a three-day lull, fighting at Stalingrad has been resumed. However, the operations are on a much smaller scale than heretofore. So, for this year at least, Hitler may have to swallow his words again about Stalingrad.

Manpower

Those who have been talking about a shortage of manpower are just as wide of the mark as those who used to talk about a shortage of steel. Steel was not short. It was being hoarded and wasted and misdirected. Much the same trouble is back of the current scare about a so-called shortage of manpower. We are therefore glad that the President, in his radio address on Monday, scotched the new alibi. "It is not," he said, "that we do not have enough people in this country to do the job. The problem is to have the right numbers of the right people in the right places at the right time."

Unfortunately such an admirable text has not hitherto been the guiding principle in our war-making. The ideal age bracket for military service lies between 18 and 30. Yet our Selective Service law relieves of military service everybody below 20. No nation now at war has been able to afford such a luxury. For the 'teen-agers are needed not only quantitatively but also because they happen to be the best qualitative material for soldiering in modern war. The result of our own tardiness in tapping this pool of manpower is that we have been compelled to draw increasingly upon men over 35. Actually such inductees are quite as likely to be a liability as an asset. And that is not a theory but the lesson of our experience with Selective Service. Hospital facilities and the energies of doctors and nurses are being taxed by the strain of looking after some of these inductees. It would thus have aided the war effort rather than retarded that effort if there had been less of a rush to induct them.

The President now says that it will be necessary to lower the present minimum age limit for Selective Service from 20 down to 18. There has never been any doubt about it. This country has never been able to go through a war without having to tap the 'teen-agers. How much more necessary is such a draft in a war requiring the total mobilization of our manpower wisely! It is sometimes argued that such a draft will mean the sending of boys of 18 to the battlefield. That is untrue. It takes at least a year to make a soldier. The need to call up this age bracket for training, in point of fact, is precisely to make sure that soldiers too young and untrained might not be called upon to man our battle lines.

This misdirection of manpower, of course, arises also out of vocational maldistribution. Farm hands who go to the factories may not be adding to the war effort. They may, indeed, be subtracting from it. Similarly a man who is now at work in a vital war plant or in a copper mine is surely of more use where he is than in the armed forces. Yet hemorrhages from both farm and factory are reported increasingly. Moreover, there is waste as well as misdirection of our human resources. It begins here in Washington, where, according to the Civil Service Commission, a hoarding of labor has attended the rapid growth of our wartime bureaucracy. The same waste is evident in industry. One illustration is the maintenance of "feather-bedding" on the railroads, a work-spreading device which keeps out of the war effort many thousands of men who could be more usefully employed elsewhere. Another example occurs in the coal mines. A 35-hour week is worked in the coal mines, despite the facts that the Nation is faced with a fuel shortage, and the mines are running at only 70 per cent capacity.

The President on Monday seemed to be preparing the way for a national service act to supplement the Selective Service Act. But he was extremely guarded in his approach. "It may be," he said, "that all of our volunteer effort . . . however well intentioned and well administered, will not suffice to solve the problem. In that case we shall have to adopt new legislation. If this is necessary, I do not believe that the American people will shrink from it." But the Manpower Commission was set up six months ago for precisely that purpose. And its mandate was a recognition that we could not have "the right numbers of the right people in the right places at the right time" by relying on voluntary action. If that was true then, it is doubly true today. For it was by leaving the distribution of manpower to voluntary action that the problem of manpower has become, in the President's word, "formidable." It can be resolved only by applying some allocation system under authority of law to our human resources.

Question Of Taste

As to the astonishing "open letter" which the editors of *Life* have addressed "without apology" to the people of a friendly power now allied with us in a great war, we shall confine ourselves to a single passage: "You think of us as rather practical—the dollar lovers, the makers of automobiles, the engineers. Well, we are practical. But you can't understand us at all unless you realize how much principles mean to us. We fought you on principles in the first place. . . ." (The italics are *Life's*.)

Now in the same issue of the magazine there is another, unrelated, item which offers a rather illuminating commentary on this question of principles. It concerns a strip-tease artist named Dorothy Parkinson, who, in a war of totalities, was doing in New York a well-nigh total strip-tease exhibition in the interests of the preservation of Christian civilization. The lady appeared in a musical comedy revue, called "New Priorities of 1942," clad masochistically in ingeniously contrived

sprays of United States war stamps. These were removed one by one and auctioned to the highest bidders until the lady was left with nothing but a breech cloth inscribed "Buy War Bonds."

Hearing of this, Treasury Department officials promptly exerted pressure to have the act at first modified and then withdrawn. But neither this nor the disgust of the New York dramatic critics at this travesty of patriotism dissuaded the highly principled editors of *Life* from presenting this week a sequence of nine photographs (of the modified version) to their highly principled readers.

Navy Losses

It is quite apparent now that Admiral King knew what he was talking about when he warned, shortly after the beginning of the Solomons action last August, that considerable losses must be expected. For the revelation that three of our heavy cruisers went down August 9 during a gun and torpedo clash with the enemy is, to say the least, bad news. That it is made public more than two months after the actual event does not soften the blow. The sinkings constitute a serious whittling down of our naval strength in the Pacific, though the Navy is careful to point out that appropriate replacements have been made.

For some time past we have been deriving comfort from the fact that the Japanese carrier and cruiser complement has been depleted by American offensive action. There is now no sensible alternative but to recognize the depletion of our own strength in the same category. It is, to be sure, depletion in lesser degree, for our carrier and cruiser losses have not been nearly as great as the Japanese losses, as is shown in the subsequent announcements of heavy inroads in the Japanese navy in the current action in the Solomons. But our losses have, nevertheless, made much more difficult the business of adequate dispositions for task operations.

A partial accounting to date makes it clear that in the continuing action in the Solomons we have lost four heavy cruisers (including the Australian *Canberra*), one large transport and three smaller ones, two destroyers, plus an unknown number of ships damaged sufficiently to require withdrawal for repair. This was, no doubt, inevitable in a hazardous operation of this kind, as can be seen from the Navy's description of the kind of job the screening forces were obliged to undertake. Perhaps, when the history of the Pacific war is written, it will appear that our losses in and around the Solomons were not excessive in the light of the overall importance of the objective attained.

But we have only begun the job of rolling back the enemy. If it is the Navy's determined policy to continue the rolling-back process from one enemy stronghold to another, further considerable losses seem inevitable. For the closer we approach the Japanese homeland, the tougher the opposition is bound to become. In this circumstance the determinant will be not so much our willingness, of which there can be no question, as our ability to pay the heavy price of advance. Perhaps it may be decided to lengthen the spaces between those strongholds of our enemy which it seems necessary to the Navy to reduce before reaching Japan.

An Old Theme

What the President had to say about "typewriter strategists" in his radio talk on Monday night was a variation on an old and familiar theme. Seldom in his press conferences of late months has he failed to chide the armchair critics or the amateur strategists. It is a curious refrain to harp upon in a democratic society, and it may be of some interest to the psychologists. Granted that the typewriter strategists "are not in possession of much information about the facts or problems of military operations." Yet that would only invalidate unofficial comment on actual tactics. Strategy is something else again, especially since wars have become total; that is to say, when the workshop is as vital a part of a modern conflict as the battlefield and every civilian is a soldier, even if he is not in uniform. That makes strategy a problem in public policy, and as such criticizable. Even the greatest military authority, Von Clausewitz, recognized that. Since war is a matter of state policy carried on by violent means, he said, the state should plainly tell the soldiers what it wanted done. It follows that if the state is a democracy, then the citizens should tell the government. This exercise in elementary citizenship, however, and the phenomenon is not pleasant to note.

GATHERING RAIN

Low in the sultry night
the air is choked on the ground—
an air of frozen trees and mistle grass
unsubdued by one disturbing sound.
I lie here in the dark
like the trees under the long cool spread,
like the rocks, like the tiny thread
of grass on the hidden bill.
Together we wait for the sticks of rain to come
and strike us like a drum.

Out of it all—my room, and the earth's room,
the long dark's length,
it is gathering, gathering, gathering,
a brightness growing into strength . . .
And then from far on distant fields,
the roar, the wash of waves,
the tumbling, leaping wave of rain,
a amber striking at our shields,
flinging a heavy branch of sound
until the world is all one stamping roll,
and I, too, shake with the ground.

DANIEL SMYTHE

Boomerang!



Letters To The Editor

President Is Right

The President may have been wrong 10,000 times or more. But the President is right now. You can't goad America to victory by pessimistic talk. The daily columnists, the radio commentators and other calamity prophets are wrong.

They have the wrong phraseology, the wrong psychology, the wrong dope. They keep saying over and over again—"America can lose, America is losing this war." America is confident of victory. America will never believe that pessimistic dope. But America is neither pig-headed nor overconfident; she knows the difficulties which confront her and is ready to meet them.

America understands that her pessimistic dopesters are only trying to say what has been better said many times:

"We have only begun to fight."

"Damn the torpedoes, full steam ahead."

"No sacrifice is too great for liberty, for victory, not even the 40-hour week, farm parity, business as usual or everyday pleasures."

America is ready to go. It is up to the commander to say when and where.

HENRY E. COLTON.

Nashville, Oct. 7.

Five-Day Week

I have a heavy steel frying pan which has become warped by heat. On account of the shortage of metal goods, I thought that I should have it repaired if possible. I telephoned to a nearby repair shop and found out that they were closed because the law requires 50 per cent additional pay for all time above 40 hours per week. For this reason these men are working only five days per week.

We have been told repeatedly by high Government officials that our country is imperiled by a shortage of skilled workers. Some have even said that partly for that reason we are losing the war, and yet these skilled workers are working only five days per week. No wonder our soldiers, sailors and flyers who are fighting and dying are asking themselves if we at home really know that we are at war—or care.

EMITA D. SMITH.

Washington, Oct. 11.

For Willie

Every now and then some individual either out of malice or partisanship takes a crack at Wendell Wilkie. If he hasn't a predicate for his verbal assault on Mr. Wilkie he makes one in its entirety or fabricates it by misquoting Mr. Wilkie.

Mr. Wilkie is not only the outstanding man of this age, though a private citizen, but is the staunchest apostle of human freedom. His Americanism is based on the American Bill of Rights and is unimpaired. An analysis of his utterances as a candidate for the Presidency shows clearly his adherence to that Americanism which was born here and which was incorporated in the first ten amendments to the American Constitution.

This is no time for partisan criticism of men who are devoting their talents and dedicating their lives to the way of the American Government which will not perish from this earth.

T. H. MCGREGOR.

All communication must carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. In fairness to other correspondents, letters should be held to 300 words. Letters are subject to condensation.

Irish Protest

Referring to article in *The Post* September 28, the Roman Catholic Cardinal MacCarthy of Armagh, Ireland, seems to be exasperated by the presence of American and British troops in Ireland, that are there to protect Ireland. From the experience of the last World War there might be another reason. The cardinal talks about the rights of small nations. Who is guaranteeing the rights of Poland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark and others? Would Ireland expect any better treatment?

As a descendant of Irish ancestry in Armagh of more than 200 years, I am deeply ashamed of it now. The Irish in America have cause to wonder if the cardinal is expressing the sentiment of Ireland. Knowing the ability of the priests to speak and heaven be damned, there is little doubt that he really expresses the sentiments of the Irish. Yet when we think of the history of Ireland, and that they tried to kill a cardinal in the last World War, we have reason to believe there might be something to it.

The cardinal talks about the flagrant and intolerant injustice against Catholics doomed to live under the narrow dominion of the Belfast Parliament. Ireland never could and never will be able to fully govern itself. No two Irishmen ever agreed on anything.

How about the Protestants in Spain? Intolerable conditions imposed by Catholics. No sale of Bibles, no Protestant Church services—closing of all Protestant churches. How about South America and Central America—Catholics protesting the preaching of the Gospel by Protestant churches?

ONCE AN IRISH CATHOLIC, NOW AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT.

Washington, Oct. 5.

Victory Tax

Although the Senate has approved the 5 per cent victory tax on gross earnings over \$24 a year for all salaried individuals, no explanation has been made as to how this victory tax is to be applied to the earnings of those who are employed on a straight commission basis, and who personally pay all their business expenses out of the commissions they earn.

In the case of traveling salesmen who pay their own traveling and such other expenses necessary to their business, a tax imposed on gross earnings would be drastic discrimination. Their modus operandi is entirely different from the individual receiving a regular fixed salary or wages every week or month.

With the proposed increase to 15 per cent tax on railroad and bus fares, it apparently means that commission salesmen will actually be paying 20 per cent if that clause is approved, and the same increase in tax assessments will apply on all business expenses they incur, unless it is definitely made clear that the victory 5 per cent tax is to apply only on their gross net earnings. That is, their gross earnings after their costs of doing business and the \$24 has been deducted.

Our local newspapers state there will be an Administration drive to send the new tax bill to the President before November 3 elections, but that some legislators wish to delay the "bad news" of increased taxation until after the voters have passed upon the bids of many members for reelection to Congress.

I wonder if these reluctant legislators realize what might happen if the commission-paid workers of the Nation should decide that their representatives had been remiss in safeguarding their interests by failing to have a complete and clear explanation of the victory tax clause given to the newspapers, stating how it would be imposed on the employees in that category. What a negative chorus they could form to the political aspirations of these vote seekers. HARRY W. REILLY.

Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 10.

Up The Potomac

Yesterday while sailing up the Potomac River, about 2 miles from Key Bridge upstream, on the left side, I noticed an old building housing a boiler and other equipment. The building and all the equipment are rusty and look as if they had not been used for several years. The following items can be found there:

1. A fire tube boiler about 20 feet by 6 feet of 34-inch steel plate weighing probably about 10 tons.
2. A smaller boiler weighing about 5 tons.
3. Two tanks, all rusty, 10 feet by 6 feet by 6 feet.
4. Quantity of 2-inch and 1-inch pipe (a few hundred feet at least).
5. Quarry tripod weighing 300 pounds.
6. Building itself is of corrugated iron.

The building and equipment are only about 20 feet away from the bank of the river. There should be at least 50,000 pounds of scrap in this easily accessible spot.

If you think you will need help in finding the spot, I shall be glad to take you over in my rowboat.

POLLY MITCHELL.

Washington, Oct. 12.

The Post Impressionist

How Is Mother Getting Along?

This is a story of a son who sent his mother back to college. It is an unusual situation but a most delightful one, I assure you. I know because I was that mother. My son graduated from Annapolis during the forbidding days of June '40. War was raging in Europe. Hitler was marching on, on and on. Poland, Denmark, Holland, Belgium and lastly France had succumbed. This new class about to be commissioned faced facts clearly and squarely. Even then two years before our entrance into war, it seemed to realize that the blow must come sooner than we anticipated. Nearly the entire class had orders to the Pacific Fleet. This was an unprecedented thing and presaged the evil days that were to come. We parents were deeply concerned. It looked like war. For me, it meant the first long separation from my boy. It meant long and anxious days of waiting for letters and gnawing loneliness.

My son sensed this and before he left to join his ship, he approached me with a gift. "Mom, how would you like to go back to school this year?" I had been threatening to return to the university for many years but as the years rolled on and as my life became so involved in raising my son and daughter, the idea became an idle threat. Bringing up Navy children who become afflicted with all the good and evil of changing educational systems, as in Annapolis from Manila to Sikeston, from Panama to Hawaii and Washington to California is certainly no easy task. It is a full-time job but I loved it.

I like to think that that bright September morning of registration—the two of us, my daughter and I entering the university together, 2 of the 12,000 marching up the steps of learning. What a contrast we presented! She, elated and thrilled with the new adventure, I fearful with doubting qualms and the inferiority complexes of middle age. At last I got through the long line of registrants and signed up for public speaking I. All my life I have held forth vocally and have thoroughly enjoyed that very special prerogative that is nearly exclusively claimed by the feminine population of the world to ask our own members of Congress. I have talked for a long time. In fact, I began back in the later "gay nineties." So my freshman curriculum consisted of one subject, public speaking, three hours a week. There ended my course.

The first meeting of the new class called me with utter confusion. The George Washington University is an urban institution, and its students dress rather conservatively. The young men are very correct in business suits and the co-eds go in for sweaters, saddles and socks. What was my middle-age hat doing in such young company? Beside it, the only middle-age hat in the room. Eye took me in. What did they see? A halo of white hair, a little plea in my eyes that they would accept me, and a determination that age is no barrier to an "A" grade. The professor, I know, just sighed and noted mentally that probably I wouldn't last many meetings. So he called me with utter resignation, and subconsciously crossed me off his roll. I sprang him, too—middle-age, good-looking, that always helps, gracious but definitely a university professor. Would he think I was an intrusion in this class of youngsters? I began to think that I had made a mistake in ever assuming that I could pick up the threads where I had left off these many years ago. That first meeting was a long hour.

My first speech, like all informal "first" speeches in a speech class, was to introduce myself to my classmates. I have always talked so much about my family that I was at a loss to tell very much about myself. In fact, my family are so much a part of me and I am so much a part of them that I couldn't draw the line of demarcation. That dreaded first sentence, that first indelible impression, just stuck in my throat. Would it ever come out? Then it seemed that my son stood beside me and whispered in my ear, "Mom, since when couldn't you talk? Up and at 'em, Mom. The old tear-jerking punch. You can be convincing when you want to be. I know."

I looked over that class of 50 young faces. I saw 50 youngsters like my own. I lost my shyness. Words came easily. The class liked me. They liked my daughter and son through my word pictures. They enjoyed with me my experiences in the service. They were fascinated with the story of a Christmas I had aboard a submarine, 34 feet under water. The tree in the torpedo compartment, gifts for the crew, turkey and all the trimmings. Intrigued them. I talked my allotted time and retired with a sense of triumph to my seat in the back of the room.

Someone started clapping and it rolled like a wave over the whole room. The professor looked back at me and smiled. The semester ended most satisfactorily. It brought with it the great new avenue of adventure and the discovery of latent possibilities that I hadn't known existed. What fun it was to go back to college again, minus socks, sweaters and saddles, of course, but definitely forgetting the middle-age hat. What is this return to "The Hall of Learning" that makes one forget middle-age hats? Learning with youth sheds the years and makes one young again. Is this age difference of the college student and that of his parent a handicap in the classroom? I found it a challenge to the parent to instill respect in his child that one is capable of learning at any age. BETTY WOODALL HILSEMEIER.

Size Of The Army

By Ernest K. Lindley

How Big Should It Be?

THE SIZE of the American armed forces is at the heart of the manpower question which has been coming to the surface at various points during the last several months. The more equipment and supplies we send to our Allies, the less we have for our own armed forces. And it may well be that the more we produce for our Allies, the less we will need for our armed forces.

Or to state it somewhat differently, the greater the number of trained and well-equipped men our Allies can put on the fighting fronts, it may be that the less large our own armed forces need be. However, this simplification may be misleading. For much depends on when and how the equipment is used. It could be used on half a dozen fronts without achieving decisive results, but at such a rate that it would become impossible to build up a great offensive striking force. The manpower question is tied up directly with basic problems of military strategy.

Our fighting Allies have clamored continually for more equipment than we have sent them. Ever since Pearl Harbor, and to some extent before that, there have been lively tussles over the allocation of American-produced war equipment and supplies. Our Army has wanted the equipment for its own use, while our Allies on the fighting fronts have had the persuasive argument that they needed it and could put it to use at once. And since Pearl Harbor, similar problems have arisen in our own Army as between the demands of the various fronts where American forces are active and the needs of the Army in training at home.

IT WOULD BE an obvious misdirection of energy to build up an American Army which would have to remain immobilized indefinitely in the United States for lack of shipping. This would be justifiable only on the supposition that our outer defenses, including Great Britain, were about as crumbly. In the summer of 1940 such a catastrophe seemed altogether too probable. The Army which we began to train then was generally regarded as a defensive force—a substitute for the second-ocean Navy which

would require several years to build.

Although the British stood off the Nazi air assault they were committed by circumstances to an essentially defensive war. They did not have the manpower to consider, even a direct assault on Germany. They were compelled to rely chiefly on blockade, the effectiveness of which was weakened as the Nazi domain expanded. They set about to supplement that by the creation of a great bomber force. Like the blockade, bombing wears down the enemy's economic strength.

On the ground, the British, being small in numbers, dared to fight only on the periphery of the Nazi domain, where transportation difficulties prevented the Germans from using more than a small part of their immense army. The British alone could not hope to beat the main German army in the field.

The invasion of Russia of course vastly improved the picture, but still did not provide a force capable of beating the main German armies in the field. Such a force did not become visible until the United States entered the war. It became possible to plan seriously to storm Europe from the west, using the United Kingdom as a base. But such an assault army must be highly trained, which means that it must have its equipment, or most of it, many months before it goes into action.

GERMANY appears to be growing somewhat weaker, as a result of losses on the Russian front, and of the bombings of German and French industrial centers. If the air enthusiasts are right, Germany can be worn down to the point that the Anglo-American ground forces based on the British Isles could go onto the continent as little more than an army of occupation.

But the air enthusiasts may be wrong, or even if they might be right in the long run, the risk of relying on this method alone might be deemed too great. So the equipment and training of an assault army in the United States becomes a sensible precaution, even if not all of it will be needed to crush the Nazis and the Japs.

At the same time, it seems short-sighted not to take the full advantage possible of the manpower which our Allies have and are willing and eager to put on the fighting fronts.

The Once Over

By H. I. Phillips

Old Metal Drive

That good old copper kettle
My mother used so long . . .
It now will fight the Axis
And on it ring the gong:
The frying pan she cooked in
Has now gone forth to war
Where it will do some cooking
It's never done before.

II
Farewell, my third string teapot!
You're out for victory;
And what you will be boiling
For Hitler won't be tea;
A thing so calm and placid—
So plain and so mundane—
Whoever dreamed you'd ever
Help out some bombing plane!

III
Flatiron so prosaic—
To war you'll now make tracks—
The shirts that you will iron
Will be on Axis backs;
You now join freedom's battle—
I know you've got the stuff;
Henceforth no one will tell you
You are not HOT ENOUGH!

IV
Old iron bed, get ready!
You're just a fine antique
But here's your chance, old timer,
If you here's glamour seek:
This job is down your alley—
A rendezvous you'll keep;
In some new form and model
You'll put some Japs to sleep.

V
Come rake, come hoe, come shovel
The Axis you must mace;
And you will look so pretty
Smack in the Fuehrer's face.
Lawnmower, long you've served me,
But fighting is the style
So go and clip the Japsies
On distant Kiska Isle!

VI
And, iron fence so ancient,
Around the old estate;
At you I blow the bugle—
And you won't hesitate;
You merely kept out chickens—
Now in the war perhaps
You'll keep out Nazi madmen
And keep out wild-eyed Japs.

VII
Come, bumpers from my flivver
You've found a better job—
To help a valiant doughboy
Or airman or a gub;
You've been a kind protector
In many a little wreck;
But you'll seem even better
Wrapped 'round an Axis neck!

VIII
Farewell, perambulator!
You've been our joy and pride.
But soon you will be taking
Some adults for a ride;
It seems that I can vision
(Oh, how my fancy spins!)
Adolf and Tojo in you—
The world's most screwball twins.

Off The Record

By Ed Reed



"It's nice having someone in pants around here—even if it's only me."

Crown Companies

By Janet R. Keith

Control In Canada

INCREASING Government control of industry in Canada is rapidly becoming accepted as a necessary part of total war. When governments regulate prices, dictate wages and allot raw materials every company is in a sense a "government company." But it has been Canada's experience that in certain types of war enterprises government control is not enough. In order to surmount special problems of war production, supply, purchasing and administration, the Canadian government has found it necessary to "go into business" itself on a large scale.

Some 22 crown companies are now owned and operated by the Dominion Government. Carrying on such widely divergent activities as building cargo vessels, purchasing raw silk and increasing the production of airplane spruce, these companies have enabled Canada to get important war jobs done with maximum efficiency and minimum cost. At the same time they have utilized the experience of many leading industrialists.

All crown companies are operated directly under the Department of Munitions and Supply. Each company has its own separate management, with a president, a board of directors and a general manager, who function just as they would in a private business. Financial arrangements governing the operation of the companies are submitted to and approved by the privy council. Accounts are audited by the auditor general of Canada. The companies operate on a non-profit basis, all directors serving without remuneration. There are no head offices at Ottawa.

PROOF THAT these companies have been operating efficiently lies in the fact that there has been little or no criticism of their work, either in or out of Parliament. Socialists may find in them a strong argument that government ownership of productive enterprises can achieve outstanding success. Certainly they are a significant experiment and may well serve as models for similar projects in the post-war world.

Allied War Supplies Corporation, one of the largest crown companies, administers on behalf of the Canadian and British governments explosives, chemical and ammunition-filling plants which are owned and financed by the government. Involving a capital expenditure of 125 million dollars, it now has 25 projects in production and 50,000 employees. Ten of the plants are turning out war chemicals, their most outstanding war achievement to date being the production of vast quantities of ammonium nitrate, a chemical production multiplied by 50 since the outbreak of war.

Rubber is purchased, stored and sold to Canadian war industries in accordance with their needs by Fairmont Co., Ltd. Through this crown company the government is also maintaining a reserve stock of crude rubber. Fairmont Ltd. buys in carload lots all the scrap rubber accumulated in Canada and controls the basic prices fixed for all scrap rubber articles sold for re-claim purposes.

THE CANADIAN Anson, a twin-engine advanced trainer, is in mass production under the administration of Federal Aircraft Ltd. Under the joint training plan it was originally intended that the United Kingdom would supply the fuselages for the Anson, and Canada would manufacture the other parts of the plane. However, it was learned in 1940 that there would be a delay of some months in getting necessary parts from Britain. So it was decided to manufacture the complete plane in Canada. A crown company, Federal Aircraft Ltd., was incorporated to coordinate the output of Anson parts and segregate this work from other aircraft production. Federal itself manufactures fuselages and awards contracts to other aircraft companies to make other parts of the plane.

Polymer Corporation Ltd. was incorporated early this year to manufacture synthetic rubber by a process known as "polymerization." The products, "buna S" rubber and "butyl" rubber, will be used for war purposes only. Production is expected to begin in 1943, with an estimated annual capacity of 34,000 long tons of buna-S rubber and 6500 long tons of butyl rubber.

Research Enterprises Ltd. provides facilities for the manufacture of secret war equipment developed by the National Research Council. It also produces optical glass, fire-control instruments, and electrical devices required by the armed forces. The company now has over 5000 employees and orders totaling tens of millions of dollars.

TO PROVIDE housing accommodation for munitions workers in congested communities, Wartime Housing Ltd. has already completed over 12,000 houses in cities from coast to coast. Staff houses, dining halls, even temporary school buildings have also been erected. Projects now completed or contemplated will bring the outlay for this housing program to nearly 50 million dollars.

Assuming responsibility for the production in Canada of metallic magnesium and other emergency projects that may be undertaken to produce war metals, Wartime Metals was incorporated this

Military Decision

By Mark Sullivan

Problem Of A Second Front

IN PRESIDENT Roosevelt's latest speech, his only allusion to a second front did not use the words "second front." He merely said, "Many major decisions of strategy have been made. One of them—on which we have all agreed—relates to the necessity of diverting enemy forces from Russia and China to other theaters of war."

SULLIVAN
An announcement of how these offensives are to be launched, and when, and where, cannot be broadcast over the radio at this time.

From the context of this passage, everyone could infer that Mr. Roosevelt's allusion to a second front would be the last, that public clamor about it would cease. But the clamorers are earnest and energetic. Within a few hours of Mr. Roosevelt's speech a street meeting in behalf of a second front—that is, a specific second front in Europe to help Russia—was held within a few blocks of the White House. Those who wish a second front, ingenious and persistent, will continue to find occasions for talk. One opportunity may be the arrival home of Mr. Wendell Willkie.

The statement of Mr. Willkie in Moscow, which encouraged second-fronters to agitate, was that we and Britain ought to establish "a second front in Europe at the earliest possible moment our military leaders will approve." Thus far Mr. Willkie's statement need not have excited acrimony—it conceded that decision about a second front was a matter for military leaders. But Mr. Willkie continued with a second sentence which practically denied his first: "And perhaps some of them will need some public prodding." This implied that the decision is not for the military leaders only, but that the public has a say.

THE AMERICAN military leaders who decide this and other questions of strategy are four men—Admirals Leahy and King, Generals Marshall and Arnold. They sit almost continuously. They devote their thought to winning an earth-wide war. We can be sure they take into account every military factor that has a bearing. But we can also be sure that they do not take Gallup polls of public opinion.

True, decision about a second front in Europe is not exclusively a military one, in the narrow sense. Our high command must take into account factors of public psychology and morale, ours

and that of our Allies. It is vital in our conduct of the war that Russia and all our Allies be kept alive and strong as fighting forces. It is peculiarly necessary that the Russian army be not destroyed as a fighting unit.

If, at any time during the past summer, there arose apparent danger that the Russian army might be destroyed, or that the morale of the Russian people might be undermined, or even that the personal confidence of Russian leaders might be weakened—in any of these contingencies, the high command of Britain and the United States might reasonably have decided to attempt a second front, even though it was a small and not sufficiently prepared one, even though its success were doubtful, even though it meant sacrifice of many men.

Whether such conditions existed last summer, calling for an even premature second front, our high command knew—they had the facts and bases for judgment not available to the public. Apparently they judged that such conditions did not exist. Assuming this was their judgment, their best course was the one they took—to postpone a second front in Europe until it could be made in such strength and with such preparedness as would give reasonable chance of success.

THE STATEMENT Mr. Willkie made in Moscow might have started criticism had it not been followed by one from the ordinarily silent Stalin. Stalin's outburst, seriously provocative, caused in Washington some uneasiness. He said: "Compared with the aid which the Soviet Union is giving to the Allies, by drawing upon itself the main force of the German Fascists, the aid of the Allies to the Soviet Union has so far been little effective." Only one thing is quired: That the Allies fulfill their obligations fully and on time.

That statement could have led to recrimination from us and Britain. Russia did not voluntarily "draw upon itself" the force of Hitler, nor voluntarily ally herself with us. Other points might be made. But the wise and understanding course for us is to bear in mind an essential difference of point of view about a second front between hard-pressed Russia and ourselves and Britain.

Russia desperately wants and needs a second front, at once—even if it means more than drawing some of Hitler's strength away from Russia. Our objective, on the other hand, is ultimate victory in an earth-wide war. Having that purpose, our better course has been to postpone a second front until it could be so well prepared as to have strong chance for success.

Ohio Farmers Challenge U. S. Wheat Control In High Court

By The Associated Press

Solicitor General Charles Fahy argued yesterday before the Supreme Court that Congress had constitutionally exercised its "power to control the total available supply of wheat, including that which is consumed on the farm."

Harry N. Routzahn, Dayton, Ohio, attorney, replied that "no government, State or Federal, can tell a man how much wheat he can produce on his farm for his own use."

These conflicting claims were made during arguments on the constitutionality of quota provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, challenged by a group of Montgomery County (Ohio) farmers.

Fahy contended that the theory of government advocated by Routzahn had "brought disaster to wheat growers and to the whole economy of the United States" before the passage of the act.

The solicitor general argued that the amount of wheat consumed on farms affected the total amount marketed and hence could be regulated by the Government.

Arguments were heard by the Supreme Court last term on the validity of the legislation authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to fix wheat quotas. A reargument then was ordered limited to whether the quota could constitutionally be applied to wheat consumed on the farm of the producer.

Fahy explained that the law provided that wheat produced in excess of quotas could not be marketed or used on the farm unless penalties were paid. This was the way he said, that the regulatory plan could be executed in a practical manner.

"The relationship between the year. Its first big undertaking was the construction of a six million-dollar plant for the extraction of metallic magnesium from dolomite.

Other Canadian crown companies are carrying on enterprises that affect every phase of the war effort: increasing the production of alloy steel, coordinating the procurement of machine tools, salvaging old cutting tools and gauges, utilizing the services of skilled refugees in the manufacture of essential commodities, purchasing the wool required for military contracts, building ships, producing rifles and bayonets. These unique corporations are proving a solution to many tricky problems of production and a permanent threat to bottlenecks of all kinds.

Axis Goals

By Paul Schubert

The Unknown Factors

FOR THE AXIS this is a war of expansion. Our enemies have made no secret of that fact. Germany and Japan, densely populated industrial nations, set out with brutal frankness toward the conquest of (1) essential raw materials needed for industrial and military self-sufficiency and (2) manpower to furnish not only crude labor but also markets for industrial products.

For Germany, the area to be dominated was Europe. For Japan, it was the Far East—a giant realm ultimately intended to include India, China and all of Oceania, including Australia and New Zealand.

Italy, which likewise considered itself a "have-not," fitted into the scheme as junior partner to Germany and as connecting link between Europe and the Far East.

The Axis plan of war envisioned putting through the necessary geographical expansion in a first-rush race against time. The Axis, having plotted the war carefully, began hostilities with a great superiority of offensive power. The limit on the time allotted to the Axis offensive was the time needed by the anti-Axis great powers—Britain, the United States, Russia and China—to build up military strength to a point at which the Axis could be met on an even basis.

IT WAS the Axis goal to attain geographical, material and military self-sufficiency within this time—to become so strong that it was possible to go over to the defensive and hold the conquered area against all comers for an indefinite period.

So far during the war the Axis campaigns have been carried out strictly according to plan. Germany and Japan, in swift moves of decisive conquest, have gone after areas of geographic strength, raw material wealth and population value.

The time allotted to this conquest has just about run out. Apart from theory, this fact is demonstrated by the gradual stabilization of the "fronts" in Russia and the Far East. The opening offensive is being held. Russia and China are still unbeaten. Britain has recovered from reverses that took the empire to the brink of disaster. The United States, awakened and converted to an all-out war economy, pours forth military potential.

News Agencies Praised for Truthfulness

By The Associated Press

London, Oct. 13.—In the years after Hitler the peoples of the world will need truth in the news as they have never needed it before "if they are to survive and to build well if they are to be guided by reason," said W. J. Haley, one of England's leading editors, tonight.

Haley, who plans to visit the United States next month, said, "among the biggest factors in keeping truth in the news are news agencies. My friend, Kent Cooper, head of the Associated Press of America, believes that a worldwide system of such free agencies, independent, impartial, reporting the news of their countries and of the world with no other motive than to supply the truth, can do much to ensure the permanence of peace."

"It isn't such a far-fetched idea. Remember that Hitler early decided that the surest way to retain control of the German people was to quarantine them from the world's news."

Advising leaders what they could do to help the cause of truth in news, Haley said: "For one thing you can judge the news; you can get into the habit of following those sources which experience proves to be not necessarily the most exciting or most pleasant, but the most reliable."

Roosevelt Ready On Lee Quotation

A newsmen yesterday asked President Roosevelt whether he was expecting press conference questions on his chiding of "type-writer strategists" in his Monday night speech.

Mr. Roosevelt said no, but, smiling broadly, added he thought there might be some questions about an observation in the speech that Gen. Robert E. Lee discovered that all the best Civil War generals apparently worked for newspapers instead of the Army.

Opened on his desk was Amalie Bradford's "Lee, the American," from which, he said, he had drawn his information about Lee. He read his quotation from the great Confederate leader:

"I have done the best I could in the field and have not succeeded as well as I could wish. I am willing to yield my place to these best generals and I will do my best for the cause editing a newspaper."

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other weakness is a certain inferiority in machine productive power. Japan is potentially a tremendous mass producer, but at this moment lacks the plant to compete on even output terms with Britain, America or Germany.

THERE IS one simple way in which the Axis defensive setup could be given a much greater degree of impregnability than is now possible, and that is by the joining of Japan, Italy and Germany—the break-through between the Mediterranean and the Indian Ocean, linking Japanese-held raw materials (including rubber, tin and oil) with German productive power.

A break-through campaign would, incidentally, have the effect of drawing British-American military strength out of the British Isles and out of Australia, relieving pressure alike on Germany's west front and on East Indies sore spots like the Solomons which are sources of strategic unease to Japan.

Hence, the quickest method of going over to a secure defensive may seem to the Axis to be one more offensive—an attempt at the Middle East break-through, with simultaneous action both from the European-African and from the Asiatic end.

The Germans obviously hope that whether they take Stalingrad or not, they can solve the oil problem, and can soon go over to the successful defensive—it is their plan to organize and hold the area now within their control, against simultaneous attacks from east and west.

If anything Russia's success in holding Stalingrad, which has served as a demonstration of the strength and effectiveness of the defensive methods of 1942, tends to confirm Germany's belief in the power of the defensive.

NEVERTHELESS there are several unknown factors that will affect the working out of this German plan. How strong will the United Nations offensive power in Western Europe be in the spring of 1943—perhaps it will be great enough to overcome the German defensive potential?

2. What will be the cumulative effect of the British-American attack out of the British Isles? 3. Can Germany lick the still untried oil problem? 4. Can Germany recover the air power superiority which the Reich once had but now seems to have lost?

At the Japanese end of the Axis, the raw material and population conquest seems to have been put through to a degree even greater than Germany has attained. Japan now has everything needed for self-sufficiency, including oil. Territorial and political expansion has been sufficient to set up a great empire, provided Japan can go over to the defensive and gain the time needed to organize and consolidate the gains.

There are two weaknesses in the Japanese setup. One is territorial—there are gaps in the Japanese strategic armor. The Solomon Islands form a most notable gap—and turn Australia into a potential mobilization point for American military power aimed at Japan. The

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New Rationing Setup Limits Car to 5 Tires

RATION, from Page 1.

every car rolling for essential purposes for the rest of the war.

Machinery to be set up soon.

Detailed machinery for carrying out all three steps is to be created shortly, OPA said.

New application blanks will be made available about October 27 throughout the country. In the unrationed area, registration will start in schoolhouses about November 9 and will go into effect November 22. By next January 31, every motorist in the country will have had his tires checked by a tire-inspection station at least once.

"Gasoline rationing now becomes an integral part of the machinery for keeping our essential rubber-transportation facilities running for the duration," Henderson said. "It is a vital part of the machinery because it will control the rate at which we are going to wear out tires. If that rate is held to the absolute minimum, we hope to be able to provide the tires and repairs needed to keep essential cars, trucks, and busses rolling."

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Malta Downs 47 Planes in 3 Days

MALTA, from Page 1.

Axis recently diverted its shipping further eastward, where Greek and Cretan ports were used.

But there the Axis ships ran into heavy attacks by the "Pink Elephant" long-range bombers of the United States Army Air Forces.

So observers concluded tonight that the renewed onslaught on Malta was still another attempt to remove that menace and use the shorter Mediterranean supply route between Sicily and Tripoli.

The Sunday-Monday total of enemy planes definitely destroyed was scored as 49, and of the 24 downed yesterday, a new record, 22 were destroyed during daylight hours.

These intensified Axis operations were accompanied by Berlin and Rome reports that the British were massing forces for a new attack in Egypt.

The German-controlled Paris radio renewed efforts to convince the French that an Anglo-American assault on the French African empire is imminent, presumably intended to pinch the Axis forces in North Africa from both east and west.

In the past heavy attacks on Malta usually came simultaneously with passage of Axis convoys across the central Mediterranean to Tripoli.

Rome also claimed three four-engine American bombers near Tobruk Monday.

Flying Fortresses yesterday made one probable hit and numerous near misses on a medium-sized Axis ship in Tobruk harbor. Medium bombers started "a particularly large" gasoline fire at Tobruk Sunday night, and other bombers reported a direct hit on an enemy destroyer 60 miles north of Derna. A sinking Italian merchantman was observed in the same vicinity.

Kelly Visits Stabbing Victim In Hospital

Oliver (Ollie) Smith, 35, auxiliary policeman and Washington Post composer, who was stabbed three times when he sought to quell a disturbance last week, was visited at Sibley Hospital yesterday by Maj. Edward J. Kelly, superintendent of police.

Though Smith is still too weak to be allowed visitors, Kelly was permitted to see him for a few minutes to compliment him for his courage and tenacity. Inspector Harvey G. Callahan and Capt. Robert J. Barrett accompanied Kelly.

Smith was stabbed in front of a beer parlor at First Street and Florida Avenue Northeast.

McKeldin Plans Talk at Rally

Upper Marlboro, Md., Oct. 13 (AP).—Theodore R. McKeldin, Republican gubernatorial candidate, is scheduled to speak tomorrow afternoon at a political rally in the Upper Marlboro Courthouse.

Other addresses will be delivered by Horace Whitworth, Republican candidate for attorney general; John Torvstad, candidate for the House of Representatives from the Fifth Congressional District, and county candidates.

A mass meeting is scheduled for the evening at the National Guard Armory in Hyattsville at which McKeldin and party will appear.

Ad Club Unit Meets Today

The first of a series of educational meetings by the Advertising Club of Washington will be held at 12:30 p. m. today at the Raleigh Hotel.

Beware Coughs That Hang On

Cremulsion relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel germ laden phlegm and soothe and soothe and soothe.

Get your pharmacist to sell you a bottle of Cremulsion with the understanding you need like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

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Postlude Sally West Commended For Facility

WASHINGTON MUSICAL INSTITUTE

presents Sally West in her Bachelor of Music recital on Monday night in Barker Hall. Program: Sonata in F major (Mozart), Prelude and Fugue in E minor, (Mendelssohn), Nocturne in C minor, Etude in C minor, Fantasia in F minor (Chopin), Concerto in C sharp minor (Bisnik-Korakov).

Already esteemed as a capable young pianist, Sally West gave a good account of her musicianship Monday evening in Barker Hall, where she played a recital in completion of the requirements for the degree of bachelor of music from Washington Musical Institute. Her program, under the circumstances more academic in feature than personal in choice, was noteworthy only for the inclusion of Rimski-Korsakov's rarely exhibited C-sharp minor concerto, in which she had the collaboration of Louis A. Peller at a second piano.

Rimski's development of this concerto, cast in one-movement form, is an interesting work not only for its compactness and integrated lyrical structure but also for its revelation of a phase in Rimski's development as a composer. The principal theme, strongly Slav in contour and mode, shadows his later preoccupation with the Oriental aspects of Russian music, while his treatment of it varies between a robust originality and a Chopinesque languor.

Miss West began with the F major sonata of Mozart, which she played more in the romantic than in the classical style, with tone color that the composer may have imagined, but could not evoke from the instrument of his time. This style proved more appropriate in Mendelssohn's E minor prelude and fugue. A Chopin group contained the C minor nocturne, the C minor etude and the F minor fantasia.

Operating a car without a speedometer is no longer a violation under the new changes but the station supervisor will be charged with keeping records on each vehicle with a speedometer that is defective, and advise the inspection office accordingly. The new ruling was announced because new speedometers are not being made and facilities for replacing old gauges are busy with war work.

The Department said that the new 35-mile an hour speed limit would provide the necessary safety factor in cars not using speedometers.

The various changes, according to the order, do not apply to vehicles licensed under the Public Utilities Commission of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and they will continue to operate under the rigid standards affecting such vehicles.

Clarified by the order was the

question of automobile owners disposing rubber floor mats to the scrap campaign. One of the changes suggests approval of any vehicle if the floor covering is in good condition and of a "suitable nonabsorbent material." It adds that a commercial vehicle need not "have a floor covering if the floor boards are snugly."

Only One Rear Light

The directive also permits the operation of a vehicle with one rear light if the car also has a stop light and a tail light. Formerly both rear lights were required.

All commercial vehicles, except vans, tractor-trailer combinations and PUC and ICC exemptions can now function with only one reflector as against the two formerly required.

Vehicles in which all doors can be fastened or controlled either by an inside or outside door handle will also be approved.

With an eye to conserving vital war material, the department directed that lack of rubber covering and chromium trim on running boards be sanctioned unless they are so heavily broken or rusted as to be hazardous. They also approved broken or distorted fenders as long as they do not obstruct headlight adjustments. The repair of fenders showing small breaks or tears is encouraged by the new code.

Shock Absorbers

Passenger cars using standard I-beam front axle assembly were assumed of approval with or without shock absorbers, but vehicles

carrying types of independent suspension will be required to have them.

Vehicles with headlight injection lower than 8000 beam candle power also will pass the inspection, as against the 4000 previously required. Also unnecessary under the new code are directional signals on commercial vehicles, with the exception of PUC and ICC licenses.

Any car with one windshield wiper instead of the regulation two is sure to clear the inspection, but the directive states that the one wiper must be on the driver's side.

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Motor Vehicle Inspection Rules Relaxed

Several mechanical requirements for the approval of cars and trucks in the District's annual motor-vehicle inspection were relaxed yesterday by the District Commission on Recommendation of William A. Van Duzer, director of the Department of Vehicles and Traffic.

According to the director, the various changes were advocated because of a shortage of materials and parts, and modification would not entail lowering of present safety standards. It was said, however, that the new standards were given by the engineers' department traffic committee, which, besides Mr. Van Duzer, includes Assistant Engineer Commissioner Joseph D. Arthur, Jr., and Highway Director H. C. Whitelaw.

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Calvert Distillers Corporation, New York City

New F. A. Chapter

Leonard, Md., Oct. 13 (AP).—The new Future Farmers of America chapter at the Calvert County High School is Kenneth Norman.

The other officers who will work with him are: secretary, Guy Hall; treasurer, Howard Bonifant; reporter, William Penner, and watch dog, Page Robinson.

7 P. M. Liquor Carlew Asked by Grand Jury

Snow Hill, Md., Oct. 13 (AP).—The Worcester County grand jury recommended that county-licensed liquor dispensing be closed at 7 p. m. each day instead of 11 p. m. and that the State Legislature pass a law to close all other liquor-selling establishments at 12:30 a. m.

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WASHINGTON, OCT. 14, 1942

This Morning

With Shirley Peech

There is some confusion now about the site of the Army-Navy football game. The Office of Defense Transportation may not look kindly on the fact that 43 special trains were put into service last year to take fans to the service game in Philadelphia. There is talk of moving the game to New York.

Why not Washington? If ever a contest of any type belongs to Washington, it is the Army-Navy football game. Here the game would be in its natural locale, amid the glitter that only Washington can provide. There would be no transportation problem. Washington's boasted population would buy out the park. Yearly there has been an exodus of 10,000 Washingtonians to the Philadelphia game. Washington could see it in its own backyard.

The Army-Navy game would take a financial rap, but that doesn't seem to be an important item. The Philadelphia Stadium seats 104,000 for the game compared to the 30,000 who could get into Griffith Stadium, but if one of the goals was to take the strain off the transportation system, that smaller crowd seems to be the answer.

Lieut. Col. Bill Jones, director of athletics at West Point, said the other day that he wasn't certain the game would be played in Philadelphia. "If the Office of Transportation asks us to move it, of course, we'll move it," he said. "We're willing to play it anywhere."

New York immediately put in a bid for the game, pointing out that it would impose no great burden on city transportation. Yankee Stadium on the subway could house 70,000 fans, or the Polo Grounds could accommodate 60,000. Besides, there was the disadvantage of playing in Philadelphia even after the fans got to that town. The big Philly stadium is a modified deeper jump from downtown, necessitating special bus and taxi service.

But New York doesn't seem to have as good a claim to the game as Washington despite its greater seating capacities. Here, in the Capital, the stadium is virtually downtown, within easy reach by streetcar. And the setting here, with its military and naval gold braid within easy call, would seem more fitting. Here is the fountain head of our war effort. The Naval and Military Academies playing in Washington would reflect it.

There has been no disposition to call off the Army-Navy game, even as last year's Rose Bowl game was canceled on the Pacific Coast. The Nation in the tenth month of war has not permitted itself to be panicked to the extent of stamping down on its traditional sports events. Last Saturday, crowds of 30,000 turned out for football. There were 30,000 at the Belmont races to watch Alab and Whirlaway. But the biggest crowd of the day was the 75,000 who were watching a soccer match in London where the war is now a three-year story.

Navy, whose turn it is to be the home team for the Army game, has given little thought to any transfer of the contest from Philadelphia. Captain Perry, Annapolis graduate-manager of athletics, said yesterday, "We are assuming that the game will be played in Philadelphia on November 28, where we originally scheduled it." He added, though, that any request from the ODT would, of course, be respected. Like Major Jones, Captain Perry declined. "We would play the game anywhere the Office of Defense Transportation asked."

Wherever the game is played, the evidence now is that it will be a heavyweight champion and made it stick. Tunney, incidentally, is the only man among 'em who married an heiress, which might have been helpful in making his resolve.

Since Jim Corbett, every man who has held the heavyweight championship has tried a come-back. Jim Corbett came out of retirement to get knocked out by Jack Johnson. After he lost the title to Willard, Johnson continued to fight for years. Willard said he was through after Dempsey beat him, but four years later he was still fighting. Dempsey tried a come-back six years after he lost the title to Tunney. Sharkey, Schmeling, Carnera and Max Baer didn't retire after losing their titles.

Joe would have felt the urge to come back to the ring, too, after the war, we think. He would have missed the big dough, in big jumps. And perhaps the addition, too. Only when those two items aren't forthcoming is the yearning for them the greater.

On the Line

With CONSIDINE

New York, Oct. 13.—Sports' around: Out of their armor collars are pouring a surprising number of Yankee fans who have all adjusted as a personal affront the letter printed here recently from a Brooklyn fan charging the Yankees with home-run baseball in the series. Our Brooklyn man, a Mr. Carver, also said "the Yankees have been converted for years."

Excerpts from rebuttal: "He's have to live in Brooklyn, to think like that." "I suppose only lack of time and space prevented Mr. Carver from developing the theory that the 1942 series proved that Babe Ruth really wasn't a home-run hitter and that Miller Huggins was a lousy manager." "All that guy proved was that he can write." "From 1936 through 1941 the Yankees played in five series, won 20 games and lost four for a percentage of .835. American League opposition may have been soft, but it was never that soft."

Lieut. Col. Bill Jones, West Point sports boss, tells us that he watched his boy play football for the first time recently. Young Lawrence Jones is a pitcher at the Point. His team was playing Fort Totten and had a lead, 9-6. But just at the wrong moment, Young Jones, playing center, turned one far over the head of the would-be kicker. It led to the other team's winning touchdowns and the boy was pretty decent after the game.

Bill tried to give him an out by saying, "Well, son, that opposing guard must have been putting a lot of pressure on you." The kid looked his old man in the eye and said, "No, he wasn't, dad. I did just two things wrong. I snapped the ball on the wrong signal and snapped it over my kicker's head." Made Bill feel mighty proud.

If California racing comes back fully, with its big purses, we expect Alab to go on and break the seemingly impenetrable winnings mark of Whirlaway. The Calumet Stable hasn't said so, but we suspect that Whirlaway will be retired at the end of this season. Calumet has a tremendous breeding establishment at Lexington, Ky., and is interested in perpetuating Whirlaway's strain. Alab, who has already won \$330,000, plus, with a chunk of his 3-year-old career left, probably will race on and on. He is "it" in Mr. Albert Sabath's one-horse stable. And certainly he is a glutton for punishment.

That was a grand place on Frank Siskewich, by Ed Hanforth, in the SEPOT. . . . Georgetown Univ. city's Rev. Father Kohn, R. J., came up with a fine idea when he offered a \$25 war bond to any fan who returned a football kicked into the stands at Georgetown games. It is a precedent which should be followed throughout the country. . . . A soldier writes me a V-letter all the way from Australia to tell me I'm a bum for saying Notre Dame has a good team.

Sammy Baugh personally has beaten the Philadelphia Eagles in that team's last three games against the Redskins. . . . Greasy Neale, Philly coach, believes the Redskins and Dodgers will battle it out for the division title to meet the Bears in this year's pro play-off. . . . Tulsa Tommy Thompson, Eagles' passing star, has sight in only one eye.

Clark Griffith does his new Washington Manager, Ozzie Bluege, a disservice by predicting he'll be "lousy." That's like Powell Crosley rushing his point to say that Bill McKechnie will be an umpire-baiter and fan-fighter next season. . . . Arthur Lupa, of Hartford, Conn., suggests that buckers be placed near the box-offices of movie houses and sports places, to catch the shower of pennies in change, for war relief.

We got some tough queries after the series. That old betting fool, A. bet B that the Cards would win four straight. Can A collect? Here's another: At a big defense plant the public address system roared "The score is tied 3-3 at the end of the eighth inning." That was in the second game. Bein came then made on the Yanks, but the bettors learned the next day that the Cards were leading 4-3, at the end of the eighth. What they pay off?

Danfino, do you?

Joe Louis' Creditors Will Force Him to Fight D. C. Elevens Hampered by Indoor Work

G. W. Squad Gets Boost In Morale

Colonials' Attitude Improves as Drills For Furman Go On; Hagerty Is Worried

Unable to do much practicing in his boots, Washington's collegiate gridmen went indoors yesterday and spent several hours running through plays and setting up defenses for rigorous engagements this weekend.

At Georgetown and Maryland, which are unbeaten and united in three games apiece this season, the tempo remained about the same. But at George Washington, loser of its first game to The Citadel last week, there was a noticeable change in the attitude of players as work for a Friday meeting with Furman here progressed.

From the despondent gang which came back from Charleston, S. C., a 14-2 victim because it lacked a little more punch, the Colonials were returning to the high-spirited club which walked over Western Maryland and Richmond. Coach Johnny Baker noticed the improvement, one he had expected from his youthful squad.

Another hopeful note was the fact that few serious injuries mark the squad. There are bruises aplenty, chief of which were on Jimmy Graham's leg and foot, but the only real damage noted was to Don McNary's hip. The towering end may miss much of the Furman clash, but his loss will be lessened by the return of Al Romano, senior wingman, to the fold.

Despite its limited squad of 22 players, Coach Baker anticipates a tough time stopping Furman's offense. In five years it has gone scoreless only three times.

Boys Coach Worries About His Offense

Georgetown's Coach Jack Hagerty also spent much of his afternoon indoors worrying about the offensive power of Saturday night's foe. Auburn's powerhouse relied on 254 yards from scrimmage to Florida's 145 last week, and although it didn't pick the final punch to put the ball over for a score, the figures indicate Georgetown's line will face a stiff test.

The Plainsmen just missed getting a tie with Florida, and maybe a win, when Clarence Perkins' pass rolled off Charley Finney's finger.

Lower Potomac Reported Full Of Trout, Rock

Leonardtown, Md., Oct. 13.—Here's good news for fishermen who like lower Potomac waters for their sport.

Judge Harry M. Jones, chief judge of the St. Mary's County Circuit Court, reported today the waters were teeming with millions of trout and rock.

"It's the first time in years I have seen the river so full of fish and anxious to be caught. There are plenty of fish for everyone who can find the time to go fishing and the weather is just right."

Judge Jones, an old Inak Walton fan, said fishermen trolling or using hand lines were landing not less than 20 fish and as many as 300 fish in a few hours. Their whoppers, too, trout running from 1 to 7 pounds and rock from 1 to 15 pounds.

'Nice, Sweet G. W., G. U., Terps,' Says Post Sports Editor

Fayetteville, Ark., Oct. 13.—Sports Editor Bob Wimberly of the Northwest Arkansas Times reported today that a group he described as members of the Arkansas football team shaved his head and dressed his arms and legs with oil of cloves last night. Wimberly said it was done in apparent resentment at comments he made on the team's extended losing streak.

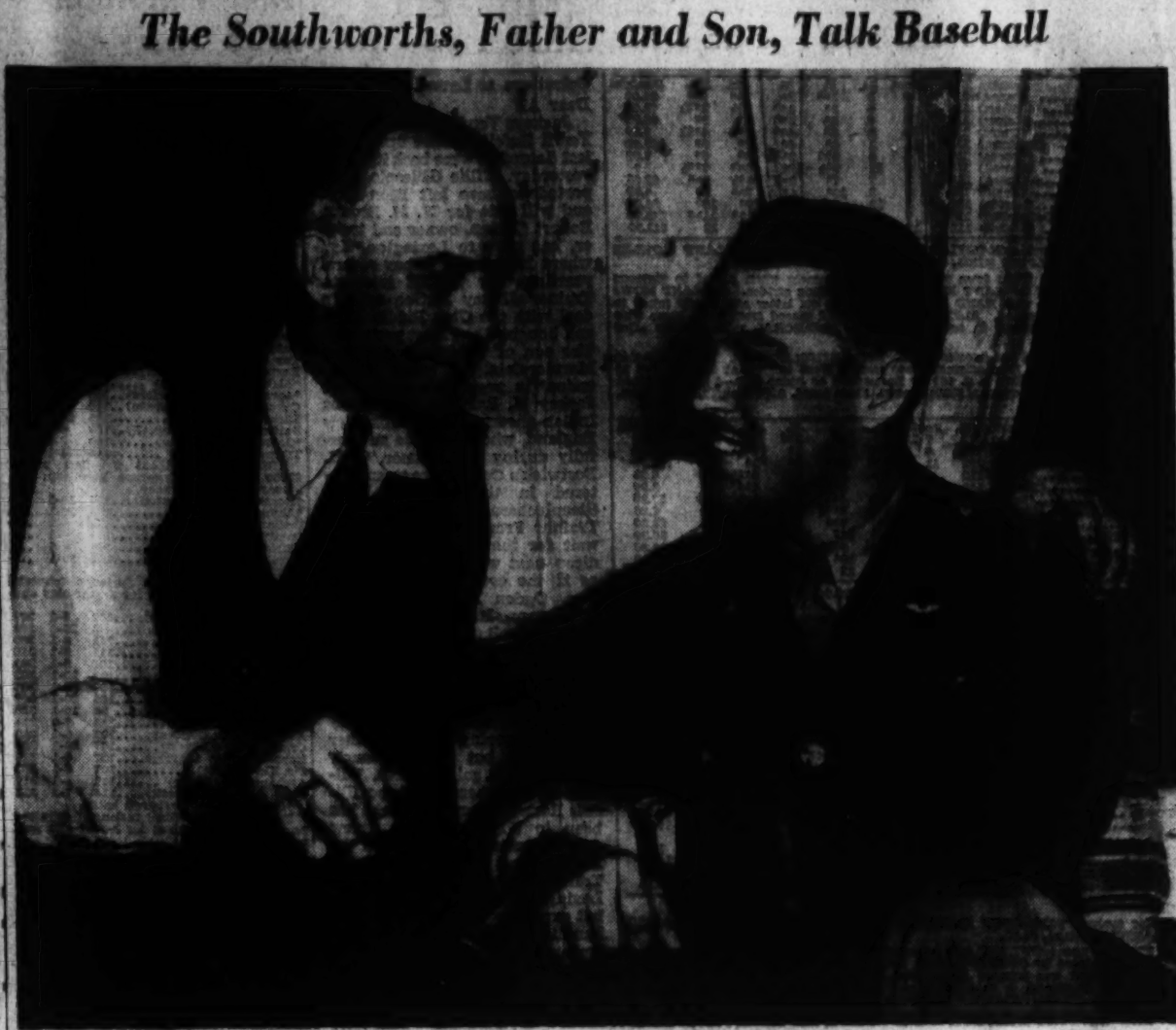
Arkansas lost its twelfth straight Southwest Conference game to Baylor here Saturday and Wimberly, a university student who serves as sports editor of the semi-weekly Arkansas Traveler, student publication, commented in the daily paper that the game looked like a contest for the conference cellar.

Wimberly said about 30 members of the squad participated in the "hazing" but added that he did not intend to press charges.

"I just hope they show the same determination of attack in their gridiron battle against the Texas Longhorns this week," he grinned.

Chalky Wright Wins By K. O. Over Cuebas

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 13 (AP).—Chalky Wright, 19½, world featherweight champion, tonight knocked out Carlos "No-No" Cuebas, 17, Puerto Rico, in the fourth round of a scheduled 10-round non-title bout here before 3,000 fans.



After leading the St. Louis Cardinals to the World Series crown, Manager Billy Southworth (left) is spending a few days with his homelike son in Bangor, Me. Lieutenant Billy, Jr., was a star minor league player before entering the air force.

Card Manager Sees Baseball 'Falling Off'

By the Associated Press

Bangor, Me., Oct. 13.—Billy Southworth, manager of the world champion St. Louis Cardinals, declared today his Cards would be right up there again in 1943 in a league in which the playing standards will be noticeably lower because of the drafting or enlistment of many stars.

Interviewed while visiting his son, Capt. Billy Southworth, Jr., of the Army air force, the St. Louis manager said he believed the league would be spread fairly evenly over the major league teams, so that the less expert play would be more apparent to the experts than to the average fan.

Southworth predicted the clubs would find enough replacements among the married or otherwise deferred players to fill all the vacancies caused by men being called to service, adding, "and the country wants baseball continued."

How about the Cards next year? Southworth said he didn't make predictions—and hadn't for a long time—but added that "my club will be another young ball club next year. We have plenty of replacements. We will be up there, but I do not dare say how far up."

Joe Wants One Fight at a Time



While the controversy about whether he has or has not quit the ring rages, Joe Louis yesterday stepped off a plane in Burbank, Calif., with the remark, "The only fighter I'm thinking about right now is in the Army." Sergeant Joe is on a two-week furlough.

Buck Coach Bemoans Team's No. 1 Rating

'We Have Been Put on the Spot, Says Brown; Ohio State Ranked Tops in Nation-Wide Poll'

By Fritz Howell

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 13.—"Kinda silly, isn't it?" That was Coach Paul E. Brown's reaction today as 91 sports writers, participating in the year's first Associated Press football poll, voted Ohio State's Bucks the No. 1 team in the land.

"Very definitely," Brown moaned, "we have been put on the spot. We have beaten three teams (Fort Knox, Indiana and Southern California) who, between them, have been able to win two and the one out of nine starts."

"If that makes us the best team in the country, then I guess we've it. But, so far as I can figure, the only way we're the top team is in attendance. In three games we've drawn 127,218 fans, but that doesn't mean a thing when it comes to making touchdowns."

Boys Are On Spot

The youthful mentor, just two years out of the high-school ranks, declared the top-flight designation would work a hardship on his boys. "Every coach we meet from now on will come here with tears in his eyes."

See OHIO, Page 12, Col. 3

MacPhail Resigns Board At Brooklyn

By the Associated Press

Brooklyn, Oct. 13.—The Brooklyn Baseball Club announced today that Lieut. Col. L. S. (Larry) MacPhail had added his resignation as a member of the board of directors to his previous withdrawal as president and general manager of the Dodgers.

The following statement, telephoned by MacPhail from Washington, was released without comment: "After I resigned as president I was asked by the board of directors to recommend plans, procedure and personnel for 1943. This I did."

"I also agreed at their request to continue temporarily, and without compensation of any kind, as a director. This I think was a mistake for many reasons."

"I have therefore asked that my resignation as a director be effective immediately."

James Mulvey, a vice president of the club and spokesman for the board of directors, said the resignation was received with deep regret but with the full knowledge of the pressure of MacPhail's Army duties and would be accepted.

He added the board had been giving consideration to applicants for the vacancy, but had reached no conclusions.

From the Bulletin Board:

Rickey Still Has Inside Track on Job at Brooklyn

By Paul Scheffels

United Press Staff Correspondent

New York, Oct. 13.—The first edition of baseball's off-season bulletin board:

Cardinals—Hot tip has Bill Walsingham, Jr., nephew of President Sam Breadon, or Eddie Dyer, manager of Columbus club, ready to replace Branch Rickey.

Yankees—To Jose Phil Rizzuto, Buddy Hasset, Bill Dickey, Red Ruffing, Joe Gordon and Alley Donald to the services. Red Rolfe goes to Yale as coach. Talk of a deal for former Cleveland First Baseman Hal Trosky.

Dodgers—No fresh angle on new front office man or manager. Branch Rickey still has inside track for MacPhail's old job and not until his appointment will be replaced by Leo Durocher be chosen if Leo quits for the Navy.

Red Sox—Only need another outfielder to replace Ted Williams. Giants—Manager Mel Ott bidding for some pitchers and a new third baseman and may get them from Jersey City farm club.

Browns—May not return to Florida next year for spring training.

Eastern Ice Loop Reduced To Eight Clubs

By the Associated Press

New York, Oct. 13.—By combining the strongest forces of New York's Metropolitan amateur league with the survivors of last year's circuit, the Eastern Amateur Hockey League again will operate as an eight-club outfit for the 1942-43 season. League President Tom Lockhart said today.

Four of last year's clubs have withdrawn from the Eastern League. In addition to River Vale, N. J., and Johnstown, Pa., which dropped out some time ago, the Baltimore Orioles and Washington Eagles were granted permission at a league meeting last Sunday to suspend operations for year because of transportation and player problems.

Philadelphia Gets Franchise

Atlantic City, which lost its home rink when the Army took over Convention Hall there, has shifted its operations to Philadelphia. The club will be known as the Philadelphia Falcons, and Peter Tyrrell, who ran Philadelphia's American League professional team last year, will serve as business manager. Redvers McKenzie again will coach the club.

Other clubs in the circuit will be the New York Rovers and Boston Olympics, both members last year; the Curtis Bay Cutters, representing the United States Coast Guard; the Manhattan Arrows, Jamaica, Hawks and Sands Point Tigers, former Metropolitan League teams; and the Army Torpedoes, sponsored by a Brooklyn manufacturing concern. The Coast Guard will play its home games in Baltimore.

The season will open at Philadelphia, October 31; Boston, November 13, and New York, November 14. It will close March 14. The schedule calls for Boston, The Rovers, Philadelphia and the Coast Guard to play six-game home-and-home series and for the former Met League clubs and the Army team to engage in similar series. Each, in turn, will play the members of the other group twice at home and twice away.

Likes His Easy Living

The world heavyweight champion has been lolling in the lap of luxury too long to decide all of a sudden that he wants to earn his money the hard way. Also, he couldn't earn enough. He likes his golf, his horses and his country estate near Detroit, not to mention fat pork chops and yellow pages, too, will be a treat.

See LOUIS, Page 12, Col. 1

Champion Still Owes \$217,000

U. S. Treasury Holds Income Tax Bill for \$117,000 in Addition To Other Obligations

By Edward W. Cochrane

International News Service Staff Writer

New York, Oct. 13.—Undoubtedly Sgt. Josephus Louis would like to retire from the ring when he is honorably discharged from Uncle Sam's Army after the war, but when he mentioned that he would like to quit, he overlooked one quite important item—his creditors.

The said creditors, with one exception, leaped to telephones like a pack of hungry hounds after a hunk of raw meat, when they heard the announcement, and changed the sergeant's mind before he had a chance to think twice. Yes sir, he'll fight—at least until said creditors are satisfied.

The one creditor who paid no attention to the remark by Louis that he was tired of the training grind and might be too old to fight after the war, is Uncle Sam, the gent for whom Josephus is shuffling along at the moment with a rifle on his shoulder and a pack on his back. Of course Uncle Sam doesn't care how Joe gets the \$117,000 he says he owes in income tax, just so he gets it.

Two Claim Some \$100,000

Mike Jacobs, promoter and the gent who actually guided Joe through his championship career, and John Ruxborough, one of Joe's two managers, are the creditors who pounced on Joe like a flock of flies on preserves at a church picnic.

You see, there has been some financial chatter in the public print the past few months. It would not look good to make that look like idle talk. Not in view of the fact that an attempt was made to get Uncle Sam to let Joe out of the Army long enough on one occasion to fight so he could get \$117,000 with which to pay income tax and again so he could collect about \$100,000 with which to pay Jacobs and Ruxborough amounts he admitted he owes them.

What About His Debt?

If he retires, just what is he to do about such debts? Shrewd boxing minds like those of the promoter and manager have answered that question by informing Joe that he still is champion and will defend his title after the war or during the war, if Uncle Sam allows him to do so.

So Joseph says he was misunderstood, misquoted and misrepresented. The truth is that this notion of retiring just midway because he forgot, at least for a train with a reporter at his elbow, the fact that he owes quite a sum of money. He owes pretty much to credit all the statements on that subject that have found their way into the public prints for the express purpose of getting Joe into a ring again with Billy the Kid Conn, now in corporal in the Army.

Of course, Joe's threat of retirement, if made, could not be taken seriously anyway. It is easier to get large hunks of cash with which to pay his debts by exhibiting his padded knickerbocks for the entertainment of the populace than to drive a truck.

Likes His Easy Living

The world heavyweight champion has been lolling in the lap of luxury too long to decide all of a sudden that he wants to earn his money the hard way. Also, he couldn't earn enough. He likes his golf, his horses and his country estate near Detroit, not to mention fat pork chops and yellow pages, too, will be a treat.

See LOUIS, Page 12, Col. 1

THE "MADISON SQUARE" by LEE

Quality . . . Style . . . Durability?

A new Fall hat styled for durability. 24 line hand hat, hand-felted edge, black velvet . . . in new Fall shades of platinum brown and . . .

Other L.E.S. \$4 to \$12.50

Yankee News Shop

1319 F STREET

Redskins to Face Varied Threat in Dodger Battle Sunday

Good Ends Boost Hopes Of Brooklyn

Manders and Kinard Lead Tough Crew Of Gridmen; Locals Practice in Rain

The Redskins know what they're up against next Sunday when they meet the Brooklyn Dodgers in Ebbets Field. The Skins know the Dodgers have just about the best set of ends in the league, a match for Wee Willie Wilkin at tackle in Bruiser Kinard and one of the best backs in the business at picking up yardage, Pug Manders.

When Coach Ray Flaherty's charges, Eastern leaders for the first time since early last season, take their newly won honors on the road they must be ready for a fair passing attack, for well handled reverses, Manders' power charges into the line and those same ends charging into the backfield in an attempt to upset Sammy Baugh.

Perry Schwartz, who played one of his greatest pro games last year in leading the Dodgers to a 13-7 victory over the Redskins in Brooklyn, mans the right end post, and Eddie Rucinski, just two years out of Indiana, takes care of left end. Herman Hodges is the third of the Dodger flankmen.

It's Another Kinard

Frank Kinard, probably the most respected tackle in the league by the opposing linemen and backs, has a kid brother, George, playing beside him at left guard this season.

For passing the Dodgers have Dean McAdams, the all-American from the University of Washington who filled in about half the time for Ace Parker last year. Hal McCullough, fresh out of Cornell, also handles some passing for the Dodgers. Then they have Rhett Shetley and Norlin Condit.

The Redskins coaching staff and several of the players saw the Dodgers beat the Eastern Army-All-Stars for three periods in Baltimore and then lost out of superior reserve strength. Ray Flaherty has held his rivals in high regard since that date.

In addition to the 15 Brooklyn rookies, including G. W.'s former one-man offensive, Walt Frazier, who replaced Dodger Joe Brown in services, Brooklyn also lost two members of its three-man coaching staff.

A Good Background

Mike Getto, who played under Jack Sutherland at the University of Pittsburgh, where he is still a member of Pitt's all-time team, joined Sutherland at Brooklyn in 1940 and when Dr. Jack went into the Navy this past summer Getto took over.

Getto was a member of the University of Kansas coaching staff for 11 years. The Skins practiced despite the weather conditions yesterday and last night went over the pictures of the Cleveland game, which were more pleasant than the films of the past three weeks.

The Skins and Dodgers split even last year, Washington winning here, 3-0, as Joe Aguirre's field goal and the Dodgers winning the Brooklyn game although Sammy Baugh gave them an awful scare in the closing minutes when both clubs were fighting to remain in contention for the Eastern title finally captured by the Giants. The Dodgers finished second and the Skins third in the final standings.

Hawthorne

RESULTS
FIRST RACE—Six and one-half furlongs (claiming): pure, 1:00; claiming, 1:01. 1—Buck, 2:00. 2—Buck, 2:01. 3—Buck, 2:02. 4—Buck, 2:03. 5—Buck, 2:04. 6—Buck, 2:05. 7—Buck, 2:06. 8—Buck, 2:07. 9—Buck, 2:08. 10—Buck, 2:09. 11—Buck, 2:10. 12—Buck, 2:11. 13—Buck, 2:12. 14—Buck, 2:13. 15—Buck, 2:14. 16—Buck, 2:15. 17—Buck, 2:16. 18—Buck, 2:17. 19—Buck, 2:18. 20—Buck, 2:19. 21—Buck, 2:20. 22—Buck, 2:21. 23—Buck, 2:22. 24—Buck, 2:23. 25—Buck, 2:24. 26—Buck, 2:25. 27—Buck, 2:26. 28—Buck, 2:27. 29—Buck, 2:28. 30—Buck, 2:29. 31—Buck, 2:30. 32—Buck, 2:31. 33—Buck, 2:32. 34—Buck, 2:33. 35—Buck, 2:34. 36—Buck, 2:35. 37—Buck, 2:36. 38—Buck, 2:37. 39—Buck, 2:38. 40—Buck, 2:39. 41—Buck, 2:40. 42—Buck, 2:41. 43—Buck, 2:42. 44—Buck, 2:43. 45—Buck, 2:44. 46—Buck, 2:45. 47—Buck, 2:46. 48—Buck, 2:47. 49—Buck, 2:48. 50—Buck, 2:49. 51—Buck, 2:50. 52—Buck, 2:51. 53—Buck, 2:52. 54—Buck, 2:53. 55—Buck, 2:54. 56—Buck, 2:55. 57—Buck, 2:56. 58—Buck, 2:57. 59—Buck, 2:58. 60—Buck, 2:59. 61—Buck, 3:00. 62—Buck, 3:01. 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New Depth Set In Surrenders Of Life Policies

Life insurance policies surrendered for their cash value established a new low record in the history of the American insurance business this year, the Institute of Life Insurance announced yesterday.

A survey by the Institute disclosed that the statement was that the current rate of surrender was 23 per cent below that of last year and 70 per cent under the high point of 1932, the depth of the depression.

This indicates how directly the call for policy surrender values is related to the state of business activity, the Institute said, "increasing in periods of bad business and decreasing in boom times. That has been the experience since 1900, covering several depressions and booms."

Today, with the Nation in the midst of the greatest production boom in its history, we find the call for surrender values at the lowest rate in history.

Business Briefs Of D. C. Interest

Assets At New Peak

Assets of the District Building and Loan Association have reached a new high of \$2,000,000. Secretary F. Wilson Camp reported yesterday at the thirty-first annual meeting of shareholders. All officers were re-elected as follows:

George A. Baker, president; Henry Gilligan, vice president and attorney; Mr. Camp, secretary and treasurer; and Don B. Thomas, assistant secretary.

At the shareholders meeting, directors were elected as follows: John H. Davis, Charles H. Frame, William F. Friel, Warren W. Gimes, Otis H. Johnson, Harold A. Wood and the officers.

New FPC Personnel Head

The Federal Power Commission announced yesterday the appointment of Julian B. Turner of Radford, Va., as its director of personnel, succeeding Horace M. Thomas, who was recently named administrator of the regional office in Chicago.

Turner, who is 38, has been a review officer of the Civil Service Commission for the past eight months.

Bank Loans Gain In Week

Commercial, industrial and agricultural loans increased \$60,000,000 in banks in 101 leading cities during the week ended October 7, the Federal Reserve Board reported yesterday.

New York City reported a \$50,000,000 increase and the St. Louis district listed a \$13,000,000 increase, but some decreases elsewhere in the country held the overall hike to \$60,000,000.

Local Produce

Beans and Lentils

Agricultural Marketing Administration (prices paid for f. o. b. Washington) Beans—medium, 14¢; small, 15¢; lentils, 16¢; chickpeas, 17¢; broad beans, 18¢; navy beans, 19¢; kidney beans, 20¢; lima beans, 21¢; pinto beans, 22¢; black beans, 23¢; green beans, 24¢; wax beans, 25¢; butter beans, 26¢; cranberry beans, 27¢; cannellini beans, 28¢; adzuki beans, 29¢; mung beans, 30¢; garbanzo beans, 31¢; fava beans, 32¢; lentils, 33¢; chickpeas, 34¢; broad beans, 35¢; navy beans, 36¢; kidney beans, 37¢; lima beans, 38¢; pinto beans, 39¢; black beans, 40¢; green beans, 41¢; wax beans, 42¢; butter beans, 43¢; cranberry beans, 44¢; cannellini beans, 45¢; adzuki beans, 46¢; mung beans, 47¢; garbanzo beans, 48¢; fava beans, 49¢; lentils, 50¢; chickpeas, 51¢; broad beans, 52¢; navy beans, 53¢; kidney beans, 54¢; lima beans, 55¢; pinto beans, 56¢; black beans, 57¢; green beans, 58¢; wax beans, 59¢; butter beans, 60¢; cranberry beans, 61¢; cannellini beans, 62¢; adzuki beans, 63¢; mung beans, 64¢; garbanzo beans, 65¢; fava beans, 66¢; lentils, 67¢; chickpeas, 68¢; broad beans, 69¢; navy beans, 70¢; kidney beans, 71¢; lima beans, 72¢; pinto beans, 73¢; black beans, 74¢; green beans, 75¢; wax beans, 76¢; butter beans, 77¢; cranberry beans, 78¢; cannellini beans, 79¢; adzuki beans, 80¢; mung beans, 81¢; garbanzo beans, 82¢; fava beans, 83¢; lentils, 84¢; chickpeas, 85¢; broad beans, 86¢; navy beans, 87¢; kidney beans, 88¢; lima beans, 89¢; pinto beans, 90¢; black beans, 91¢; green beans, 92¢; wax beans, 93¢; butter beans, 94¢; cranberry beans, 95¢; cannellini beans, 96¢; adzuki beans, 97¢; mung beans, 98¢; garbanzo beans, 99¢; fava beans, 100¢; lentils, 101¢; chickpeas, 102¢; broad beans, 103¢; navy beans, 104¢; kidney beans, 105¢; lima beans, 106¢; pinto beans, 107¢; black beans, 108¢; green beans, 109¢; wax beans, 110¢; butter beans, 111¢; cranberry beans, 112¢; cannellini beans, 113¢; adzuki beans, 114¢; mung beans, 115¢; garbanzo beans, 116¢; fava beans, 117¢; lentils, 118¢; chickpeas, 119¢; broad beans, 120¢; navy beans, 121¢; kidney beans, 122¢; 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adzuki beans, 386¢; mung beans, 387¢; garbanzo beans, 388¢; fava beans, 389¢; lentils, 390¢; chickpeas, 391¢; broad beans, 392¢; navy beans, 393¢; kidney beans, 394¢; lima beans, 395¢; pinto beans, 396¢; black beans, 397¢; green beans, 398¢; wax beans, 399¢; butter beans, 400¢; cranberry beans, 401¢; cannellini beans, 402¢; adzuki beans, 403¢; mung beans, 404¢; garbanzo beans, 405¢; fava beans, 406¢; lentils, 407¢; chickpeas, 408¢; broad beans, 409¢; navy beans, 410¢; kidney beans, 411¢; lima beans, 412¢; pinto beans, 413¢; black beans, 414¢; green beans, 415¢; wax beans, 416¢; butter beans, 417¢; cranberry beans, 418¢; cannellini beans, 419¢; adzuki beans, 420¢; mung beans, 421¢; garbanzo beans, 422¢; fava beans, 423¢; lentils, 424¢; chickpeas, 425¢; broad beans, 426¢; navy beans, 427¢; kidney beans, 428¢; lima beans, 429¢; pinto beans, 430¢; black beans, 431¢; green beans, 432¢; wax beans, 433¢; butter beans, 434¢; cranberry beans, 435¢; cannellini beans, 436¢; adzuki beans, 437¢; mung beans, 438¢; garbanzo beans, 439¢; fava beans, 440¢; lentils, 441¢; chickpeas, 442¢; broad beans, 443¢; navy beans, 444¢; kidney beans, 445¢; lima beans, 446¢; pinto beans, 447¢; black beans, 448¢; green beans, 449¢; wax beans, 450¢; butter beans, 451¢; cranberry beans, 452¢; cannellini beans, 453¢; adzuki beans, 454¢; mung beans, 455¢; garbanzo beans, 456¢; fava beans, 457¢; lentils, 458¢; chickpeas, 459¢; broad beans, 460¢; navy beans, 461¢; kidney beans, 462¢; lima beans, 463¢; pinto beans, 464¢; black beans, 465¢; green beans, 466¢; wax beans, 467¢; butter beans, 468¢; cranberry beans, 469¢; cannellini beans, 470¢; adzuki beans, 471¢; mung beans, 472¢; garbanzo beans, 473¢; fava beans, 474¢; lentils, 475¢; chickpeas, 476¢; broad beans, 477¢; navy beans, 478¢; kidney beans, 479¢; lima beans, 480¢; pinto beans, 481¢; black beans, 482¢; green beans, 483¢; wax beans, 484¢; butter beans, 485¢; cranberry beans, 486¢; cannellini beans, 487¢; adzuki beans, 488¢; mung beans, 489¢; garbanzo beans, 490¢; fava beans, 491¢; lentils, 492¢; chickpeas, 493¢; broad beans, 494¢; navy beans, 495¢; kidney beans, 496¢; lima beans, 497¢; pinto beans, 498¢; black beans, 499¢; green beans, 500¢; wax beans, 501¢; butter beans, 502¢; cranberry beans, 503¢; cannellini beans, 504¢; adzuki beans, 505¢; mung beans, 506¢; garbanzo beans, 507¢; fava beans, 508¢; lentils, 509¢; chickpeas, 510¢; broad beans, 511¢; navy beans, 512¢; kidney beans, 513¢; lima beans, 514¢; pinto beans, 515¢; black beans, 516¢; green beans, 517¢; wax beans, 518¢; butter beans, 519¢; cranberry beans, 520¢; cannellini beans, 521¢; adzuki beans, 522¢; mung beans, 523¢; garbanzo beans, 524¢; fava beans, 525¢; lentils, 526¢; chickpeas, 527¢; broad beans, 528¢; navy beans, 529¢; kidney beans, 530¢; lima beans, 531¢; pinto beans, 532¢; black beans, 533¢; green beans, 534¢; wax beans, 535¢; butter beans, 536¢; cranberry beans, 537¢; cannellini beans, 538¢; adzuki beans, 539¢; mung beans, 540¢; garbanzo beans, 541¢; fava beans, 542¢; lentils, 543¢; chickpeas, 544¢; broad beans, 545¢; navy beans, 546¢; kidney beans, 547¢; lima beans, 548¢; pinto beans, 549¢; black beans, 550¢; green beans, 551¢; wax beans, 552¢; butter beans, 553¢; cranberry beans, 554¢; cannellini beans, 555¢; adzuki beans, 556¢; mung beans, 557¢; garbanzo beans, 558¢; fava beans, 559¢; lentils, 560¢; chickpeas, 561¢; broad beans, 562¢; navy beans, 563¢; kidney beans, 564¢; lima beans, 565¢; pinto beans, 566¢; black beans, 567¢; green beans, 568¢; wax beans, 569¢; butter beans, 570¢; cranberry beans, 571¢; cannellini beans, 572¢; adzuki beans, 573¢; mung beans, 574¢; garbanzo beans, 575¢; fava beans, 576¢; lentils, 577¢; chickpeas, 578¢; broad beans, 579¢; navy beans, 580¢; kidney beans, 581¢; lima beans, 582¢; pinto beans, 583¢; black beans, 584¢; green beans, 585¢; wax beans, 586¢; butter beans, 587¢; cranberry beans, 588¢; cannellini beans, 589¢; adzuki beans, 590¢; mung beans, 591¢; garbanzo beans, 592¢; fava beans, 593¢; lentils, 594¢; chickpeas, 595¢; broad beans, 596¢; navy beans, 597¢; kidney beans, 598¢; lima beans, 599¢; pinto beans, 600¢; black beans, 601¢; green beans, 602¢; wax beans, 603¢; butter beans, 604¢; cranberry beans, 605¢; cannellini beans, 606¢; adzuki beans, 607¢; mung beans, 608¢; garbanzo beans, 609¢; fava beans, 610¢; lentils, 611¢; chickpeas, 612¢; broad beans, 613¢; navy beans, 614¢; kidney beans, 615¢; lima beans, 616¢; pinto beans, 617¢; black beans, 618¢; green beans, 619¢; wax beans, 620¢; butter beans, 621¢; cranberry beans, 622¢; cannellini beans, 623¢; adzuki beans, 624¢; mung beans, 625¢; garbanzo beans, 626¢; fava beans, 627¢; lentils, 628¢; chickpeas, 629¢; broad beans, 630¢; navy beans, 631¢; kidney beans, 632¢; lima beans, 633¢; pinto beans, 634¢; black beans, 635¢; green beans, 636¢; wax beans, 637¢; butter beans, 638¢; cranberry beans, 639¢; cannellini beans, 640¢; adzuki beans, 641¢; mung beans, 642¢; garbanzo beans, 643¢; fava beans, 644¢; lentils, 645¢; chickpeas, 646¢; broad beans, 647¢; navy beans, 648¢; kidney beans, 649¢; 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cannellini beans, 861¢; adzuki beans, 862¢; mung beans, 863¢; garbanzo beans, 864¢; fava beans, 865¢; lentils, 866¢; chickpeas, 867¢; broad beans, 868¢; navy beans, 869¢; kidney beans, 870¢; lima beans, 871¢; pinto beans, 872¢; black beans, 873¢; green beans, 874¢; wax beans, 875¢; butter beans, 876¢; cranberry beans, 877¢; cannellini beans, 878¢; adzuki beans, 879¢; mung beans, 880¢; garbanzo beans, 881¢; fava beans, 882¢; lentils, 883¢; chickpeas, 884¢; broad beans, 885¢; navy beans, 886¢; kidney beans, 887¢; lima beans, 888¢; pinto beans, 889¢; black beans, 890¢; green beans, 891¢; wax beans, 892¢; butter beans, 893¢; cranberry beans, 894¢; cannellini beans, 895¢; adzuki beans, 896¢; mung beans, 897¢; garbanzo beans, 898¢; fava beans, 899¢; lentils, 900¢; chickpeas, 901¢; broad beans, 902¢; navy beans, 903¢; kidney beans, 904¢; lima beans, 905¢; pinto beans, 906¢; black beans, 907¢; green beans, 908¢; wax beans, 909¢; butter beans, 910¢; cranberry beans, 911¢; cannellini beans, 912¢; adzuki beans, 913¢; mung beans, 914¢; garbanzo beans, 915¢; fava beans, 916¢; lentils, 917¢; chickpeas, 918¢; broad beans, 919¢; navy beans, 920¢; kidney beans, 921¢; lima beans, 922¢; pinto beans, 923¢; black beans, 924¢; green beans, 925¢; wax beans, 926¢; butter beans, 927¢; cranberry beans, 928¢; cannellini beans, 929¢; adzuki beans, 930¢; mung beans, 931¢; garbanzo beans, 932¢; fava beans, 933¢; lentils, 934¢; chickpeas, 935¢; broad beans, 936¢; navy beans, 937¢; kidney beans, 938¢; lima beans, 939¢; pinto beans, 940¢; black beans, 941¢; green beans, 942¢; wax beans, 943¢; butter beans, 944¢; cranberry beans, 945¢; cannellini beans, 946¢; adzuki beans, 947¢; mung beans, 948¢; garbanzo beans, 949¢; fava beans, 950¢; lentils, 951¢; chickpeas, 952¢; broad beans, 953¢; navy beans, 954¢; kidney beans, 955¢; lima beans, 956¢; pinto beans, 957¢; black beans, 958¢; green beans, 959¢; wax beans, 960¢; butter beans, 961¢; cranberry beans, 962¢; cannellini beans, 963¢; adzuki beans, 964¢; mung beans, 965¢; garbanzo beans, 966¢; fava beans, 967¢; lentils, 968¢; chickpeas, 969¢; broad beans, 970¢; navy beans, 971¢; kidney beans, 972¢; lima beans, 973¢; pinto beans, 974¢; black beans, 975¢; green beans, 976¢; wax beans, 977¢; butter beans, 978¢; cranberry beans, 979¢; cannellini beans, 980¢; adzuki beans, 981¢; mung beans, 982¢; garbanzo beans, 983¢; fava beans, 984¢; lentils, 985¢; chickpeas, 986¢; broad beans, 987¢; navy beans, 988¢; kidney beans, 989¢; lima beans, 990¢; pinto beans, 991¢; black beans, 992¢; green beans, 993¢; wax beans, 994¢; butter beans, 995¢; cranberry beans, 996¢; cannellini beans, 997¢; adzuki beans, 998¢; mung beans, 999¢; garbanzo beans, 1000¢; fava beans, 1001¢; lentils, 1002¢; chickpeas, 1003¢; broad beans, 1004¢; navy beans, 1005¢; kidney beans, 1006¢; lima beans, 1007¢; pinto beans, 1008¢; black beans, 1009¢; green beans, 1010¢; wax beans, 1011¢; butter beans, 1012¢; cranberry beans, 1013¢; cannellini beans, 1014¢; adzuki beans, 1015¢; mung beans, 1016¢; garbanzo beans, 1017¢; fava beans, 1018¢; lentils, 1019¢; chickpeas, 1020¢; broad beans, 1021¢; navy beans, 1022¢; kidney beans, 1023¢; lima beans, 1024¢; pinto beans, 1025¢; black beans, 1026¢; green beans, 1027¢; wax beans, 1028¢; butter beans, 1029¢; cranberry beans, 1030¢; cannellini beans, 1031¢; adzuki beans, 1032¢; mung beans, 1033¢; garbanzo beans, 1034¢; fava beans, 1035¢; lentils, 1036¢; chickpeas, 1037¢; broad beans, 1038¢; navy beans, 1039¢; kidney beans, 1040¢; lima beans, 1041¢; pinto beans, 1042¢; black beans, 1043¢; green beans, 1044¢; wax beans, 1045¢; butter beans, 1046¢; cranberry beans, 1047¢; cannellini beans, 1048¢; adzuki beans, 1049¢; mung beans, 1050¢; garbanzo beans, 1051¢; fava beans, 1052¢; lentils, 1053¢; chickpeas, 1054¢; broad beans, 1055¢; navy beans, 1056¢; kidney beans, 1057¢; lima beans, 1058¢; pinto beans, 1059¢; black beans, 1060¢; green beans, 1061¢; wax beans, 1062¢; butter beans, 1063¢; cranberry beans, 1064¢; cannellini beans, 1065¢; adzuki beans, 1066¢; mung beans, 1067¢; 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mung beans, 1118¢; garbanzo beans, 1119¢; fava beans, 1120¢; lentils, 1121¢; chickpeas, 1122¢; broad beans, 1123¢; navy beans, 1124¢; kidney beans, 1125¢; lima beans, 1126¢; pinto beans, 1127¢; black beans, 1128¢; green beans, 1129¢; wax beans, 1130¢; butter beans, 1131¢; cranberry beans, 1132¢; cannellini beans, 1133¢; adzuki beans, 1134¢; mung beans, 1135¢; garbanzo beans, 1136¢; fava beans, 1137¢; lentils, 1138¢; chickpeas, 1139¢; broad beans, 1140¢; navy beans, 1141¢; kidney beans, 1142¢; lima beans, 1143¢; pinto beans, 1144¢; black beans, 1145¢; green beans, 1146¢; wax beans, 1147¢; butter beans, 1148¢; cranberry beans, 1149¢; cannellini beans, 1150¢; adzuki beans, 1151¢; mung beans, 1152¢; garbanzo beans, 1153¢; fava beans, 1154¢; lentils, 1155¢; chickpeas, 1156¢; broad beans, 1157¢; navy beans, 1158¢; kidney beans, 1159¢; lima beans, 1160¢; pinto beans, 1161¢; black beans, 1162¢; green beans, 1163¢; wax beans, 1164¢; butter beans, 1165¢; cranberry beans, 1166¢; cannellini beans, 1167¢; adzuki beans, 1168¢; mung beans, 1169¢; garbanzo beans, 117

Willkie Home

Ends Globe-Girdling Trip As President's Emissary

Wendell Willkie, who visited world battle fronts and Allied leaders in the dual role of spectator and President Roosevelt's emissary, ended his globe-girdling trip yesterday at Minneapolis. Heavy line on map (right) indicates his approximate route, although there never was a clear indication of how he reached Cairo. Black areas are enemy-dominated territory. Willkie will report to President Roosevelt today.



Arrival—Willkie stepped from an Army plane early yesterday afternoon in Minneapolis and WAAC, Lieuts. Reva Startzer (left) and Florence Bousch, both of Twin City, were among those on hand to welcome him home. Lieutenant Bousch carries a Japanese officer's sword taken in battle by the Chinese and presented to Willkie.



Pilot—Maj. Richard Kight (left), pilot of the Army Ferry Command plane which carried Willkie to the world's war fronts, is congratulated by the President's special representative on his "amazing skill."



Welcome in China—China's Vice Premier and Minister of Finance H. H. Kung (left) represented Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek in welcoming Willkie upon arrival in Chungking. United States Ambassador C. E. Gauss (right) was also at the airport to meet him. (Photo came to this country on the Willkie plane.)



In Chungking—Mme. Chiang Kai-shek, wife of China's generalissimo, explains to Willkie a translation of a song sung at a tea party she gave in his honor. The song, "Welcome, Welcome, Willkie," was sung by seven of Mme. Chiang's war orphans.



'Gulliver's' Travels End—Crewmen, Willkie and officials who accompanied him are lined up beside the big Army plane which made the six-week round-the-world flight. The ship bore the name "Gulliver" in Chinese, English and Russian. Rear (from left)—Capt. Paul Flehl, Joseph Barnes of the OWI, Willkie, Gardiner Cowles of the OWI, and Maj. Grant Mason. Front (from left)—Sergt. Victor Minkoff, Sergt. Richard J. Barrett, Capt. Alexis Klotz, Maj. Richard Kight, Capt. John Wagner, Sergt. James M. Cooper, and Corpl. Charles Reynolds.



He Meets the 'Gissimo'—In Chungking, Willkie called on Gen. Chiang Kai-shek, commander of China's indomitable army. On hand at their meeting were Ambassador Gauss (extreme left) and John Carter Vincent, counsellor of the American Embassy.

The WASHINGTON Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

Congressmen Show Foresight in Military, Naval Matters

Those who contend that only military and naval men should run the war, and that Congress is interfering with the war effort, should study the report of the House Appropriations Committee, which last week voted out a 14-billion-dollar naval appropriations bill, with not one dollar provided for battleships.

This was a big backstage triumph for certain far-sighted Congressmen, led by Senator Brewster of Maine.

For four years, Brewster has vigorously fought the battleship and demanded that the Navy build more airplanes—only to be overruled, until now, by the admirals.

When the 1933 naval authorization bill came up it contained the huge total of 100 million dollars for three new battleships plus a provision that the Navy could have no more than 3000 planes.

Senator Brewster, then in the House of Representatives, vigorously opposed. He contended that the Navy should have more than 3000 planes, certainly should not be limited. He also argued that battleships were out of date.

But Admiral Leahy, then chief of Naval Operations, disagreed. He insisted that the battleship was not obsolete. He insisted so vigorously that the Naval Affairs Committee sided with him and voted the authorization.

"I'll bet you that not one of these battleships ever will be built," Senator Brewster told Leahy, and wrote a separate minority report regarding both battleships and airplanes.

When the bill got to the floor of Congress, Brewster also staged a battle for more naval airplanes—though the admirals insisted on limiting the number to 3000. Brewster fought so stubbornly that finally Representative Vinson of Georgia, in charge of the Naval Authorization Bill, suggested to Brewster:

"Let's compromise this thing. Instead of making the bill read 'not more than 3000 aircraft,' let's make it read 'not less than 3000 aircraft.'"

So the bill was passed that way.

U. S. S. Kentucky

Brewster and Leahy have remained good friends, the Senator having a great admiration for the admiral and the admiral being frank enough to tell friends, "How wrong I was about the battleship."

But the other day when the Truman Committee, of which Brewster is a member, visited a certain Atlantic port, they saw the battleship Kentucky. This was one of the three new ships voted for in the 1933 bill. She was anchored in the harbor being used as a storehouse. She will never be completed as a battleship.

Meanwhile, if the admirals had been permitted to limit naval aircraft to only 3000, the Navy would have been in a tough spot at Midway and in the battle of the Coral Sea. For in those battles, battleships did not get within shooting range of each other. Aircraft did all the damage.

NOTE: In the 1940 appropriation bill the Senate insisted on giving the Navy 40 million dollars for building small ships for antisubmarine warfare. The admirals opposed the appropriation, and though the money was voted, they used almost none of it until this spring. Our lack of small ships was why the submarines raised such havoc. Yet they say that military and naval men only should run the war.

No Expert Kaiser

When Henry J. Kaiser was in Washington recently he got word that his son, Henry, Jr., was ill. Henry, Jr., is manager of the Kaiser shipbuilding plant at Portland, Oreg.

Kaiser phoned his son to go off to camp for a rest. But young Kaiser was worried. "Who'll run the yard?" he asked.

"Never mind about the yard," said Kaiser. "That yard will run itself—and do you know why? Because there isn't a damn soul on that yard who knows anything about shipbuilding."

Iron-Clad Red Tape

Most famous residence in Washington is Friendship, former home of the late Ned McLean, newspaper publisher, race track promoter and the friend of Presidents. On the private golf course at Friendship, Warren G. Harding once took his exercise. At Friendship's dinner table have sat Cabinet members, John L. Lewis, Lord Halifax, J. Edgar Hoover, Senators, the elite of Washington society.

But now Friendship is the site of a new housing project. The private golf course is torn up. Lumber is piled beside the marble statues. But the massive gates at the entrance still hung until recently.

Mrs. McLean, owner of the Hope diamond, was eager to see the huge gates, weighing 20 tons, turned into scrap iron. So was Lessing Rosenwald, head of the conservation division. But the transfer became snarled in red tape.

Here is what happened. Ferd Eberstadt, new dynamic vice chairman of WPA, telephoned Rosenwald one morning. "Let's get those Friendship gates," he said.

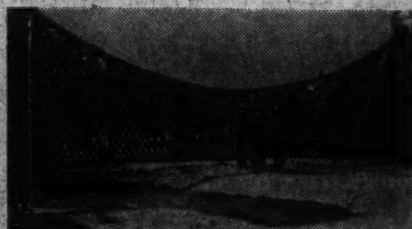
Rosenwald agreed and assigned an able assistant, Shipley Troth, to the task. Troth got in touch with the District of Columbia salvage committee, headed by Horace Walker. He found Walker had already obtained a release for the gates, as part of the District's salvage drive.

Scrap Dealer Joseph Smith sent his men to dismantle the famous portals. But when the crew arrived, the housing project manager said the gates had been assigned to the United States Procurement Division for scrap purposes.

Two days passed. Eberstadt called Rosenwald again. "What about those gates?" insisted go-getter Eberstadt. Rosenwald prodded Troth again. Troth found that the Treasury had consigned the gates to the Navy Department for scrap.

The Navy, however, moves slowly. Troth then asked Procurement Director Clifton Mack to switch the gates back from Navy to District salvage.

But this takes time, so impatient Red Tape Cutter Eberstadt telephoned his old partner in Dillon, Read, now Undersecretary of the Navy Procurement and demanded action. He got it. Now the gates have finally been removed.



THE GATES AT FRIENDSHIP

1450 K Street, N.W.
National
... in the Improved Machine Shorthand
... and Advanced Classes for all Machine Shorthand
... 40 to 200 words a minute, including
...

Obituaries

Funeral Rites Set Today for Mrs. Vogts

Requiem mass for Mrs. Apollonia Vogts, 56, wife of Conrad Vogts, of 1237 Quincy Street Northeast, will be held at St. Anthony's Catholic Church, 1030 Lawrence Street Northeast, at 8 a. m. today after funeral services at her home at 7:30 a. m.

Born in St. Louis, Mo., Mrs. Vogts came to the District 38 years ago. She died Sunday at Providence Hospital after a short illness. Her husband, who at one time worked in the office of the Franciscan monastery, has been gravely ill at his home for eight months.

Mrs. Vogts was a member of the Third Order of St. Francis, which assembled at her home last night to recite the Rosary, the Sodality of St. Anthony's Church and the Medical Missionary Auxiliary, organization supporting Catholic missions in India.

Surviving are her mother, Mrs. Louise Frommann of Washington; three half brothers, Julius and Leo Oepfner of St. Louis, and Edward Oepfner of San Bernardino, Calif., and two sisters, Mrs. Mamie Townsell of Washington and Mrs. Margaret Ponsot of St. Louis.

Rites Arranged Today for E. C. Brownell

Services for Edwin C. Brownell, 75, who retired in 1926 after a career of 38 years, in Y. M. C. A. work in this country and abroad, will be held today at 4 p. m. at Gawler's chapel, 1736 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest.

Burial will be in Troy, N. Y., beside his wife, who died last March. A native of Troy, Mr. Brownell died of a heart attack Sunday at his residence, 600 Twentieth Street Northwest, where he had lived since coming here from New York after retiring 16 years ago.

Mr. Brownell, an elder for many years at Western Presbyterian Church, was so regular in his church attendance that when he did not appear for services Sunday, his fellow elders knew that something was wrong and called at his apartment later that morning. They found Mr. Brownell, who lived alone and had no close survivors here since his wife's death, dead there. The late Mr. and Mrs. Brownell were active workers in the church, and he was highly regarded as an elder for his excellent prayers.

Mr. Brownell began his career in Y. work as general secretary of local clubs, first in Indiana and then in Kansas and Missouri towns. Prior to and during the World War he spent several years in Australia and New Zealand. When he retired he was secretary of the financial service department of the national council of the Y. M. C. A. with headquarters in New York.

Col. J. A. Nelson, D. C. Graduate, Dies in Ga.

Decatur, Ga. Oct. 13 (AP)—Col. John A. Nelson, 62, automotive officer of the Fourth Service command and a veteran of 37 years' continuous service in the Army, died unexpectedly at his home today.

He was a graduate of the Army Industrial College, Washington, D. C.; the Quartermaster School at Philadelphia, and the Quartermaster Motor Transport School at Baltimore, Md.

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Funeral of Rev. R. C. Simmons Set Tomorrow at Takoma Park

Funeral services for the Rev. Robert Cook Simmons, 35, who died of a heart attack Sunday in Plattsburg, N. Y., after preaching his first sermon in the First Presbyterian Church there, will be held in the Takoma Park Presbyterian Church tomorrow at 4 p. m.

Services will be conducted by the Rev. R. Paul Scheerer, pastor of the church, where the Rev. Mr. Simmons was ordained and later married. Burial will be in Jefferson, Ohio.

Born in Columbus, Ohio, the Rev. Mr. Simmons came to Takoma Park with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Winn T. Simmons of 518 Aspen Street, when he was 6 years old. He was graduated from McKinley High School in 1925, from the University of Maryland in 1929 and from the Union Theological Seminary, New York, in 1932.

Before entering the Seminary, he was an active worker in the Takoma Park Presbyterian Church, where he was ordained by the Presbytery of Washington. After ordination, he served two and one-half years as supply minister at the Northminster Presbyterian Church and for more than a year at the Sherwood Park Presbyterian Church in Washington.

Since January 1, 1937, the Rev. Mr. Simmons was pastor of the Richmond Hill Presbyterian Church, Long Island, N. Y., which post he held until a week ago, when he was called to the Plattsburg Church in Washington.

Besides his parents, the Rev. Mr. Simmons leaves his wife, the former Kathryn Wilkinson of Washington, and a daughter, Marjorie Ann Simmons.

The Rev. Mr. Simmons' father is well known in horticultural circles throughout Washington, Virginia and Maryland.

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Social Disease School Course Urged Anew

The Social Hygiene Society criticized District public school officials yesterday for failing to teach the problems of venereal disease at all schools, particularly at a time when the subject is of increasing importance.

Declaring it had urged such instruction for the past 10 years, the society declared that "these diseases should be dealt with in the same scientific, impersonal way as blindness, tuberculosis and accident prevention."

The society charged that the school officials "have consistently slighted this problem, at times when several hundred teen-age children have been excluded from schools because of venereal infections. Certainly our school system has been derelict in its duty through failure to instruct and protect the students."

Inclusion of such a study, explained the report of the society, composed of civic leaders, medical men, and Government officials, is particularly important when our youth are so urgently needed in the war effort.

"Syphilis and gonorrhea are two of the greatest youth dangers—the highest incidence of syphilis being in the 18-23 age group. At the same time a great enough number of much younger boys and girls are treated in clinics for these diseases to warrant instruction even in the elementary schools."

Given complete endorsement by the society was the insistence of Senator Pat McCarran, chairman of the Senate District Committee, on the prompt provision of urgently needed expansion of hospital facilities in the Washington area. "In this connection," the society said, "facilities should be provided in Gallinger Hospital for the medical treatment and social treatment of prostitutes having venereal diseases."

The Federal Works Administration allotted five million dollars early this summer for increasing hospital accommodations in this area. Included in such expansion would be an increase of 550 beds in local hospitals and further development, where possible, of other facilities.

Nothing has been done on the actual construction since late August, when funds were allocated and projects given tentative approval.

Condemned by the society was the recent suggestion of a semi-official person that the police use their night sticks to rough up "girls and women of the oldest profession." It was pointed out in the condemnation that such tactics would lead to lynx law procedure and would prove to be a danger to the entire community.

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Driver Freed of Homicide In Death of Navy Officer

A Municipal Court trial involving the traffic death of a Navy officer, March 21, ended abruptly yesterday, when the Government dropped the negligent homicide charge against the defendant and accepted pleas of guilty on two other traffic violation charges—leaving after colliding and driving without a permit.

The defendant was Gordon M. Arion, an automobile mechanic, of 233 Upshur Street Northwest. Judge Margold said he would impose sentence November 6.

The case, in its second day of trial, was halted with only one prosecution witness remaining to testify. Government attorneys pointed out there was insufficient evidence to support the accusation that Arion had driven carelessly or at an immoderate speed at the time of the accident, which occurred at North Capitol and Ingraham Streets.

Represented by Attorney James R. Kirkland, Arion had pleaded innocent to all three charges, and was on trial for the hit-and-run and the negligent homicide charges. They were being prosecuted simultaneously by representatives of the United States Attorney's office and the District Corporation Counsel's office.

Policeman Lurty C. Houff of the Accident Prevention Unit testified

Monday that an FBI investigation had connected Arion's car with the accident on the basis of a comparison of glass fragments found at the scene and others found on the machine. The defendant's car had one smashed headlight, the officer said.

The victim, Lieut. Comdr. Francis P. Quigley, 44, died at Walter Reed Hospital the day after the accident, in which he had suffered a fractured skull.

Judge Margold referred the case to the probation office for a report.

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A popular model with all the de luxe Capenary features, including the automatic device that changes 20 records, playing both sides. Powerful all-wave radio. New 15" solid for \$1,000. Convenient terms—new instrument guaranteed.

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WARM BABIES

Your bundle of joy may have come from heaven... but you mamas are very much down to earth. Especially in these strenuous times. You want baby clothes that are warm as toast. Ours are! You want baby clothes that make your pride and joy the envy of your friends. Ours do! You gloat over 100% wools. See these! You, like knitted things because they wear and wash so beautifully. Every one of these cherubic infant fashions is knitted! You want huge assortments. We have them! You demand your full money's worth. We love to give it to you. The Hecht Co. makes a fetish of these things... and if you do too... why we see eye to eye!

A. Toddler's 4-pc. knitted sweater set. Sizes 1 to 3 **8.95**

B. 100% Wool 4-pc. knitted sweater set. Sizes 1 to 3 **6.20**

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Beret, 59c; mittens, 59c.

D. 100% Wool baby shawl with knitted fringe. **3.99**

E. 100% Wool knitted sacque, infant sizes **1.59**;
Adorable booties. **59c**

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F St. Building, The Hecht Co.

THE HECHT CO.

No Bumps;
No Bruises!
No Drafts!

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Put one at the head of the crib. Put one on either side. And no matter how baby rolls or kicks he'll suffer no bumps or bruises! And "Baby Bumpits" keep out drafts, too! Washable cotton felt with tie strings... no trouble to attach.

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Hairflex Filled Bumpits. **3 for 5.95**

INVEST 10% EVERY PAYDAY IN
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The Washington Post

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1942 1B

The Federal Diary

By Jerry Klutz

Congress Sounding Board For Illness Stories

Congress yesterday took official notice of the stories told repeatedly by Federal workers here of illness and waste of personnel by the Government agencies. These serious charges, often voiced in this column by the employees themselves, undoubtedly will be investigated by Congress. Chairman Ramspeck of the House Civil Service Committee asked the potent House Rules Committee yesterday to support his resolution calling for an investigation. He'll get the committee's support as every member present reported he had been told stories of inefficient handling of personnel. However, another hearing was set for today.

Representative Colmer of Mississippi started the committee members when he said he had heard a report that the payroll of the War Department's 1,199,900 civilian employees was greater than that of the Army. Ramspeck supported the statement, in part, by explaining that the civilian payroll was probably greater than that of all the \$50-a-month privates. The pay of 1,199,900 civilians, he said, would be about equal to that of from 3,500,000 to four million privates. The average civilian salary is between \$1800 and \$1940, Ramspeck said.

Ramspeck went on to say that down in his Georgia district the War Department was paying \$105 a month to boys and girls just to learn typing and stenography so that they could take better-paying jobs in the department. He believes the department has plenty of stenographers who aren't doing stenographic work. He referred to a letter in yesterday's Post from Florence M. Begg of the Signal Corps who said, "There seems to be no place for the excellent stenographer or private secretary of five years' experience. The Government seems to need only thousands of green girls and ordinary clerical workers." Miss Begg, an instructor in the Signal Corps, said she could recommend ten stenographers who could take dictation at 120 words a minute.

Representative Delaney of New York said he had sent qualified stenographers to the departments but they were told that none was being hired. Soon afterward he'd hear there was a shortage of stenographers. Representative Michener of Michigan said there were plenty of stenographers available and the Government shouldn't have to pay to train them. He insisted an inquiry would take too much time and said he'd like to "see some good man with intestinal fortitude move into the departments and find out what's going on." The President, he said, should tell the department heads to cut the monkey business and get to work.

Representative Smith of Virginia said he had heard numerous stories of employees falling over one another with nothing to do in the departments. "It's about time," he said, "that Congress gets the facts. Chairman Sabath said there were thousands on the payroll and 'we should get rid of them.' He, too, has heard the stories of idleness and discontent. Representative Fish of New York said the desk Army and Navy officers should be cleaned out and Sabath agreed.

Ramspeck proposed that his committee carry on a continuing inquiry of the Federal service. He pointed out that the War Department estimated it would take 2000 additional employees to set up the Family Allowment Unit but asked the Civil Service Commission for 10,000 employees. He absolved the commission of blame as he explained it only filled orders for personnel but he said the Budget Bureau should have checked up on the Army. Ramspeck also said he would investigate "draft dodging" but his inquiry wouldn't be a witch-hunt.

Sam Lubell, who formerly wrote this column and who recently authored the Baruch rubber report, has joined the staff of Jimmy Byrnes... Society for the Advancement of Management will hold a dinner meeting tomorrow night at the Y. W. C. A. Federal personnel practices will be discussed... Julian B. Turner has been appointed personnel director of Federal Power. He was with Civil Service... Efficiency rating boards of review may now sit longer than a year under a recent ruling by the Civil Service Commission.

A Quiet Day in Virginia

Brookside, Va., Oct. 13 (A.P.)—Dinckley shot at a squirrel 35 feet up in a tree. The alert squirrel dived into a hollow. Not to be outdone, Dinckley got his ax and cut down the tree. He found the squirrel, and a companion squirrel, inside the tree and inside a huge blockhouse.

Police Solve 50 'Society' House-Breakings



THE LOOT—Precinct Detective Charles T. Williams and Roland M. Kirby, plain clothes officer, inventory thousands of dollars worth of valuables recovered early yesterday which belong to householders in the Eighth Precinct. Two men are being held without charge in connection with housebreakings in which the loot was allegedly taken.

ROB, from Page 1.
accomplish followed.

They used a brace and bit to bore holes around door locks, they said, but abandoned this method in place of a glass cutter later on. They were once caught in the act by a policeman, they said, but managed to escape.

An alphabetical index of their victims was found in the men's

rooms along with an itemized list of their loot.

Police said last night that the pair had admitted 35 housebreakings, but they hope to clear at least 15 more.

The Eighth Precinct station last night resembled a department store. One room was set aside for the display of the recovered property.

A steady stream of victims en-

tered and examined the haul, trying to identify rings, watches, furs, silverware, oil paintings, half a dozen guns and literally thousands of other trinkets removed from their homes.

A list of the robberies was not available last night, but the victims included C. R. Mitchell, 3224 Cathedral Avenue Northwest, and Dr. J. R. Palkin, 4701 Thirty-second Street Northwest.

Barse Urges Bar to Name Free Counsel

The Bar Association of the District was asked last night by Chief Judge George P. Barse of the Municipal Court, to name a committee of lawyers to act as counsel without pay in his court for those under criminal charges when the prisoners are unable to pay for a lawyer.

The judge said that it was customary for the court to ask some lawyer to volunteer his services when such occasions arose, but that better results would be obtained with a committee from the Bar acting.

The judge addressed the meeting of the Association at the Mayflower, at which the judges of the Municipal Court were the guests of honor. Prior to the address of Judge Barse, the members of the court were introduced. Those present were: Judges Armond W. Scott, Nell K. Ready, Walter J. Casey, George D. Neilson and Brice Claggett.

Others introduced were: Chief Justice Alfred A. Wheat, of the District Court; William E. Richardson, chief judge of the Municipal Court of Appeals; Nathan Cayton, of the Municipal Court of Appeals; and Maurice Morris, president of the American Bar Association.

In the course of his talk Judge Barse outlined the history of the minor courts in the District, how they began with a justice of the peace court, with both criminal and civil jurisdiction, and on down to the present system of the consolidated Municipal Courts.

Charles S. Imlay opened the meeting with a discussion of the bill now under consideration in Congress for changing the method for employers in the District to pay their unemployment compensation taxes.

Resolutions were adopted favoring a bill in Congress permitting the forfeiture of collateral in speeding cases and disapproving of the present bill which would outlaw contingent fees for those aiding in securing Government contracts.

Ramspeck proposed that his committee carry on a continuing inquiry of the Federal service. He pointed out that the War Department estimated it would take 2000 additional employees to set up the Family Allowment Unit but asked the Civil Service Commission for 10,000 employees. He absolved the commission of blame as he explained it only filled orders for personnel but he said the Budget Bureau should have checked up on the Army. Ramspeck also said he would investigate "draft dodging" but his inquiry wouldn't be a witch-hunt.

Construction Costing \$235,000 Begun on 8 New Playgrounds

By Martha McLean

Post Staff Writer

Construction costing \$235,000 already has begun on eight District playgrounds, approval has been granted for expenditure of an additional \$457,000 on 20 projects and \$600,000 more is expected to be approved for further playground work, Irving C. Root, superintendent of National Capital Parks, reported yesterday to the District Recreation Board.

Contracts already let are for work on the stadium site at Anacostia Park, Fort Dupont and Fort Greble playgrounds and five recreation areas—Hillcrest, Langston, Oxon Run, Southwest and Randall, Root reported. This work comes out of "first Lanham funds."

Second Lanham Program

The second Lanham program for \$457,000 will proceed as rapidly as plans can be worked out and bids let and does not have to wait until the first program is completed, Root said. This fund will be used for improving 20 acres, according to present plans, which provide for the work to be done during the winter so that the grounds will be ready for spring.

A city-wide conference to coordinate programs for physical fitness was proposed by the chairman of the board, Harry S. Wender, and the board voted to act as a cooperating agency if such a convention is held.

Three to four months are lost in conditioning men after they are inducted into the Army or other services, Wender said. "And there is a good deal that can be done for youths and adults—especially those not in school—that isn't being done," Wender told the board. He spoke of the "actually atrocious conditions of young men," described by representatives of the military services at the recent War Recreation Congress, saying that in taking "a last fling" before being inducted, men seem to make "an all out effort to see how bad a condition they can get themselves into."

Wender has already made his suggestion to Dr. Harry Ostrow

of the Public Health Department, Hardy Pearce, director of physical education in the schools; the Federation of Citizens Associations and other groups. The next step is a meeting of these people to plan for a conference of key groups in the program, he said.

Ballou States Views

Colleges and universities should be included in such a conference to make it comprehensive, Dr. Frank W. Ballou, superintendent of schools, stated, adding, "I think we'll find that a great deal is being done now for these young people that they are not taking advantage of fully. Many facilities are now provided that young people are not interested in."

Personnel matters will be dealt with by the board as a whole, it was decided in turning down a recommendation made at a previous meeting that a committee be appointed to deal with such matters privately.

Instead, Dr. Ballou was appointed chairman and Mrs. George Garrett and Mrs. Alice C. Hunter, members of a committee on classification to help the recreation superintendent on special employe policy problems. The District Commissioners have given the board power of approval all proposals for land purchases, Milo F. Christiansen, recreation superintendent, announced. The issue came up over citizens' protests over a proposed playground at Thirty-second, Chesapeake and Brandywine Streets Northwest.

Two-thirds of the land had been purchased by the National Capital Park and Planning Commission prior to the establishment of the Recreation Board.

A green light has been given by the White House for the annual National Christmas Tree Ceremony, Alaska, North America's highest peak, encountered night temperatures as low as 23 degrees below zero. The expedition and some of its accomplishments were disclosed yesterday at a luncheon at the Administration Building of the National Geographic Society, given by Dr. Gilbert Grosvenor, society president, for six of the mountain climbers and Army officers associated with the project.

As a "by-product" seven of the 17 members of the expedition climbed to the 20,300-foot summit of Mount McKinley, making the third ascent of the peak ever accomplished. A flag of the United States and a much-traveled flag of the National Geographic Society, which were unfurled on North America's topmost pinnacle were presented to Dr. Grosvenor at the luncheon by Bradford Washburn, who, in addition to making last summer's climb, has led a number of expeditions in Alaska for the society.

The testing project, organized by Maj. Gen. E. B. Gregory, quartermaster general, U. S. A., was made up of representatives of the Quartermaster Corps, the Army Air Force and the Royal Canadian Air Force. They went in on foot and by dog team, establishing a base camp near the 6000-foot level. Seven men pushed on to an 18,000-foot altitude and set up the testing camp in the snow and ice. The high camp was supplied in large part by packages dropped by parachute from airplanes operating out of Fairbanks, 150 miles away. This is the highest altitude at which supplies have been parachuted in the Western Hemisphere. More than 100 items were tested at the Army's winter-in-snow camp.

Hospital Quiz Backed By Senate

McCarran Resolution Asks Full Report On Stalled Program From U. S. Agencies

By Robert W. Harvey

Post Staff Writer

The Senate yesterday passed without opposition the McCarran resolution demanding an immediate and full report from Federal authorities on the progress to date of emergency hospital expansion in the District.

Senator McCarran gave the Federal Works Agency and other agencies involved an extra five days of grace by modifying the measure to require submission of the report within 15 days. It originally stipulated that the report must be submitted within 10 days from the date of passage.

Under its terms, the FWA, the Public Health Service and the District Commissioners are directed to explain in detail all proposals, projects, specifications and estimated needs, and show why the program has been stalled so long.

Most Drastic Effort

The legislation represents the Senate District Committee's latest and most drastic effort to pry the hospital building program loose from red tape entanglements, and provide the Capital with adequate hospital facilities before winter. To date only two projects have been finally approved within the city—at Gallinger and Georgetown—and work has yet to start on either.

Senator LaFollette (Republican) of Wisconsin joined McCarran on the floor yesterday in urging that officials be prodded into action on the program. He asserted that McCarran was being "too lenient" in giving the agencies the extra five days in which to prepare the report.

"The money and authority for this were voted months ago," he declared. "If they don't have their report ready by this time, I don't think five more days will do them any good."

Fears Shocking Situation

"This city is in dire need of hospital facilities and unless something is done a situation will be created here which will be shocking to the entire country."

The resolution as adopted cites the conferences and correspondence through which McCarran and the committee, many times in recent months, have called the FWA's attention to the situation for immediate action, "without tangible results."

It also warns that unless adequate hospitalization is provided at once, the city will be laid open to a possible national disaster in the form of epidemic.

The funds with which the program is to be financed were contained in an appropriation of Lanham Act emergency money, for housing and public works, which was signed by the President in early July.

Army Tries Out Winter Equipment On Mt. McKinley

To find out in the summer of 1942 what will happen to newly designed army equipment in the winter of 1942-43, a group of military men and scientists spent three weeks last July in camp on the upper reaches of Mount McKinley, Alaska, North America's highest peak, encountered night temperatures as low as 23 degrees below zero. The expedition and some of its accomplishments were disclosed yesterday at a luncheon at the Administration Building of the National Geographic Society, given by Dr. Gilbert Grosvenor, society president, for six of the mountain climbers and Army officers associated with the project.

As a "by-product" seven of the 17 members of the expedition climbed to the 20,300-foot summit of Mount McKinley, making the third ascent of the peak ever accomplished. A flag of the United States and a much-traveled flag of the National Geographic Society, which were unfurled on North America's topmost pinnacle were presented to Dr. Grosvenor at the luncheon by Bradford Washburn, who, in addition to making last summer's climb, has led a number of expeditions in Alaska for the society.

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Plans Go Ahead for Campaign Gas Rates Raised by \$200,141



HIGHEST AMOUNT—James E. Colliflower (left), District Salvage Committee chairman, presents to John A. Edelin, southeast area chairman, a \$606.33 check for scrap collected.

Plans for Washington's heavy scrap drive went forward yesterday while those who participated in the last drive were paid off.

Details of the new blitz campaign will be completed at a meeting of the District Commissioners' special scrap salvage committee tomorrow at 9 a. m. at the office of Col. J. B. Arthur, Jr., assistant engineer commissioner.

Winding up the recent two-day "blitz" scrap drive, a total of \$9103.24 in checks was presented to the chairman of the salvage areas of Washington in the United States Chamber of Commerce Building at a meeting of organization chairmen and salvage chairman for the District. This represents a total of more than three million pounds of scrap.

Southeast Is High Scorer

High scorer was John A. Edelin, 1640 B Street Southeast, chairman of the Southeast Civilian Defense Area, who received a check for \$606.33 representing 213,780 pounds of scrap metal.

Outlining the campaign for scrap from business and industrial houses, Horace Walker, committee secretary said: "In order to make it convenient for business and commercial houses, the heavy scrap drive should last a week or more. By stretching out the campaign for at least a week, we certainly should get fuller cooperation from business houses, for they can choose whatever day is most convenient for them to put their trucks to work."

Walker announced that only one central collection depot would be established. He declared it was too early to predict if the District Motor Vehicle Division would discontinue the use of two license plates per car for 1943, but added that 60,000 pounds of valuable scrap had been realized by the Salvage

Victory Sidelights

D. C. Air Raid Warden Service Declared One of Nation's Best

Commissioner John Russell Young told more than 1500 members of the air-raid warden service last night that he was "proud" of them and their work and thought the organization was "one of the best in the country."

Pointing out specific instances of their work, Commissioner Young, who is also coordinator of civilian defense, praised the wardens for their response during test blackouts, declaring that during his observations of these tests he "experienced one of the most satisfying things during my life."

Col. William A. Brewer of the National Office of Civilian Defense stressed to the wardens, gathered in the departmental auditorium, the "vital importance" of their work in not only defending the country in time of emergency but helping actually in the active defeat of the enemy.

Col. Lemuel Bolles, director of civilian defense here, also lauded the work of the wardens. Chief Air Raid Warden William Muleham, who presided, introduced prominent in the air-raid warden service and emphasized "the fine quality of their efforts."

Fuel Oil Ration Boards

Need 200 Assistants

Approximately 200 men and women are needed immediately to help staff the 15 fuel oil rationing boards now set up in the District. It was announced yesterday by Mrs. Harry Merton, head of the Civilian Defense Volunteer Bureau, 2324 F Street Northwest.

Housewives with spare time are preferred as volunteers, the report said. It will be required that each volunteer be able to add and subtract quickly and accurately and have at least a high school education.

The work of classifying about 60,000 applications for fuel oil rationing will take about two weeks. Information may be had by calling the volunteer bureau at Republic 5103, extension 7 or 8.

Berlin Papers, Please Copy

Army and Navy officers "in the know" never walk by the White House on the side used by the sentries for patrolling purposes; seems each soldier has to hoist his heavy rifle up to "present arms" whenever officers pass. So, just to save them the trouble, bars and gold braid take the outside path.

Hankin Dissents From PUC Majority, Saying Move Is Contrary to OPA

Answering in argument of the Office of Price Administration that a rate increase at this time is inflationary, the Public Utilities Commission late yesterday authorized the Washington Gas Light Co. to effect a consumer rate increase to boost the company's revenue by \$200,141 annually.

The order, which is retroactive to September 1, was issued in the face of a violent dissenting opinion from Gregory Hankin, PUC minority member. It involves an average monthly rise of 3 cents for each domestic consumer. The edict climaxed many months of argument.

"I dissent from the opinion and order of the commission on four grounds," declared Commissioner Hankin, in contending that the public utility should undergo decreases in rates involving approximately \$617,000, rather than increase them.

No Fair Public Hearing

The order, which is retroactive to in utter disregard of and contrary to the Act of October 2, 1942, amending the Price Control Act.

"The commission in this proceeding has so far departed from the usual course of administrative proceeding and has so disregarded the rules of proper procedure that it deprived the public of a full and fair hearing."

"The commission's determination of an increase in rates is based upon errors in the sliding scale arrangement and upon conclusions unsupported by the evidence in the record."

"With proper allocation of the sliding scale arrangement, and in the light of such other facts as are pertinent to this case, the present rate should be increased by the sum of \$617,874.36."

Used for Seven Years

The Public Utilities Commission first used the sliding scale arrangement for the gas company seven years ago, as an instrument of determining gas rates annually.

A public utility authorized to raise its tariff is required, under the Price Control Act, to inform James F. Byrnes, new economic stabilization director, of the altered status of its consumer tariff. James H. Flanagan, chairman of the Public Utilities Commission, acting in conjunction with Charles W. Kutz, member of the commission, took notice of the new Price Control law by stating "I am assured by the company that it will give appropriate notice to the Honorable James F. Byrnes in compliance with the recent act of Congress amending the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, and that such notice will be accompanied by a copy of the findings and order of this commission."

Hankin Seeks Delay

Hankin, in his dissent, said: "The fact that the Office of Price Administration had already participated in the hearing in this case in no way absolves this Commission from its duty of holding its own order retroactive so that rates might be said to have been in effect on September 1, the violation of the statute is so much the worse. The commission thus provides the company with a means of evading the law, to me this is shocking, although not surprising in view of other circumstances attending this case."

A \$357,000 increase which the gas company contended it was entitled to was reduced \$156,075 by the decrease, which is shocking, largely based on a shrinking of potential surplus profits taxes, special adjustments of maintenance costs and income taxes.

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Police and ODT Investigate Game House Cab Ferry

The Metropolitan Police and the taxicab section of the ODT last night had under study data on the ferry service of cabs to Mike's Place in Prince Georges County, which was brought to light by The Washington Post.

Clewell Sykes of the ODT promised to study it and ascertain what action, punitive or otherwise, would be taken as a result.

The police investigation was made by Sgt. Joseph D. Harrington of the hack inspector's office under orders from Maj. Edward Kelly, superintendent.

Meanwhile, the Prince Georges County grand jury, in its formal report to the court before adjourning yesterday, took official cognizance of the story carried by The Post. The report said a number of witnesses had been questioned, but no evidence "to warrant any action by this body had been obtained." It added that further investigation will be made.

Theft of Gasoline

Books Is Reported

Admiral John Ranneft, naval attaché to the Netherlands Legation, 1410 Euclid Street Northwest, told police that his A and C gasoline rationing books were stolen yesterday from his automobile while parked in front of the legation. He said entrance was gained by forcing a rear window.

Raid Warden Training

Directors Will Meet

All air training directors for the Air Raid Warden Service will be familiarized with a new training program tonight at a meeting at 7:30 p. m. in the warden headquarters, 1241 Maryland Avenue Northeast. It was announced yesterday by Chief Air Raid Warden Muleham.

CHARM CLINIC

By Colette

If large figure—

Don't—

Don't wear the tiny coquetish hat.



Do—

Do wear the larger hat which is in proportion to your figure, and balances your face, shoulders and figure regardless of age—16 or 60.

Chicago Sun Syndicate

Marian Martin Pattern

Pattern 9218 may be ordered only in misses' sizes 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20. Size 16 requires 3½ yards of 35-inch nap fabric.

Send 16 cents in coins for this Marian Martin pattern. Write plainly size, name address and style number.

Send your order to The Washington Post Pattern Department, 232 West Eighteenth Street, NEW YORK, N. Y.



9218

Gummy, Inky? Try Ice, Starch, Talcum Powder

If you "inked-up" a good dress while battling your correspondence, don't despair. Take plain talcum powder or corn starch, apply it to the ink spot and work it around with a blunt instrument. When the powder becomes soiled as it absorbs the ink, brush it off and then apply a paste made of more powder mixed with a bit of water. Keep rubbing that over the ink spot until the stain is gone.

For removing stains from heavy fabrics like woolen blankets, make a paste of raw starch and cold water, then apply it to the stain. When the paste is dry, just brush it off. It may take two or three applications of the paste, but you'll be surprised at the magic it works.

And there isn't one of us who hasn't found herself stuck up with gum and mad as a hornet at the carelessness of people who stick it under seats at the theater or under restaurant tables. But here's how to remove it: first, rub the gum with ice—that hardens it—and then you can scrape it out of the fabric.

Storing Clothes? Here Are Hints For Better Job

Are you packing your summer things away these days? If so, here are some rules to remember:

If you use camphor or moth balls, it is advisable to put them into corners, separating them with tissue paper so that they do not come into direct contact with the fabrics, yet allow the vapor to permeate freely.

Don't try to preserve rubber articles such as bathing suits, bathing shoes, etc. Give them to the rubber salvage, as it is next to impossible to keep rubber from drying out in the average home.

Your Figure, Madame!

Teen-Age Doesn't Have to Be Sold on Need for Fitness

By Ida Jean Kain

It's time we stop worrying about the younger generation and worry about the older one. The youngsters are away ahead in toughening up to stand the changes that are being made in our mode of living. They will be able to take whatever comes.

Just by way of illustration, let me tell you what the girls at an exclusive camp did last summer. You can be sure they paid enough not to have to work! But what did they do? They cleared between 40 and 50 trees off their camp site, chopped all the firewood they could use, and did the chores. Then, for fun, they would hike three miles back and forth to play golf. That same thing went on all over the country.

Miss Josephine Persicano, physical education expert in charge of one of the groups, is understandably proud of the promptness which the girls showed in going back to pioneering. All of them enjoyed the exercise. But the ones who had started out a trifle plump were delighted. They slumped down without having to diet. That's how hard they worked!

The need for fitness is nothing new. It's having life suddenly become so much harder that makes us feel the need. Probably the quickest of all ways to get in trim is through outdoor work and Miss Persicano, who trains the students at New York University who plan to teach physical education, tells me the outdoor work program will be stressed more and more.

Sports will be continued because, as she says, "In normal times, if a girl learns to do something she enjoys and to do it well, she can always be sure of getting enough exercise pleasantly." Besides that, sports are toughening. Sometimes, as with swimming, a sport can be a life saver. Our boat disasters have shown how vitally important it is to be able to swim and swimming is on the preferred sports list with girls as well as boys.

If you have a young daughter, swimming is about the best exercise you could encourage her to take. It will straighten out almost anything that might be wrong with her posture—and physical educators usually find that something is wrong, such as high shoulder—and it will give her a good figure. Furthermore, it induces relaxation. It heads a list of archery, fencing and skiing as sports correctives for posture faults.

But don't get the idea that while such sports are fine for your daughter it's too late for you to take any of them up. If you can manage to work at it two or three times a week, a sport is an excellent conditioner. You will benefit more from it than you would think possible.

The youngsters are taking up this conditioning program with young enthusiasm—but let's not lag too far behind them. We're going to have to take just as much as they ever will.

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Leftovers

When making a chocolate pie, try substituting leftover coffee for half the milk. It does great things for the flavor, Westinghouse home economists say.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP

10th, 11th, F and G Streets
Phone District 5300Store Hours 9:30 to 6:15
Thursdays 12:30 to 9

The Dress You "Live In"...

...two-piece...legal...and lovely

Rising to a host of occasions, the two-piece dress has the urbane look of a suit, the versatility of skirt and jacket, the under-coat softness of a dress. It is your new love, your true love, your season-through dependable in these days when one little dress must serve valiantly as two. We picture four of the manifold versions you find at Woodward & Lothrop.

Mink tails at the neckline—give a "suit look" to this trim, young, two-piece dress—sea foam, black, blue, brown or red sheer woolen with huge and handsome buttons. Misses' sizes. \$39.75

MISSSES' DRESSES, THIRD FLOOR



Lillian Abbott's understanding design, again, for you who adore her fashions. Have this two-piece button-back for daytime in red or lush green cotton velveteen or in blue, gold or red wool, with button-front, for day-long. Sizes 9 to 15. \$16.95

JUNIOR MISSES' APPAREL, FOURTH FLOOR



BUY WAR BONDS AND STAMPS FOR FREEDOM

Victory Booth, First Floor
Post Office, First Floor
Service Desks All Floors (except the first)

Two-piece and two colors.

You may have pink-and-black or blue-and-brown, either version a flatterer. The jacket, soft as its colors, is 85% wool—15% rabbit's hair—the skirt and the bands that go round and round are crisp rayon. Sizes 12 to 18. \$14.95

SPORTSWEAR, THIRD FLOOR

New era for smart women—so much more becoming color for you to wear—notably in this two-piece dress of Forstmann's sheer, smooth 90% wool, 10% rabbit's hair. Violet, red or blue—yes, black, too, if you still prefer it—with just a whisper of military influence. Sizes 16 to 42. \$39.75

WOMEN'S DRESSES, THIRD FLOOR



WOODWARD & LOTHROP

10th F and G Streets
Phone District 5300

Whispers in Your Pretty Ears

...shining earrings are complement-catchers par excellence

- A—Three little flowers of gold-colored metal. Pair. \$5.50
- B—"Square the circle" earrings can be initiated. Pair. \$3.30
- C—Gypsy hoops—diminutive size. Their color—gold or silver. Pair. \$1.65
- D—Gleaming scrollers—gold-colored metal. Pair. \$6.60
- E—Rhinstones to rival bright lights. Pair. \$1.10
- F—Rhinstone arrows thrust through hearts of aqua-colored stones. Pair. \$12.10

Prices include tax

COSTUME JEWELRY, AISLE 5, FIRST FLOOR



Patriotic Corsage

How would you like to decorate your lapel with a corsage more precious than orchids, more timely than chrysanthemums, more colorful than gardenias? And to make the wearing of the corsage even more fun, make it yourself.

But you don't have to stop when you have yourself a corsage. If you are a madame chairman your organization may have use of them for various occasions. Honor guests, guest speakers and sick members would all like such a patriotic gesture.

The making of these corsages has been simplified. You can get all the makings in one War Stamp Corsage Kit. The manufacturers of artificial flowers have pooled their materials and organized themselves into three distributing points.

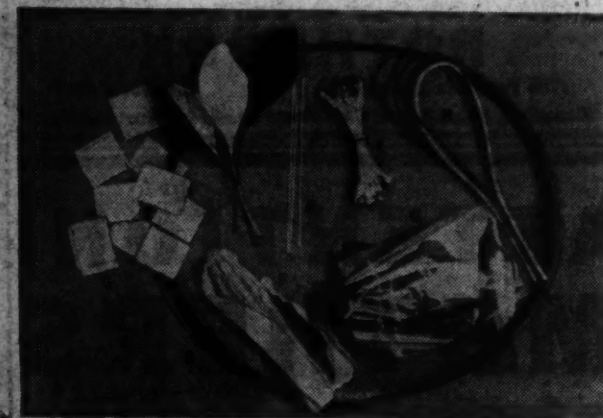
The kit contains everything needed to make 100 war stamp corsages, except the actual stamps themselves. Those, of course, can be obtained in many places locally. Contained in the kit are simple, easy-to-follow photographic instructions, for making the approved type of corsages—nine 10-cent War Saving Stamps, selling for \$1.

The price of the kit, delivered to you, is \$2.75. You order these kits from the distributor of the area in which you live. Burros & Burros, 111 West Nineteenth Street, New York, N. Y., is the distributor for the Eastern area. The Midwestern area is represented by the Schack Artificial Flower Co., 319 West Van Buren Street, Chicago, Ill. The Coast Flower Manufacturing Co., 936 Maple Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif., is the distributor for the Western part of the United States.

A complete sample corsage without the stamps will come with every order, but not with every kit. If you want a sample of the corsage with the nine stamps, it is necessary, of course, to include an extra \$1.



1. This floral burst of patriotism is as appealing now for a corsage as any assemblage of exquisite flowers could possibly be. Mother nature won't be annoyed if you order a War Stamp Corsage Kit and make your own corsages. She will consider it just another gesture she is making in behalf of the war contribution.



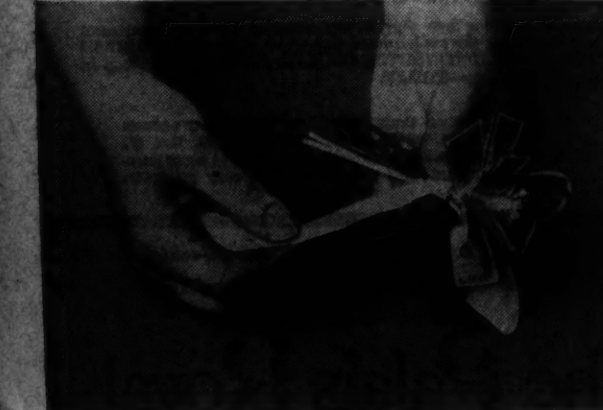
2. Shown here are the materials required for making one War Stamp Corsage—(a) two sizes of wire, (b) nine pieces of cellophane, (c) three red, (d) white and blue leaves, (e) six strands red, white and blue stamens, (f) small strip of white crepe paper, (g) nine 10-cent War Saving Stamps, (h) three pieces red, white and blue cloth tub.



3. This step in the corsage-making indicates the method for doubling the cellophane over and twisting the ends to form a stem.



4. The stamens are laid out in lots of 12 strands. Each lot is folded and tied to covered wire with piece of hair wire, constituting flower center.



5. This step shows the nine covered stamps being tied in the center in circular form with the same piece of hair wire.

The Coiffure To Fit the Hat

By Martha Elynn

Your hair is what you make it. Drab hair can become bright, lifeless locks can become lustrous and straight hair can become curly.

Of course it takes a bit of doing. But the effort will give a shiny reward. Hair and scalp health is the basis of beautiful hair. To have healthy hair it must be kept in immaculate clean. Correct shampooing and the hundred strokes a day with the brush cannot be skipped. And you can't ignore the proper diet either if you want luxuriant hair.

After a thorough shampoo, keep your hair well brushed to clean it from dust and atmospheric dirt. Don't be afraid to brush a wave, for it will make the wave deeper and even more natural-looking.

It is true that nerves, excessive oiliness or dryness, a faulty diet or illness do effect the hair. But with good health, a diet containing vitamin A (the name a few—cream, eggs, and all green vegetables), you can have live-looking hair.

Expert Styling

But even beautiful hair must be put in the hands of an expert for cutting, permaning and setting. The shaping and cutting of the hair are as important to the easy handling and lovely lines of a coiffure as a good permanent.

And in these busy war days when women wear their hair casual by day to look right with uniforms and business attire, and then change to a more sophisticated way of dress by night, it is doubly important that the hair be cut so it can be manipulated easily—up or down.

Antoine, the well-known Parisian coiffeur, is visiting a Washington salon this week to give advice concerning hair. He can tell you the way you should have your hair cut to make the most of angular or oval features. He will advise the most becoming style of hair-do for your particular style. If you want to make certain that your hair is a significant part of you and that it is doing the most for you, by all means consult this expert hair stylist.

Washline, Pins, In Monday's Wash Can Help the War

War is such a huge and costly thing that homemakers sometimes find it hard to realize that small household economies make contributions toward victory. In homemaking, seemingly insignificant savings can be effected to release funds for war stamps on the one hand, and release materials for the war effort on the other.

Take the washline, for instance. It consists of scores or perhaps hundreds of feet of rope or wire, which are inexpensive and easy to replace in peacetime. Now, however, they are among the war scarcities. By taking care of the washline, keeping it usable by keeping it clean, the homemaker helps the war by releasing vital war products and by saving the money required for replacement.

The rope line can be kept in condition by churning it in the washer once a month, and by taking it down and winding it carefully between washdays, unless it is attached to pulleys. The wire line should be wiped with a soap-dampened cloth before every use, and it too, can be taken down and wound neatly.

Clothespins are other small items that have been treated casually in the past, because they were cheap and easy to replace. Now it is good policy to pick up every one that drops, and to keep all of them clean. Nothing is so irritating to a housewife, nor so easy to prevent, as clothespin marks on otherwise clean clothing.

Just treat the pins to a monthly sudsing. They rarely need more than to float in a tub of warm soapy water. Even rinsing isn't necessary. They should be dried in the air or sun. It will help to keep them clean if the pins are always kept in a thoroughly clean clothespin bag. Strudy bags can be made of bed ticking or denim, both of which are easily washed.

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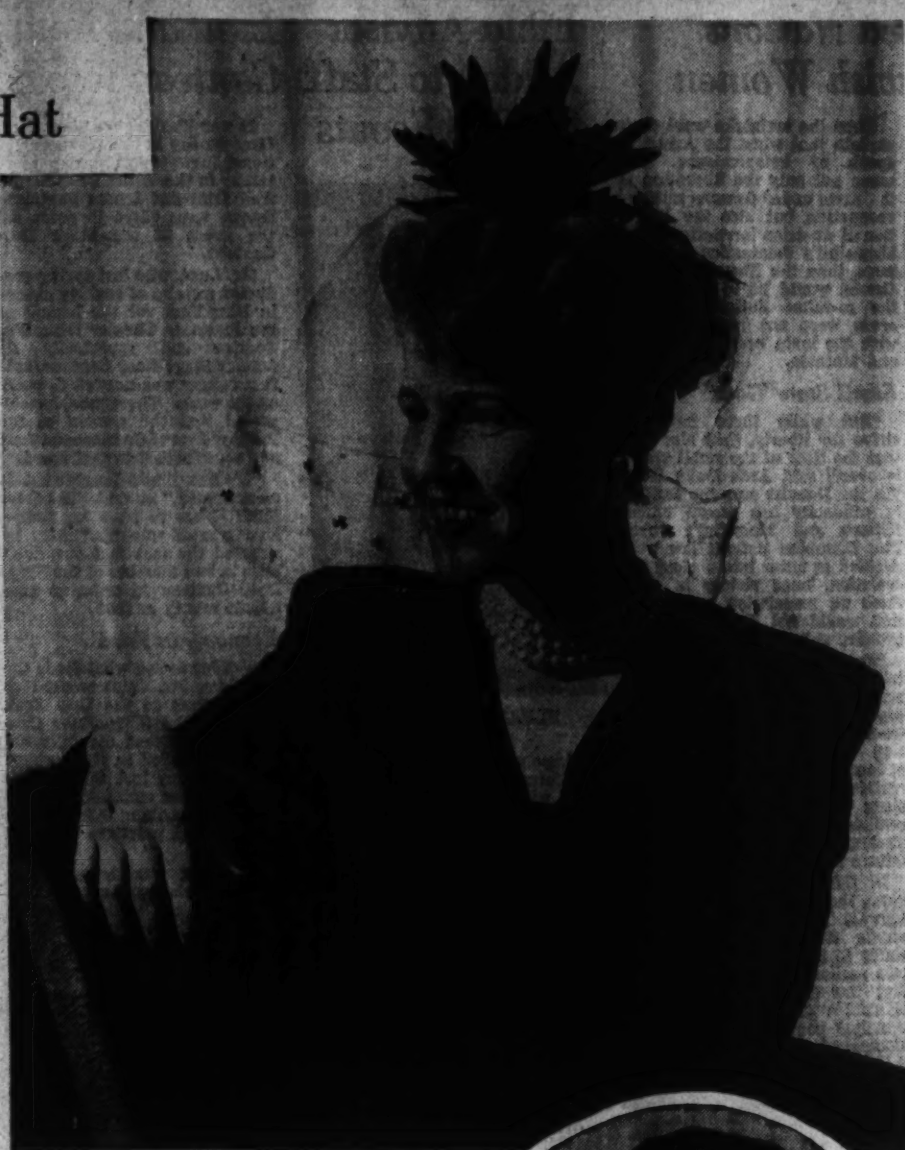


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Perfume Pointers

A few tips on cologne and perfume. Match the fragrance of one to the other. A mixture of different odors can be offensive. When you apply either, put in on your skin where it will continue

to give off fragrance from the warmth of your body. Try a touch behind the ears, along the hairline and at the back of your neck. Perfumes and colognes not only stain cloth, but the odor disappears quickly.

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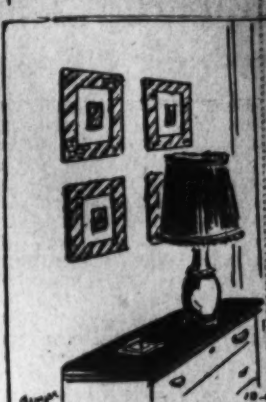
Immediately after you take off a garment, be it coat, suit, or dress, hang it where there is a free circulation of air. This helps prolong the life of the wool fabric. Sweaters and other knitted garments should be placed flat on the bed or chair until all the moisture absorbed from the body has evaporated.

When clothes are wet, and perhaps mud-splashed, hang them in the air, but away from direct heat. Placing the garment over a radiator or near a stove or fireplace to hasten drying is invariably damaging to the wool fiber, which becomes brittle and inelastic, so that instead of responding to the movements of the body, it is strained and wears out easily. Mud, when dry, is easy to remove with a brush, but efforts to remove it when wet, are likely to work it into the material.

Toast Leftover

Leftover sandwiches make an excellent luncheon next day when toasted and garnished with cheese sauce.

It's About Time



By Dolores Boland

IT'S ABOUT TIME to use remnants of plain needle-point canvas to cover small frames for snapshots of family. Work in narrow diagonal stripes with rosebuds in one corner. Make frames 1 1/2 inches wide and use fine needle point.

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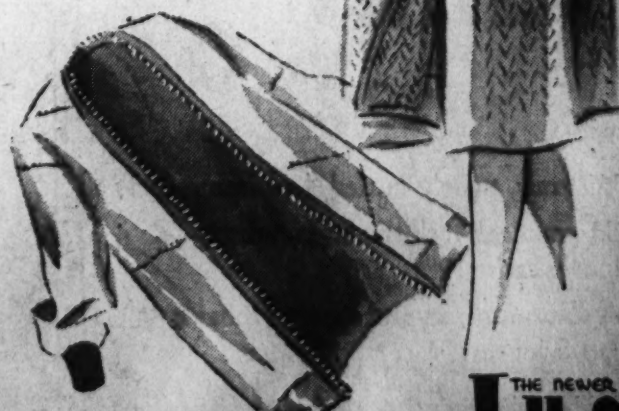
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THE NEWER
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Central Europe Is Confident United Nations Will Win, Archduke Otto Tells Jewish Women

By Genevieve Reynolds
The Post Staff Writer

Archduke Otto, Pretender to the Throne of Austria, speaking before the Council of Jewish Women last night at the Jewish Community Center, expressed a firm belief in the triumph of the Allied Nations. He said that the people of Central Europe now under the Nazis' military yoke held the same opinion about ultimate victory.

"You will not find a more rugged individualist than the Austrian peasant, the Czech laborer or the Hungarian farmer," he declared. "These people have never surrendered to foreign rule... they have always been free men on their native soil. This is the reason why Hitler met the first powerful underground resistance in these countries."

The dapper archduke went on to point out that the Austrian people were all united in this underground movement against Hitler and Mussolini and that it started the day Austria was invaded. He stressed the fact that this underground fight was a permanent strain on the forces of the invader. The small daily sabotage was the deadliest weapon against Hitler.

Decisive Moment

"It is the preparation for the great moment," he averred. "Today, we outside the country have the duty to tell our people inside to be cautious. We have to reserve our forces for the decisive moment. But the decisive moment will come and the strength of a whole nation suddenly will arise in a terrible revolution to destroy Germany and Mussolini's Italy."

Paying tribute to the Czech people, the archduke said: "Their fight is equally great, is equally admirable. But as for the fight of the Hungarian nation, it is less known. Today a so-called Hungarian government is with the Axis. But neither the Hungarian people nor the Hungarian Parliament have endorsed a policy imposed on them by a foreign government."

As proof of the Hungarians' resistance Archduke Otto explained that their attitude is one of Hitler's chief worries. Also,



ARCHDUKE OTTO

that nothing seemed to work and by night organizations including all classes of the Hungarian people were striking in daring guerrilla raids at the German troops stationed in that country.

German supply lines to the Russian front were dynamited. And the Hungarian press, although under strict German censorship, was still writing articles which were understood by the Hungarians in their perceptible ridicule of the Germans.

Different Future

Declaring that we cannot return to the world which existed before Hitler he emphasized the point that Hitler was not an accident of history but the proceeding of a series of errors on our part. And that the return of the world before Hitler would just help along the creation of a new type of nazism.

It was natural that the basis of all postwar studies was a complete and unconditional liberation of all those countries, which have been forcibly deprived of their independence by Axis aggression. It is obvious that every square mile of Hitler's conquests must be liberated, if we take our principles seriously, according to the Archduke Otto.

Then the archduke went on to explain that when the Austrians speak of independence, they mean not only the liberation of it parts under German military occupation but also the liberation of Austrian territories under Mussolini's domination. At the same time the liberation of the Czechs would be of no avail if the so-called Sudeten German areas were not reunited again with the main body of Bohemia and Moravia.

Small State 'Gone'

"But while these nations strive for liberty, they also feel that the time of the small states is over," said Arch Duke Otto. "In the Danube area the feeling of solidarity has grown under Hitler's and Mussolini's yoke. The Danubian nations are well decided to enter into a close association, once victory is won. Such an association or federation would not be exclusive of broader solution."

"For instance, an international tribunal to enforce collective security, would be gladly accepted by our people. They would support such an institution wholeheartedly, although, at least in the beginning with a certain understandable skepticism; our people have become realists and as such they will always remember the terrible failure of the League of Nations."

In the opinion of the archduke, there will be an increased interest for the principles of public life of the European states to be carried on in absolute realism. This basic idea is that the coming constitutional principles must be adapted to principal conditions and not to ideological requirements. And that they must combine the permanent values of the past with new principles evolved from a new form of life.

Reborn Democracy

As for democracy—the Austrian archduke thinks that will have to undergo an overhauling. Referring to the democracy of Europe he said: "democracy still lived in the horse and buggy days. This was one of the reasons why democracy was overrun by totalitarianism. The new democracy to come will place much more squarely the responsibility for the public welfare on the shoulders of the citizens. They will be much more closely associated... These organizations no longer will be a private matter but will become an integrating part of the state."

Outlining in full the Austrian and other Danubian nations' plans for the future, the archduke touched lightly on the economic setup that must be understood. Also, he expressed great sympathy for the plight of the Jews in the world and especially those under Hitler's domination. However, he was optimistic in that the Jews would be free of future persecutions.

Parents Go to School

Announcing that a Back to School program has been scheduled in which parents will visit classrooms to hear teachers explain courses, an organization spokesman also stated that the first meeting of the Bethesda Chevy Chase Senior High P.T. A. will meet today.

Field Adviser Added to Staff Of Girl Scouts Lunt and Fontanne Explain Canteen Needs to Press Club



ELEANOR McMANMON

Appointment of Miss Eleanor McManmon of Lowell, Mass., as field adviser on the Washington Girl Scout staff has been announced by Miss Eleanor Durrett, executive secretary. Miss McManmon becomes the fourth field adviser on the local Scout staff, an additional position created in the Scouts' expansion program. She will enter upon her duties immediately, which will include supervision of 30 troops in the Connecticut Avenue area and training of new leaders.

Miss McManmon is a student at the National Catholic School of Social Science. Before coming to Washington she was sports director of the Girls City Club in Lowell and head counselor of the city health camps in Lowell.

Mrs. Samuel W. Boggs, chairman of the organization committee, has called a meeting of her committee for October 20 to work out the details of the expansion program recently approved by the board of directors of the Girl Scout national organization.

The five-point expansion program includes: Increase of leadership, increase of the number of girls in troops, expansion of troops to cover wider areas in communities, development of activities and extension of program for senior girls, closer cooperation in community planning, especially with other recreational agencies, to meet the problems of girls in migratory groups, in defense and industrial areas.

A leadership training course will start tomorrow to be held from 5:30 to 9 p. m. at local Scout headquarters.

Katherine Thomas To Address D. A. R.

Katherine Thomas, veteran White House reporter and writer, will address the Historical Research Committee, District of Columbia Revolution, at an initial meeting to be held at 11 a. m. tomorrow at the Chapter House, 1722 Massachusetts Avenue Northwest. Miss Thomas has chosen for her subject "Early Administrations in Washington."

It was Washington Stage Door Canteen day at the Women's National Press Club's luncheon yesterday in the Willard Hotel. Alfred Lunt and Lynne Fontanne, actors, were there to point out the needs of the Stage Door Canteen.

Mr. Lunt, who last spring conducted a series of cooking classes in New York for the benefit of the American Theater Wing War Service and specifically its famous Stage Door Canteen, said that money was needed to carry on the work. Thereupon, he suggested that the women of the Press reduce their luncheon food and contribute it to that cause.

"It's the jingle jangle that is most needed," he said. "But don't think it has to be a big sum—give in small amounts." Also, he stressed the fact that you don't have to be a member of the Stage Door Canteen in order to contribute money or food.

Economy in Food

In order to see what foods the boys like, Mr. Lunt worked as garbage man in the New York branch of the Stage Door Canteen. He watched carefully the food that landed in the garbage pails and thus had them eliminated from the menu. Also, when teaching cooking he both preached and practiced economy in foods.

His wife, statuesque Lynne Fontanne, who has been working as hostess and waitress in the New York branch, agreed with Mr. Lunt's suggestions on contributions and service to the



LYNNE FONTANNE

Wilson, codirector of "The Pirate" now at the National Theater.

Other distinguished guests included: Mrs. Claude Pepper, Mrs. Urbo Tolvola of the Finnish Legation, Lieut. Col. Jorge Sarmento, Peruvian delegate to the Inter-American Defense Board; Maj. Albert P. Hinkley of the Inter-American Defense Board, and Mrs. Frank Mason Dillard of Alexandria.

Zeta Tau Alpha Founding Fete Set Thursday

The forty-fourth anniversary of the founding of Zeta Tau Alpha will be celebrated tomorrow at 2400 Sixteenth Street Northwest, with a formal banquet given by the Washington Alumnae Chapter. Representatives from Beta Alpha Chapter at George Washington University will take part in the program.

All new Zetas in Washington have been invited to attend and may make reservations through Mrs. Paul Briggs, 6600 Seventh Street Northwest. Miss Dorothy Rock, president of the Washington Alumnae, will be toastmistress at the party, which will inaugurate the year for Washington Zetas.

The Saturday luncheon group will meet at 1 p. m. Saturday at the Four Hundred Restaurant, 1423 F Street Northwest. Miss Elizabeth Gladman, LI. 0561, will accept reservations not later than Wednesday.

the PADRE "Original Old Soles" In Every Detail Truly Smart!

Mrs. Lawrence Langner, director of the Washington Stage Door Canteen, also organizer of the New York one, was on hand to explain the types of service needed in the local canteen. She told how the Washington branch was started without proper finances, and of other difficulties that beset the opening of any event.

Others representing the theater and canteen were: Milton Shubert, codirector of the Theater Wing's National Branches; Mrs. George Mesta, chairman of the Donations Committee of the Canteen; Edward Plohn, chairman of the canteen's entertainment committee; John



ALFRED LUNT

canteen. Later when Gerry Dick, codirector of the canteen publicity committee, suggested a collection be taken then, Miss Fontanne joined her in passing the hat.

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Callic Tunes Will Be Sung At Garden Fete

Mrs. Bella MacDougall, who was presented to Queen Elizabeth of England on royal request, will be on hand to sing Gallic songs at the garden fete of the Scottish Clans Evacuation Plan to be held tomorrow at Dumbarton Oaks.

Also present at the party to benefit English children evacuated to the Scottish Highlands, will be 25 WAACS who will be inducted there.

It was announced that Mrs. Walter Peter, who has given the royalties on 25 copies of her book, "Old Georgetown Doorways," to the plan, will be present to sell autographed copies. Mrs. Steadman Hanks will sell theater.

Additional committee members were announced by a club spokesman as follows:

The military committee, with Lieut. Everett Walk, U. S. A., as chairman, includes Lieut. Archibald MacMillan, U. S. M. C.; Maj. Henry E. Jenkins, U. S. A.; Capt. L. O. Chiswick, U. S. A.; Lieut. Forrest Hamrick, U. S. N.; Lieut. W. T. M. Beale, U. S. N.; Lieut. Preston Andrade, U. S. A.; Lieut. Paul F. Bachman, U. S. N.; and Lieut. David Shor, U. S. A.

Acting as garden guides will be Miss Bajpai, Miss Hope Walloch, Mrs. Creighton Peet, Mrs. Laureston Hardin, Mrs. Howard Slade, Mrs. Ferguson and Miss Cinnette Allen.

Sweet Briar Alumnae To Meet Friday

Lieut. Bernice D. Lill of the WAVES, former registrar of Sweet Briar College, and Miss Martha Van Brieson, public relations director there, will speak at a meeting of the Sweet Briar Alumnae Association at 12:30 p. m. Friday at Schneider's Restaurant.

Lieutenant Lill is on leave of absence for the duration, and Miss Van Brieson is president of the National Alumnae Association.

Sorority Luncheon
Washington members of Gamma Phi Beta sorority alumnae chapter will meet for luncheon at 12:30 p. m. today at the home of Mrs. Ronald Billington, 1801 N. Danville Street, Arlington, Va.

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IT'S GOODBYE TO THE OLD SUITS YOU LEFT BEHIND, BOYS



New Orleans, La.—Catherine Bacon looks over the suit her brother put away for the duration when he went into the Army. She's going to cut it up and make it over into a new coat-suit for herself.



After ripping open the seams of the trousers, Catherine will press the material flat, lay her pattern on it and cut out a simple slim skirt, the kind put in style by the WPB.

Wide World Photo



Here's Catherine wearing the completed suit. The coat had to be taken apart and cut down to her size, too, but the result was well worth the trouble. Her hat is also made from one of her brother's.

Mary Haworth's Mail



Unhappy With Husband 18 Years Her Senior,
Young Mother of Two Wonders Whether to Wed
Man Her Own Age, Who Doesn't Like Children

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: Eight years ago, at the age of 18, I married a man who was then twice my age. I was very much in love with him. Two children have been born to us, but our marriage has not been happy. We have had many misunderstandings, due to the difference in age. I like to mingle with people my own age, while my husband seems to prefer a hermit's life and spends most of his leisure in his room, on the third floor of the house. He has the queer notion that I should sleep on the first floor, the children on the second floor, and he on the third floor.

But that is not the real problem. It concerns another man. He is a man my own age, very attractive, who has shown me much consideration. I have learned to love him very much. However, he is not interested in the children, as my husband is; although without them he is very happy with me. Should I marry this man, so that I can be happy in later years? Or should I stay with my husband and be wretched, for the children's sake? Your immediate advice will be greatly appreciated.

NEGLECTED WIFE

Decent Man Doesn't Part Mother and Child

DEAR N. W.: If you are normally fond of your children, you would be stepping from the frying pan into the fire, in the event you married this man who frankly doesn't care for them. As a matter of fact, any man who would seek to alienate a mother from her young children, as the price of being married to him, is a bad egg—and much too selfish to be fit to live with. A man of decent instincts has a profound respect for womanhood in the maternal role, and if he happens to find himself in love with a woman who has small children, to whom she is loyally devoted, his feeling for her is enhanced and intensified by that evidence of her creative and dependable emotional nature.

One of the most down-to-earth definitions of love ever given is that stated by Dr. Harry Stack Sullivan, to-wit: "When the security or satisfaction of another person becomes as important to you as your own security or satisfaction, a state of love may be said to exist." A modern philosopher has defined love as "the desire to give fullness of life"—which is a poetic simplification of the psychologist's interpretation aforementioned. If we may assume that your children are very dear to you—that their satisfaction and security is as important to you as your own—and if we then examine this man's attitude toward you (with your maternal obligations and desire to fulfill them), in the light of these definitions of love, it becomes painfully clear that he doesn't love you at all. At most, he has an erotic—which is to say, a sensually greedy—interest in you, and would like to possess you primarily for self-gratifying reasons.

Thus, were you to marry him, you would not be staking claim to more happiness—or, rather, less unhappiness—than you know in your current wifely estate. On the contrary, you would be committing yourself to a dishonorable, degrading arrangement calculated to acquaint you with greater bitterness than you had dreamed possible. Your socially seclusive husband may be a queer duck—with his pronounced aversion to human society—but so long as he manifests an affectionate concern for the children's welfare, you had better stick with him, as versus the cad who's wooing you now.

M. H.

Chap Asks Advice On How to Please Girl

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I am a young man 28 years of age. I have been reading your column since it began, and I think your replies are carefully weighed and show good judgment. My problem is rather unusual. I have a cowlick which my girl friend doesn't like. And to oblige her, I have been using a certain brand of hair tonic to keep it smoothed down. It is the only preparation I have ever found that would do the job. Unfortunately, it has a disagreeable antiseptic odor, to which my girl friend objects. So what shall I do?—let the cowlick bristle, as it did before? Or continue to use the tonic that she dislikes? N. W. R.

DEAR N. W. R.: Your problem doesn't have much to do with cowlick and hair tonic. It has more to do with craven kowtowing to an insufferably rude, inconsiderate young woman. No matter what you do, you can't please this girl. Her objections, first, to your cowlick; and, secondly, to the "only preparation" that will keep it smoothed down, amount really to a roundabout, meanly worded expression of her essential disdain for you. If she liked or admired your personality, she probably would think your cowlick was "cute."

But supposing she didn't; supposing she did approve of you generally, and evaluated the cowlick as the only flaw in your otherwise personable self, so that she openly urged you to "do something about it"—the fact that you obligingly hunted all over for a remedial tonic, and finally found one that did the work but smelled to high heaven, would have brought a hilariously sympathetic reaction from her, if she were a reasonable human being, with any smidgen of a sense of humor.

My advice is this: Heave the hair tonic into the waste basket, on account of the disagreeable odor; brush the stubborn lock regularly and rigorously with a pair of stiff military brushes, morning and night, and let the cowlick bristle thereafter, if it will. Any gentleman would prefer to be casually well groomed and free from offensive scent, than to be sleek with pomade, while reeking in the nostrils of others. And the next time your girl takes a crack at your looks, you might retort, in effect: "So what? So maybe I don't look like Robert Taylor; but then, neither do you look like Hedy Lamarr. And as for winning ways—lady, have you got a lot to learn!"

M. H.

Miss Haworth will be glad to help you in solving your problems. Write her in care of The Post's Woman's Page.

These Women!

By d'Alessio



"... Then we went out on the terrace and the first thing I knew she was in my arms... and I was in her hands!"

A Hobby That Grew Into a Home Industry

By Anne Hagner

A lady who wove her way into a fascinating hobby, just because she wanted to find out if she could train her own fingers to be as skilful as those of her ancestors, is Mrs. Donnell B. Young, whose home in Greenwich Forest, Bethesda, Md., is a museum of beautifully woven articles.

Mrs. Young, wife of the assistant dean of George Washington University, became interested in weaving ten years ago when a friend gave her a simple hand loom—and hasn't stopped since.

But the hand loom that first occupied a place in her affections has been supplanted by seven ultra-complex, extremely professional looking looms at her home and several others that are loaned out to friends, all drawn into weaving by Mrs. Young's enthusiasm.

Her particular favorite is a loom which she discovered in the hinterlands of Virginia when she was a counselor at the Girl Scout camp, May Flathead, and was brought to her attention by one of the mountain women who assisted in teaching crafts there. Prof. and Mrs. Young brought it to Bethesda in a trailer, and it now occupies half of the big, sunny room used as a weaving studio in the Young home. Its tremendous oak beams weigh 75 pounds each, and Prof. Young supplied several new "harnesses" which he made himself.

Weaving Relaxing

He, by the way, is a 6-footer who would never be suspected of fancying handicrafts. But he has found that working at a loom is the perfect way to relax nerves that might be made jumpy by a 12-hour session behind a desk, and has designed and woven innumerable coverlets, couch throws, wall hangings and luncheon sets.

In 1940, when his duties were less demanding, he made five coverlets, a light blanket and a handsome piece which now occupies part of the studio wall, all

in odd moments after hours at the University.

Mrs. Young's first real instruction in weaving came when she attended a summer course at Berea College, Ky., where ordinarily only mountain people are taught crafts. It was there that she talked a teacher into permitting her to make her first coverlet, which she completed in the record time—for a beginner—of two weeks.

A year ago she enrolled at the Penland, N. C., craft school, high in the North Carolina mountains. It was there that she and Professor Young met Edward F. Worst, one of the country's outstanding authorities of weaving, who provided them with many fascinating patterns and has since become a close friend.

Names of various designs are as unusual as their construction: "flourishing wave," "star of Bethlehem," "orange peel," "lover's knot," "rose path," and "honey comb" are a few.

Went Back to Teach Craft

So interested was she in the Penland project that she welcomed an invitation to return there to teach last summer. Originally she planned to stay only a month, but she became so engrossed in her work that she remained from early May until after Labor Day.

Professor Young, as clever at woodworking as he is at weaving, learned that many excellent shuttles for looms were made of dogwood, and when one of his own trees blew down in a storm he promptly set about making his own dogwood shuttle, a masterpiece as smooth as the damask napkin it helps to create.

Particularly interesting to all three members of the household—they have a 14-year-old daughter, Barbara—are the lovely Colonial patterns, many of them made by members of their own families, and a few contributed by friends who know the Youngs' appreciation of fine weaving.

Mrs. Young points out that most large looms she has seen, such as those in the loom house at Mount Vernon, are products

of the old South, where there was more money and less heating problem, so that loom houses presented no fuel difficulties. Frugal New Englanders, however, had neither the room nor the fuel for extensive weaving; hence their looms were much smaller, and housewives did the work themselves instead of turning it over to slave labor.

"What intrigues me most about weaving is its link with other generations," she observed yesterday, which is true—but what intrigues most of her friends is the exquisite work which emanates from those looms.



Photos by Henry Marchall.

Mrs. Donnell B. Young at work on one of the seven big looms at her home at 7128 Hampden Lane, Greenwich Village, in Bethesda, Md. The pattern she is working on is one she designed herself.

Volunteer Agencies Will Help Army, Navy Plan Christmas Cheer for U. S. Boys Abroad



Let your gift, overseas-bound, be gayly wrapped and trimmed. Properly wrapped and addressed, it'll arrive on time.

Remember the Mailing Deadline For Overseas Christmas Mail—Nov. 1

Here are the Postoffice Department's recommendations for Christmas mail to servicemen outside the United States:

1. Parcels, letters and cards should be mailed before November 1—the sooner the better, regardless of where you live or where the article is going. Delivery cannot be guaranteed if it is postmarked after November 1.
2. Gift packages should be marked "Christmas Parcel."
3. Parcels should not exceed 11 pounds in weight or 18 inches in length or 42 inches in length and girth combined. If possible, hold them to 6 pounds and the size of a shoebox.
4. Don't send food (except hard candies) or clothing. Servicemen have plenty of both. Don't send anything inflammable like matches or lighter fluid. Don't send intoxicants.

By Wide World

Altitude in Aviation Big Military Medical Problem

By Logan Clendenning, M. D.

Newest and most vigorous of the branches of military medicine is that of aviation. This is to be expected in view of the prominence which that branch of service has acquired.

The fundamental medical problem of aviation medicine is altitude. We assume in saying this that the aviator has gone through the most rigid physical examination of anyone in the service. His heart, eyes, ears, equilibrium apparatus, physiologic responses to environmental changes, all have been subjected to special tests, many of them the result of special research.

When a man has successfully passed these, he may indeed be considered super. But even this supreme physical specimen may have to undergo environmental changes in the course of a single flight which tests its endurance beyond its utmost capacity. These environmental changes are due to altitude, rarification of air and consequent oxygen lack.

Supplying Oxygen

It was, of course, a fairly simple thing to supply oxygen artificially by tanks and masks, although it has taken a long time to perfect a workable small, portable apparatus. The credit goes to Drs. W. M. Boothby and W. R. Lovelace of the Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota, and Dr. A. H. Bulbullen—the B. L. B. oxygen inhalation apparatus.

The important question arises: At what height shall the flier be instructed to begin oxygen inha-

lation? The old military regulation specified 15,000 feet, or at 12,000 feet if for periods of two hours, or 10,000 feet if for periods of six hours. But this has been found under present war conditions to be entirely too high. It has been found that aviation crews who fail to use their oxygen at 8,000 feet become easy prey to enemy planes, and show gross errors in judgment, mental lapses, lack of alertness and undue fatigue.

Another very serious accident due to altitude flying is called aero-embolism. It is exactly the same essentially as the long-familiar diver's caisson disease, which they called "the bends." This occurred when divers who were subjected to more than one pressure of atmosphere were suddenly taken up to air at sea level. They had severe pains in the muscles and joints, causing them to double up with cramps (hence "the bends"), which was proved to be due to the escape of air bubbles out of the blood into the muscle tissues.

The aviator, of course, goes through exactly what the diver does, only in reverse. He rises from an air pressure of sea level to an altitude of 16,000 or more feet; the pressure of gases in his blood is released, and the gases escape into the muscles. This occurs only when very high altitudes are attained.

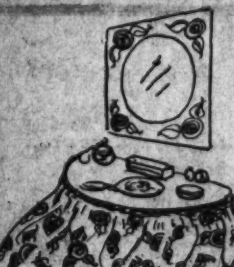
In treatment the aviator has a great advantage over the diver, because when he gets the bends he can descend to a lower level.

Elizabeth MacRae Boykin Suggests.....

Frame the headboard of your bed with flowers cut out of the chintz you use for spread and curtains. These should be carefully cut out with very sharp scissors and pasted on the wall in garland arrangement.



A dressing table made with a half-round shelf of plywood and a flowered chintz skirt. Add a round mirror hung on a square piece of plywood covered with the same patterned chintz.



Bring that old china closet down from the attic and use it for displaying your hobby collection. For a fan collection, paint the case in a pastel color and line the inside and cover the shelves with a matching pastel velvet. Or if it's a collection of old pistols or something equally sturdy, paint the frame in a deeper color and line with Scotch plaid, gingham.



Use that old phonograph case for a stand-up dressing table. Take the "works" out of the top and fasten a mirror in the inside cover and have make-up things here. The bottom record compartment can be replaced with shelves for lingerie. If the case is the worse for wear, paint it in a pastel color and decorates with decoupage (wall paper cut-outs arranged in an interesting design).



TIMELY PERSONALITIES

Dutch Admiral—

Highest Officer of Royal Netherlands Navy Here for Series of Conferences

By Patricia Grady

Unlike the admiral who's never been to sea, one would guess Lieut. Adm. Johannes Th. Furstner's seafaring career even without the prerequisites of his rank—the gold braid and four stars of the highest ranking officer in the Royal Netherlands Navy.

Here in Washington for a series of official conferences, Admiral Furstner, who has the traditional blue eyes of the man of the sea and this orthodox rolling gait, has the distinction of being the first Dutch naval officer in 150 years to bear the all-highest title of lieutenant admiral. Holding a cabinet portfolio in the exiled Netherlands government in London, Admiral Furstner is also the first naval officer in a century and a half to hold the post of Minister of Naval Affairs.



Post Staff Photo
ADMIRAL FURSTNER

With his own family in Holland, Admiral Furstner looks with anger and sorrow on the shooting of Dutch hostages in his overrun nation. "Such terror only increases the resistance of the people," says the admiral, whose English holds just a hint of the British "a."

"There seems to be few symptoms of cracks in the hold of the Nazis over occupied countries," he continues in answer to a question. "The ruthless methods the invaders have used in policing the countries have proved extremely effective. The Germans learned a lesson from the last war and this time they are keeping full control over the home front."

Escaped by 'French Convoy'

Reflecting that magnificent quality of the Dutch people to find laughter even in tragedy, Admiral Furstner's eyes twinkle as he tells the story of his "French-convoyed" escape from Holland. With the flames of Rotterdam, undergoing aerial siege, in the distance, Admiral Furstner took over the helm of one of the most important, if one of the smallest, ships he has ever commanded—a fishing smack with an auxiliary motor. He had with him General Mittelhauser, a French general, who was in the Netherlands on official business when the invasion started. The admiral had a marvelous red cap with lots of gold braid, recalls the admiral, who forthwith banished him to the tiny foc'sle fearing his glittering chapeau would attract the attention of the Nazi planes that flew overhead.

Throwing aside his own gold-braided cap, the admiral headed the small boat toward the then-French-controlled Dunkirk, straight through the mine fields. The admiral maintains that there was no danger for a wooden ship from magnetic mines and that a ship of such shallow draft would not hit the planted mines. The real danger came from French patrols who approached this "unidentified vessel" with their guns trained on it. "That's when we brought our French general up from the foc'sle," Admiral Furstner laughs. "Then we received a royal reception."

Returning to London Soon

Arrived in London, Admiral Furstner was soon given the cabinet post he now holds—a post that in peacetime is held by a civilian. Now at the Shoreham, where he has been since his arrival in the Capital several weeks ago, the admiral plans to return to London toward the end of the month.

Though he was not here for President Roosevelt's presentation of an American sub chaser, named "Queen Wilhelmina," to the Queen during her visit here in August, Admiral Furstner is greatly pleased with this addition to his fleet. "It was not only a wonderful gesture," says the admiral, "but it will prove a most useful ship."

Admiral Furstner, who is a graduate of the Dutch naval school, has had three tours of duty in Far Eastern waters, where half the Dutch fleet is normally stationed in the East Indies. He and Vice Admiral C. E. L. Helfrich, commander in chief of the Netherlands East Indies Navy, share the credit for the plans they drew up together for the defense of the East Indies. Operating under their offensive strategy, the small Dutch force struck many successful blows at the Japanese during the early phases of the Pacific war.

In making Admiral Furstner a lieutenant admiral in February of this year, Queen Wilhelmina revived a rank not used since the seventeenth century days of Dutch naval power. The title was conferred "in recognition of his great services in connection with the continuation of the fight for liberty after the fall of the Netherlands."

Lieut. Guiffre And Bride Leaving

Lieut. Meanda Guiffre, jr., United States Army, Coast Artillery, of Silver Spring, Md., and his bride will leave tonight for his post in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mrs. Guiffre is the former Miss Marilyn Jean Van Meter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dale Van Meter of Puyallup, Wash. She arrived in Washington by plane on Sunday. The wedding took place Monday evening in the parsonage of the Woodside Methodist Church, with the Rev. Ralph D. Smith officiating. The bride had been working at Gieger Field, Spokane, Wash. The couple met when Lieutenant Guiffre was stationed there.

Dr. Sommers Tells Story of Imprisonment

At best, facing the surgeon's knife is no fun but when it is done in a Japanese internment camp in Hongkong, with doctors who were forced to live in leper's quarters... well, it's just no fun. But Dr. Hilmar Sommers is very much alive and very willing to tell the tale of what Hongkong was like under invasion. A dentist, who practiced in Hongkong for 18 years when life on "The Peak" was as pleasant as one could want, he saw the Japs move in and his one comment is "human character seems to sway from one extreme to the other."

Mrs. Sommers, who is a Washingtonian and daughter of the late Dr. Guy Stafford, returned to this country early in 1941 as did their son, "Dick," jr., who recently enlisted in the Coast Guard and is now in Panama.

Dr. Sommers remained on in Hongkong, despite war clouds, and when the blow finally came was ready as a civilian defender—til the bitter end. He traveled up and down "The Peak" for provisions, stood guard when the inevitable Jap looters came and was finally thrown into an internment camp. It was there he had the bad luck to require an operation. Did he think the stories of the Japanese atrocities of Hongkong were exaggerated? No, and indeed the full story has yet to be told, was his reply.

Internment camp had its lighter side. It was amusing to watch the Japs try to ride the frisky horses they had taken from the famed "Jockey Club" of Hongkong. "They are not what you would term excellent horsemen," he added with a chuckle. And in spite of all the hardships of camp they did manage to play poker every night. And some clever people whittled outfits of chess to be used. Occasionally the Japanese guards would enter the basketball games held during the day.

Dr. Sommers had a great deal to say about the trip across aboard the Gripsholm, but according to him, not enough capital could be heaped upon the Swedish crew that worked 14 and 18 hours a day to make the sailing pleasant.

Marinettes?—

Not Yet, but Women Still Besiege Marine Headquarters to Enlist

Women all over the country are "telling it to the Marines."

Housewives with a yen for action and stenographers who want to man a gun instead of a typewriter have been besieging Marine Corps recruiting offices to let them join the leatherneck fighters. This week a crisis arose in an Oklahoma City recruiting station after the Marines had sent out a call for two typists and a stenographer to be sent on duty with the fleet force. The Marine Corps assumed that there was no doubt the call was for men.

But the ladies of Oklahoma made no such assumption and recruiting offices were snowed under by women volunteers. One girl drove 120 miles—yes, Oklahoma still has gasoline—to offer her services. The Marines explained that no legislative provisions have been made for a women's auxiliary to their corps.

In the last war, Marinettes—the Marine version of World War I Yeomanettes—did effective work with the leathernecks. In this war no feminine units have been added to the Marines. But with the Army's WAACS, the Navy's WAVES and the Coast Guard's as yet unnamed auxiliary, it may not be long before the Marines too have their "Women in uniform."

The Rumba's Out, The Hep-Cats In, Say Dance Masters

New York, Oct. 13 (AP)—Hep cats: limber up; tighten those shoe laces! Get solid! You have arrived. You were dunked in the groove by the New York Society of Teachers of dancing at the October meeting here.

They figured what's gotta be's gotta be. Then and there you Cats copied your spot beside the jeeps who shuffle out the rumba, the foxtrot and the waltz.

It was inevitable. But you gotta make sacrifices. You gotta ease up on the accelerator. You gotta chop down on the muffler, put ice on the wiggle, heave light.

You gotta pick up refinement. You gotta modify.

Then—Go out and slash a carpet; you're practically in the book of ballroom etiquette. They even saw it coming back in August when the dancing masters of America held a pow-wow. They saw a fast train plowin' down on 'em. They knew they couldn't sidestep fast enough.

They put on a sample of modified heppin' then. It went over okay. They put it on again yesterday.

Regina Donovan Becomes Bride of Lieut. Harrison

At a quiet, informal ceremony Miss Regina Donovan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Donovan, became the bride of Lieut. Curtis Sanford Harrison, U. S. M. C., at 1:30 o'clock yesterday in the Sixth Presbyterian Church with the Rev. Herbert J. Garner officiating. Lieut. Harrison is the son of Mrs. Emmett B. Harrison of Atlanta, Ga., and the late Mr. Harrison.

Given in marriage by her father, the bride wore a plum suit and a matching veil held by a cluster of feathers. Her corsage was of orchids. Miss Mary Conlon, in a luggage tan ensemble, served as maid of honor and only attendant. James Kirk served as best man.

The couple left immediately following the ceremony for a brief honeymoon in Connecticut. The bride will return to her studies at Wilson Teachers College and the bridegroom will go on active duty with the Marine Air Corps. He was graduated from Pensacola Field recently. He also was a student at Wilson Teachers College.

Lack of Femmes Not Discrimination, Hinders War Plants

Kansas City, Oct. 13.—"Yes," say the managers of war plants and communications services, "we will use 70 or 80 per cent women employees—but will someone please tell us where to find them?"

Women already outnumber men by that proportion among the new employees now being added at some of the plants—but in others the percentage is lower. All would hire more if they could find them.

Training programs begun as early as the fall of 1940 are providing hundreds of qualified women—but still not enough, say the industrial executives.

And ringing in their ears are the words of Ed McDonald, regional director for the War Manpower Commission, who declared that men eligible for the armed services must be replaced quickly by women or older men, or physically disabled men.

Executives at North American's bomber plant said the major difficulty is that most women applicants are unskilled and that many object to taking training courses.

Here's a glimpse of the speed, though, with which the women are taking over mens jobs:

Lake City ordnance plant: half the employees are women, with the percentage steadily rising.

North American Aviation, Inc.: Women now hold 27 per cent of all jobs and total 80 per cent of employees now being added. (They work everywhere except in foundry and warehouse.)

Western Union: Percentage of women has risen from 66 to 75 per cent in recent months and still climbing. A third of messengers are girls.

Postal Telegraph: Thirty per cent of employees now women. "We would hire more if we could find more women to work," said Assistant Superintendent P. A. Siler.

Then there's a large grocery firm advertising for women workers—it promises to pay them \$18 a week while they're attending the free training school.

James A. Walsh And Bride to Live Near Bluemont

Upon their return from a wedding trip to Williamsburg, Mr. and Mrs. James Alexander Walsh will make their home in a remodeled stone cottage on the Walsh estate near Bluemont, Va.

The bride is the former Miss Lelia Elizabeth Lake, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Lake of Philomont, and Mr. Walsh is the son of Mrs. William Francis Walsh of Bluemont and the late Mr. Walsh. Their marriage was an event of October 3 in St. John's Church in Leesburg. The Rev. Michael F. Igoe, pastor of the church, officiated in the presence of the immediate families. The bride was attired in a street-length blue velvet frock with black accessories and wore white orchids. The only attendant was Miss Dorothy Drexel Walsh, William F. Griffen of Roanoke acted as best man. Immediately following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bridegroom's mother.

Mrs. Walsh is a member of prominent Loudoun County families and is one of the county's outstanding horsewomen. The bridegroom has been engaged in farming since moving to Bluemont 10 years ago.



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Beautiful Dresses, Third Floor

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Handbags, First Floor

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Alert fashions for a more and more active life. It's not enough these days to just stand on the sidelines and look smart... we must be in the thick of things and be smart... our Braemar sweaters and skirts are a perfect costume for this new activity of yours.

Gored skirt with fine herringbone weave, the seams stitched in umbrellat fashion; beige, green, blue, yellow, lavender. \$16.95

Cashmere Pullover\$15.95
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Sweaters in all the skirt colors and many more to match or contrast.

Greenbrier Sportswear, Fourth Floor

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Aussies and Americans Cross
Quips and Then Call It Quits

In the CAPITAL SPOTLIGHT

Diplomat's Wife Discusses
Rights for Her Countrywomen

Hope Ridings Miller

Paragraphs About Persons of Interest: Leslie Ford,
Frazier Hunt, and a Sergeant Who Escaped the Japs

There's no mystery about why ace Mystery Writer Leslie Ford is not writing another mystery novel at present. Her recent trip to England inspired her along other lines, and the story now coming from her talented pen will have a wartime background—plenty of excitement, of course, but no murder, except Herr Hitler, lurking in the background.

It's good news to their many friends that Miss Ford and her husband, Lieut. Comdr. Ford K. Brown, U. S. N. R., have moved up from Annapolis to a house in Georgetown for the season. Seems the place they've taken at 2911 Dumbarton Avenue always has some celebrity about. Melvyn Douglas lived there last year. Comdr. and Mrs. Brown will gather in a few friends for a late afternoon get-together next Monday.

Frazier Hunt, author, magazine writer, foreign correspondent and radio commentator, whom I met down in Georgia the past weekend, delivered himself of several gloomy opinions in the few minutes I talked with him. Said he: "It's utterly impossible to create a second front at this time, or even next year, or possibly the next. The raid at St. Elie proved that. No, the second front will probably be made from Dakar through Egypt."

"We'll win. Of course, we will. But don't let anybody fool you. It'll be a tough pull. Plenty tough. What our men need now is a sure enough unified high command. One man has got to be given the authority to say, 'Do this'... and then get it done. There's no need to worry about the 'complacency' of our people. I've traveled all over the country, and I know there's no such thing in America today."

"Stalingrad? Sure, the defense there has been magnificent. But don't take too much hope from that. Even there, Hitler's not licked yet; not by a long shot. He's simply calling off his troops and pulling up his artillery so he can batter the city to pieces. But that doesn't mean Russia's beat either—not even with Stalingrad in ruins. Those Russians, believe me, have got what it takes. And so have all our other Allies... but it's going to be a tough pull, just the same."

On that same trip southward I ran into a young staff sergeant, Fred R. Newton of Gastonia, N. C., who told me the dramatic story of his escape from a Japanese prison in the Philippines. Captured late in February with 17 buddies, he was hustled off to a prison camp, kept in a small room with his

companions for three weeks, fed a small bowl of "dishwater" once a day, questioned frequently and slapped across the face when he refused to answer.

Escape eventually was effected when one soldier in the group somehow got possession of a knife. "He took that knife," Sergeant Newton went on, "and he slipped to a window where the guard went by—every few minutes. He stabbed that guard through the bars and held him up with his hands to go through his pockets."

Seems that guard didn't have a key, however; but the second Jap who rushed up to help his fellow guard met the same fate. He was bayoneted through the bars and hooked up to the window. Then when a key was found in his pockets, the prisoners made their escape.

"Our commanding officer was a good guy," a Lieutenant Wright from Washington, D. C. With him leading us, we managed to get through the jungle, and after three days we stumbled into an American outpost. After two weeks in the hospital there—we were all half starved, weak and sick—they put us on a hospital ship for San Francisco. Believe me, I want to get back to the Pacific to help finish our job out there; but I sure hope I don't fall into the hands of the Japs again. They're inhuman!"

On the lighter side—there's the story about the man, weighted down with luggage, trying to catch a train.

"Going to Washington again?" asks a friend. "Yes." "Must be going to stay a long time." "No, just a couple of days." "Why all that luggage, then?" "It's not luggage. It's a portable bedroom."

An Australian cartoon sent back to Washington by boys now stationed in the Pacific depicts two privates in a tropical land. The first is preparing to shoot a face rising in front of him.

"Don't shoot," warns the second private. "It's a monkey. A Japanese always wears spectacles."

And then there's the proverbial bit of banter between Australian and American soldiers, of which the following is a fair sample:

"You can go on home now, Aussie. We've come to save you," the American soldier teased the Australian.

"Oh yeh?" came the retort. "I thought you were refugees from Pearl Harbor!"

A Vichy Edict—

Increases Civil Rights of Women
In France and Mme. Picot Is Pleased

"Naturally I am pleased... every woman who is a feminist will be happy to hear of Vichy's move to increase the civil rights of the wives of France's one-half million war prisoners."

The matter of woman's rights is a subject dear to the heart of the forthright Mme. Georges-Picot, wife of the Counselor of the French Embassy and, in speaking thus, she took note of the recent move of the Vichy Council of Ministers in behalf of her country women. The legislation, as just passed, will regularize the situation of women in the absence of their prisoner husbands and enable them to carry on a certain amount of business transactions that heretofore were entirely in the hands of men only.

Among the several new "freedoms" made available to French women by the law is the power to draw on her own or a joint bank account without her husband's signature. The legislation is to become a permanent part of the French code in recognition of the responsibilities women have discharged during the war and the Armistice period.

But, feminist though she may be, Mme. Picot does not believe that the new law is necessarily a forerunner of equal rights for Frenchwomen. At least not on any such scale as that known by their American contemporaries.

"French women are quite different in temperament and ambition from the 'American women,'" she points out. "The women of this country like things political, their clubs and the many activities outside their homes. They are educated to it and they enjoy a knowledge of them."

"This is not true of French women," she goes on. "They believe that their place is in the home and are content to restrict their activities to the confines of their immediate families."

Miss Longworth To Meet Friends Of Mother Dec. 26

Miss Paulina Longworth, daughter of "Princess Alice" (Mrs. Roosevelt Longworth) will be introduced to the Washington friends of her mother's family on the day after Christmas, though the event will not be called a debut.

Mrs. Longworth, who whipped through Washington a few days ago, en route from her Cincinnati home to visit Paulina at Vassar College in Poughkeepsie, will return in December to open her town house here and prepare for the party.

Last June Paulina was presented to Cincinnati society in a party, which was also not a debut, at the ultramodern Camargo Club. The dance was preceded by a dinner given in Miss Longworth's honor by Senator and Mrs. Robert Taft, at their home, Sky Farm, on Indian Hill.

Private Brabson has returned to his station at Fort Slocum, New York, and Mrs. Brabson is living with her mother at 3249 N Street here.

Son to Goellets

Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Goellett of Chevy Chase are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, Ogden Goellett, Jr., on October 1.



Mme. Georges-Picot

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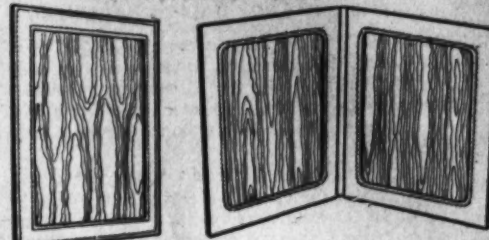
And the ladies are working harder than ever now.

A letter from an Army hospital somewhere in Australia was received by Mrs. Thomas U. Dudley of Middleburg recently from her son-in-law, Capt. John L. Newell, United States Medical Corps, formerly of Boston, Mass., and now on duty in Australia. In charge of the operating room, Captain Newell was checking supplies when he ran across bags marked "Loudoun County Chapter."

Last summer Mrs. Dudley and her corps in Loudoun County made 181,000 surgical dressings for the local Red Cross chapter—and the label from this batch was inclosed in the letter to Mrs. Dudley from Captain Newell. The surgical dressings are packed and dispatched under the supervision of Mrs. Lloyd Slack, chairman, of Leesburg.

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Liz Whitney Has 'Blue Ribbon Day'

It was a "blue ribbon day" for Mrs. Altemus Whitney when the annual field trials of the Loudoun Gun Dog Club were run off recently.

Mrs. Whitney's dog, "Llangollen Dan," was winner of the members' shoot dog stakes, the opening feature of the field trials. Another Whitney dog, "Llangollen Tommy," won third place in the derby stakes. Mrs. Whitney handled both dogs at the trials.

There was a large crowd on hand at the sportsman's event held on the rolling fields of the J. D. Thomas farm, near Round Hill. The derby stake was won by A. H. Ware's dog, "Ware's Lou," from Richmond, Va. "No Delay," owned by Dr. Irvin Broit, of this city, captured second place.

Mr. Mrs. Sanford At Home in Virginia

Days of silent movies are living the conversation in and around Front Royal, Va., where Capt. and Mrs. Stephen "Laddy" Sanford are now making their home. Mrs. Sanford was the former Mary Nolan of film fame.

The Sanfords have leased Killahelvin, the W. E. Carson home in Front Royal, for the winter. Captain Sanford, who is one of America's outstanding polo players, is stationed at the Remount Depot there.

Gilmores Announce Birth of Daughter

Col. Maurice E. Gilmore and Mrs. Gilmore of Washington, formerly of New York, have announced the birth of a daughter, Mary Elizabeth, at Garfield Hospital on October 9.

Mrs. Gilmore is the former Miss Mollie Barnes, daughter of Mrs. George H. Barnes of 138 East Thirty-sixth Street, New York, and the late Mr. Barnes.

Due Here Soon

Due to come to Washington soon are the Financial Counselor of the Norwegian Embassy Lars Christensen and Mrs. Christensen. They recently closed their place at Lloyd Neck, Huntington, Long Island, and are now in New York.

Petes Lady Rutter

Lady Pasco Rutter, who is staying at the Leesburg Inn, was a guest recently at a luncheon given by Mrs. J. Armistead Welborn.

Mr., Mrs. Rogers Now at Home In Georgetown

Cameron Rogers and his bride, the former Miss Nancy Archibald, are making their home temporarily at 3032 Cambridge Place Northwest, in Georgetown, until the bridegroom receives his appointment in the Navy.

Their marriage was an event of Saturday in Arlington, Va. The bride is the granddaughter of Mrs. Everett Allen Archibald of New York and Washington. She was educated at the Lycee Victor Dury in Paris and Miss Spence's School in New York, and she has done feature writing for newspapers.

Mr. Rogers, who has a notable career as a journalist and author, is the son of Mrs. Robert Cameron Rogers and the late Mr. Rogers of Santa Barbara, Calif. A graduate of Harvard, he has traveled extensively in Latin America and at present is a writer for the Office of the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs. A recent novel reflecting his Latin-American experience is "Manila Galileo."

He also has passed many months as an observer at naval air stations and has published both technical and fiction books on the subject, among them being "Flight Surgeon," which was made into a film under the title of "Dive Bomber." His most recent book, on the insignia used on naval airplanes, was written in collaboration with Comdr. Herman E. Halland, United States Navy.

Son Born to Steins

Lieut. and Mrs. Coleman B. Stein are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son on Saturday at Columbia Hospital.

Stars May Downey's
Olney Inn
OLNEY, MARYLAND
20 miles North of White House
Old George Ave. Extended
Kensington Rd.
Fine Food and Cocktails
Owned and Managed by
CLARA MAY DOWNEY

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AIR CONDITIONED
1200 N. STREET N.W.
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LUNCHEONS
COCKTAIL HOUR 5 to 7
A generous chef cocktail from 4 to 6
DINNER served from 5 P. M.
Music by Muzak
In New York: 37 E. 60th St.

Mrs. Brabson, Jr., To Make Home Here

Back again at her mother's home while her husband goes off to war is Mrs. Everett C. Brabson, Jr., whose marriage took place on October 5.

The daughter of Mrs. Clara Judd Lynch, the former Miss Virginia Beverly Judd was married at a 3:15 afternoon ceremony to Private Brabson, son of Mrs. Ethel May Brabson of Pittsburgh, Pa. The ceremony took place at the Methodist Episcopal Church in Alexandria, Va., with the Rev. Norman Roberts officiating.

Private Brabson has returned to his station at Fort Slocum, New York, and Mrs. Brabson is living with her mother at 3249 N Street here.

Son to Goellets

Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Goellett of Chevy Chase are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, Ogden Goellett, Jr., on October 1.

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Blue Room**

Dinner, \$2.25, Including Cover
Supper Cover, 50c; Saturdays, \$1

Federal Tax in Addition

BARON & BENNETT, Flashing Dance
Sensations • ONE ARCHER, E. B. C.
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Musical Comedies
Two completely different shows nightly,
9:30 and 11:30. BARNES-LOWE MUSIC.
For reservations phone Adams 9700.

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Takes Pleasure in Presenting
Monsieur Alexander
OF NEW YORK**

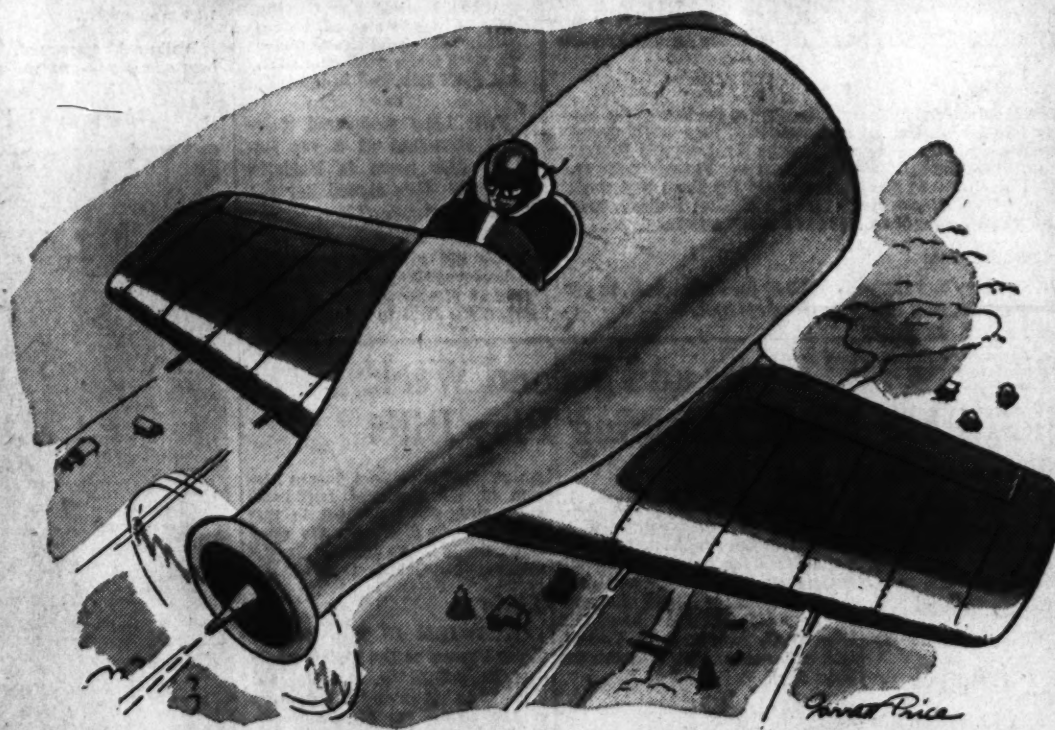
Internationally known—talented French hair exponent of the art of modern hair-styling. Monsieur Alexander introduces here The Liquid-Ondoles Permanent Wave. A most simplified—yet ultra modern process, endorsed by The Research Institution of New York.

To reflect the right note let him design a new Coiffure—a feather-cut or a liquid Ondoles perhaps.

His council is yours for the asking.

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(Homogenized) to distribute the cream through the milk—and give each glassful an equal share of nourishment. In addition, homogenizing gives it a richer, creamier flavor and tends to make it more readily digested. To make it even more nutritious

than regular milk—we add 400 units of Vitamin "D" to every quart. Truly, this is a great milk to help make America strong. Make it a "must" on your family's "eat-to-win" program. Order from our milkman—your favorite store—or telephone Michigan 1011.

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VITAMIN "D"
HOMOGENIZED MILK

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U.S. NEEDS US STRONG

THIS TYPE OF FOOD IS AMONG THOSE RECOMMENDED IN THE NUTRITION FOOD RULES



EAT NUTRITIONAL FOOD

Don't miss the Sealtest Program
Thursdays, 10 P. M., WRC

Those Gay Blades Seem Not to Be on Thin Ice

'Ice Follies' Packing 'em in, en Route Here; Visitors Incubating 'Government Girl' Film; Items of News and Gossip of the Theater

WORKING ITS WAY EAST from a sensational, 31-day, sell-out opening in Hollywood, that glittering, refrigerated spectacle, "The Ice Follies of 1943," will play its first Eastern engagement at the season in the Riverside Stadium, this city, November 3 to 15, inclusive, prior to Madison Square Garden, New York.

Reports coming over the department grapevine are to the effect that this year's "Follies" is the kaleidoscopic, coruscating champion of them all, packed with new talent and streamlined into contours of beauty never before approached. Eddie and Ray Shipstead and Oscar Johnson, the daddies of the idea, have turned the direction of the steel-bladed choreography and ensemble routines over to Frances Claudet, reputedly a wizardess at such things.

There will be 13 night performances and three matinees during the local engagement, the matinees scheduled for two Sundays and Armistice Day, November 11. The troupe now is in Tulsa, Okla., playing to packed houses, and will reach Washington via St. Louis, Chicago and way stations for its debut in the East.

The history of the "Ice Follies" in the Capital has been one of progressive popularity. Year before last, it played to a gross attendance of 50,000. Last season the figure jumped to 65,000. This year, the aim is a capacity engagement, such as has characterized the tour through the West, to date. That would mean 76,800 customers—which seems not out of reach, with the steady increase in population since the "Follies" last visit and all.

For the benefit of the farsighted and the provident, tickets go on sale Friday of this week at Hahn's, Fourteenth and G; the Sports Center, Eighth and D, and Riverside Stadium.

Our most reliable nose-counter points out that the Capital's roster of visiting fireballs this week includes Arthur Hornblow, producer; Mervyn LeRoy, director, and Walter Reich, writer, all waving M-G-M banners. These celluloid celebrities are in town cooking up a little item called "Mary Smith, U. S. A.," in which Lana Turner will be starred as one of Washington's "Government girls." With a million of 'em here, don't ask me which one. All of these gentlemen have turned out distinguished works over the years. Mr. Hornblow's latest is "The Major and the Minor," in which both Ginger Rogers and her mother, Lela, are prominently cast, yet to be seen on a local screen. Mr. LeRoy's most recent completed feature is "Random Harvest," previewed last night after these words were placed end to end, with Mr. LeRoy sitting in with the ladies and gentlemen (sic) of the drama desks. More of this later. To identify Mr. Reich, just think of "Ninotchka," "That Hamilton Woman" or "Somewhere I'll Find You." Incidentally, the dialogue for "Mary Smith" ought to be pretty fair to middlin'. It will be contrived by S. N. Behrman, author of "The Pirate," now packing the National, with the Lunts starred.

"The Show Must Go On"

Few in the audience of almost 4000 in Constitution Hall last Sunday afternoon were aware that Leland Stanford Harris, cast in the role of Judas in the Black Hills Passion Play, labored under a great handicap during the full 2 hours and 40 minutes of this impressive Biblical drama. Shortly before the performance, Mr. Harris was stricken with a painful malady that delayed the curtain for a half-hour, while hastily summoned physicians attended him. He finally went on, against their advice, and as Joseph Meier, the Christus, expressed it, "gave one of his most masterful performances."

Mr. Meier himself, during a recent California engagement, played for three days, contrary to medical advice, with a temperature of 102. And Harold Rogers, the Pontius Pilate, never missed a performance, despite the fact that in a playful moment one of the camels kicked him and fractured three of his ribs.

That is the spirit that prevails among the players who have devoted their lives to the performance of this 700-year-old play, which will end its local engagement on Friday night.

Jo Jean and Phyllis Rogers, formerly the feminine half of the quartet known to vaudeville and musical comedy as "The Martins," are among the featured vocalists who will be heard with Johnny Long's Orchestra when it opens on the Earle stage, October 23. They now belong to the group known as "The Four Teens." Having furnished the tunes for George Abbott's "Best Foot Forward," Hugh Martin and Ralph Blane, the other half of "The Martins," now are under contract in Hollywood to supply the melodies for some screen musicals.

When M-G-M selected "Seven Sweethearts" as the title of the picture coming into Loew's Capitol on October 22, they really meant it. The seven are Kathryn Grayson, Marsha Hunt, Cecilia Parker, Peggy Moran, Diana Lewis, Frances Raeburn and Frances Bafferty. Van Heflin is head man in the business. On the stage that week the attraction will be Horace Heidt and His Musical Knights, with a list of specialists longer than you have been in town.

Canine-Not-Calendar Note

Friday arrives today and I hope he calls at the drama desk, as per promise. Among pets, next to dogs, I like dogs best.

New Pictures, Holdovers and Second Week Of 'The Pirate' Mark Incoming Play Bills

"THE PIRATE" Alfred Lunt and Lynn Fontanne continue for a second week in S. N. Behrman's comedy about a retired scourge of the seas and his bored wife. The present occupant of the National Theatre will give way to "Mr. Sycamore," another Theater Guild play, starring Stuart Erwin, Claiborne Foster and Lillian Gish, on October 26.

Constitution Hall

"PASSION PLAY." The famous group from the Black Hills of South Dakota in the world renowned religious drama with Josef Meier as the Christus, through Friday. This marks the 700th year of its presentation.

Capitol

"EYES IN THE NIGHT" A unique role for Edward Arnold, as the blind detective, who uncovers a sabotage plot. This picture marks the return to the screen of Ann Harding. The stage revue includes Smith and Dale, comedy favorites; Terry Lawlor, songstress; the Richards-Adair dances and the Rhythm Rockets. Opens Thursday.

Earle

"FLYING TIGERS." The action is set against the Burmese war front and depicts some of the exploits that have made those American volunteer aviators legendary characters in this World War No. 2. John Wayne, John Carroll and Anna Lee are the featured players. The stage show will feature five different scenes with Wally Brown, Ben Ber, Adriana and Charley and Olive White. Opens Friday.

Palace

"TALES OF MANHATTAN," the story of what happened to Charles Boyer's tailorcoat, will continue for a second week. In addition to M. Boyer, those who wear the coat include Cesar Romero, Henry Fonda, Charles Laughton, Edward G. Robinson, J. Carroll, Ginger Rogers and Elsa Lanchester. Held over.

RKO-Keith's

"BAMBI." Walt Disney's story of the flora and fauna continues to entrance audiences of all ages. The tranquil existence of the animals represents a perfect community until man appears to hunt and set fire to the woodland. Held over.

Columbia

"THE WAR AGAINST MRS. HADLEY." The "business as usual" set learns its lessons the hard way, with Washington as the classroom. Fay Bainter has the title role and Edward Arnold figures importantly in the plot. Opens Thursday.

Metropolitan

"WAKE ISLAND." That "original" story of the heroic defense of our Pacific outpost written by the United States Marines, is given realistic treatment in the film version. Brian Donlevy, Walter Abel, Robert Preston, William Bendix, McDonald Carey and Albert Dekker represent a cross section of the Marine Corps. Opens Friday.

Pix

"THE EDGE OF THE WORLD."

Anxious Business, With the Gestapo After You!



ERROL FLYNN, ALAN HALE AND ROLAND REAGAN

as they appear in the roles of members of an RAF bomber crew, forced down in Nazi Germany, in the Warner Brothers production of "Desperate Journey." Their adventures in eluding the Gestapo and working their way back to England highlight the film coming soon to the screen at the Earle Theater, with Nancy Coleman in the principal feminine role

HEDDA HOPPER

Broadway Not Freed by Mr. Freed!

Hollywood, Calif., Oct. 13.—Arthur Freed is a mighty pal to his pals, but he's a definite threat to Broadway. If he's not careful, he's going to be barred from the city, 'cause he's signed up Guy Bolton, Oscar Hammerstein, Al Lewis, Vincent Brown, Hugh Martin and Ralph Blaine, who authored "Best Foot Forward," which Arthur's going to put on the screen.

He also has Jerry Kern writing some new music for the story of his life, which is woven around Jerry's divine tunes. Now he's angling for my pal, Gene Buck, to help out on "Ziegfeld Follies," "because," says Arthur, "these men contribute so much to stage and screen."

What do you mean "contribute?" These guys ARE show business.

I found Raymond Massey on "Action in the North Atlantic" set, with a screaming headache. Smoke pots filled the stage and his lungs with fumes. Flitting of fit assailed his nose. "The fit's for the flies, the smoke's for illusion," the headache for actors," said Ray.

When I asked Leo Carrillo why he wasn't started, he replied, "The social circles under my eyes make good character, but don't look well in lights."

Fritz Lang discovered a female attendant at a gas station. Her name is Marjorie Langton. He's signed her for "Never Surrender."

The old salt who commands Lauro and Hardy's turtle fishing fleet in Magdalena Bay, Mexico, asked the boys to bring down a

couple of old comedies next time. Then he added, "Get a Chaplin picture. I think he's funny, too!"

Many people in New York think Charlie's funny, too, 'cause I hear he's writing letters again, trying to build up enthusiasm there for a second front. If he wants to fight, why doesn't he? They'd not only be glad to see him back in his native England, but could use the money he's made here.

At a recent rally here in hopes of persuading Washington big-wigs to do something about arming Jews in Palestine willing to fight, Charlie was asked for a contribution. Before many of his friends, he yelled, "I'm not a Jew! I'm a citizen of the world."

I'm not Jewish either, but I contributed to that cause. I believed in it then and still do. So do many others.

Visiting Wally Beery is always an experience. Yesterday on "Salute to the Marines" set, he was making metaphors and swapping stories with the worst looking bunch of hangers-on. He's playing a tough marine who does plenty of fighting, but never gets to the front.

Scene was a dive in Manila, with Wally roaring drunk. Before each take he was letter perfect, but during the melee the lines went skittering. He kept on talking, though. Finally went into a battle, and the place was a shambles.

Wally said afterward, "Hedda, how about you and me starting

a skunk farm in Beverly? What we need around here is a new odor!"

Mark Sandrich wants Paul-ette Goddard for the second lead with Claudette Colbert in "So Proudly We Hail," but the girls haven't been heard from.

The Wilde twins (Oscar's grandnieces) were signed for "Reveille With Beverly."

Jack Benny's gag—"I can always go back to St. Joseph, brother"—is coming true. St. Joe invited him, and Bill Morrow and Ed Beloin are whipping up a special program for Jack to put on there after his Chicago broadcast.

Jane Withers, who's always out up capers, had some leg pictures taken. Now she wants to be a sweeter girl.

Looks as though Jimmy McHugh's new song, "I'm Buying a Bond for My Baby," will outgross "I Can't Give You Anything But Love." The romance is still on between Pierre Aumont and Hedy Lamarr.

Mack Gray, George Raft's pal and shadow, again has wangled a part with George in "Thank Your Lucky Stars."

Rumor has it that Cecil B. De Mille will use women dressed as men for background shots in "Dr. Wassell." Annabella's started work in "Secret Mission."

Ida Lupino definitely has put her foot down and refuses to play more psychopathic roles. She says they're affecting her per-

Glamour Gal



ANNE SHIRLEY

once most demure of the ingenues, seems to have adopted new methods of appeal. Or perhaps this was only for "Lady Bygones," with Eddie Albert costarred

AMUSEMENTS

CONSTITUTION HALL The Greatest Dramatic Event Ever Staged JOSEF MEIER World Famous Christmas Portraits in the

BLACK MOUNTAIN Passion Play NOVEMBER CAST OF 100 Advance Seat Sale Starts Oct. 15th at 10:00 P.M. LAST 3 DAYS 1000 Seats \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.50, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$9.50, \$10.00

AMUSEMENTS

PIX NOW SHOWING 3 DAYS ONLY Jean GABIN and SIMONE SIMON Emile Zola's HUMAN BEAST Plus THE EDGE OF THE WORLD

AMUSEMENTS EARLE Last 2 Days From Best Seller "MR. AND MRS. CUDY" "Are Husbands Necessary?" By MILLAND - Betty FIELD Also GALA STAGE SHOW Coming Friday Historic American Flyers Meet the Japs "FLYING TIGERS" Spectacular Republic Picture with JOHN WAYNE ANNA LEE - JOHN CARROLL Also GALA STAGE SHOW

AMUSEMENTS METROPOLITAN From Best Seller "MR. AND MRS. CUDY" "WAKE ISLAND" A Paramount Picture with BRIAN DONLEVY ROBERT PRESTON

Broadway Bulletins

New York, Oct. 13. Margie Hart, the strip-tease star now starring in "Wine, Women and Song," met Gypsy Rose Lee on the day after the drama critics had panned the show. "Margie, do you feel badly about those notices?" the strip-tease star of the successful "Star and Garter" asked the strip-tease star of the panned show. "Well, Gyp," replied Miss Hart, "My grief is as great as your joy at reading them."

M. G. M. has purchased the screen rights to W. L. White's exciting best seller, "They Were Expendable." . . . Eva Gabot, who was a house guest at Maxim Litvinoff's home in Moscow seven years ago, has been tested by Warner to play the role of Litvinoff's daughter in "Mission to Moscow." . . . Sgt. Sidney Kingsley, who wrote "Dead End"—the play about the tough kids who lived in the tenements next door to the swanky River House, met Mr. and Mrs. Quentin Reynolds last week and learned that the Reynoldses have rented a new apartment at River House. "All I can say," sighed Kingsley, "is that the Dead End Kids at last have moved into River House."

W. L. White, the author of "They Were Expendable," addressed the Overseas Press Club last week, and told the story of how he came to write the book—of his long interviews with John Bulkeley, Kelly, Akers and Cox—the surviving heroes of MTB Squadron 3. Since this book extolled the deeds of the Navy men and contained frank criticism of Army officers, someone asked White whether he had received any reaction from the Army. "Did any general talk to you about the book?" White was asked. "Yes," he confessed. "A brigadier general did." "What did he say?" continued the questioner. "He said," reported the author, "will you autograph my copy?"

A real sailor joined the cast of "This Is the Army" last Wednesday. Roy Johnson, who once worked with Ezra Stone in "Brother Rat," now is a seaman. He was in Washington and couldn't get a ticket to the Irving Berlin show. Ezra took him backstage to watch the show from the wings, and then the sailor went onstage and joined the chorus in the Navy finale. . . . No book shelf is complete now without Carl Sandburg's "Storm Over the Land." . . . Leo Du-rocher returned to St. Louis last weekend without having discussed his plans for next season with the Brooklyn Dodgers management. . . . David Selznick's lawyers now are working on his contract with Paramount.

Somewhere in Turkey last week a little dog died—a pet belonging to Cyrus Sulzberger, the war correspondent. Once, when Mussolini made a speech in the streets of Rome, Sulzberger stood only a few feet away, holding that pet in his arms. . . . When the crowd roared the dog roared, too. But when the crowd stopped at Il Duce's request, the dog continued to bark. And the microphone which carried Il Duce's words around the world also carried the dog's. Chano's Blackshirts quickly removed the pet. . . . Some months later, when Chano bombed Salonika from the air, the first bomb fell in the hotel where Sulzberger was staying—and a fragment wounded the reporter's pet.

Harold Scott will start a 4-week engagement at the Paramount November 11. . . . When the microphone went dead during Margo Govea singing at the 51 Club the lady snarled at it: "You killed the microphone. Ain't that enough?" . . . Representative Elmer Holland, the Pennsylvania Congressman who has been fighting the Patterson-McCormick newspapers, tried to rejoin the Army. Holland, who went overseas in the last war, was offered a soft job now in the Quartermaster Corps. "No, thank you," he replied. "As an old artilleryman, I'd just be no good at counting socks."

Col. Darryl Zanuck was given a luncheon by the executives at Twentieth Century-Fox, on the eve of his relinquishing all outside interests, to devote his full time to the Army. At this luncheon, he was asked how he had felt, when he accompanied the Commandos in a raid along the coast of France. . . . Zanuck made frank reply. He confessed that when the Nazi bombs were dropping near him and machine gun bullets came close, "I thought to myself, Zanuck—you're the head of a big studio. You have a lot of people working for you. You have a wonderful wife and swell kids. You have French tutors for your children. Soooooooo—what'll all are you doing here?"

sonality. Why, Ida! Remember when those fluffy blonde nit-wit roles affected your personality to the extent of your turning down \$1750 a week to get better parts? Well, I'm with you—you're right, honeychile! I'd hate to see a boa constrictor in a bowknot around your pretty neck as a permanent adornment.

AMUSEMENTS

PALACE NOW, Doors open 10:45 TALKS OF MANHATTAN Charles Boyer Rita Hayworth Ginger Rogers & Other Stars

AMUSEMENTS WARDMAN PARK THEATRE Thurs., Fri., Sat. Even., Oct. 15, 16, 17 Direct From New York's Carnegie Chamber Music Hall ORELLA and PEDRO AFRO CUBAN DANCERS With Rongor Orchestra Tickets Now, \$1.50, \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.50, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$9.50, \$10.50, \$11.50, \$12.50, \$13.50, \$14.50, \$15.50, \$16.50, \$17.50, \$18.50, \$19.50, \$20.50, \$21.50, \$22.50, \$23.50, \$24.50, \$25.50, \$26.50, \$27.50, \$28.50, \$29.50, \$30.50, \$31.50, \$32.50, \$33.50, \$34.50, \$35.50, \$36.50, \$37.50, \$38.50, \$39.50, \$40.50, \$41.50, \$42.50, \$43.50, \$44.50, \$45.50, \$46.50, \$47.50, \$48.50, \$49.50, \$50.50, \$51.50, \$52.50, \$53.50, \$54.50, \$55.50, \$56.50, \$57.50, \$58.50, \$59.50, \$60.50, \$61.50, \$62.50, \$63.50, \$64.50, \$65.50, \$66.50, \$67.50, \$68.50, \$69.50, \$70.50, \$71.50, \$72.50, \$73.50, \$74.50, \$75.50, \$76.50, \$77.50, \$78.50, \$79.50, \$80.50, \$81.50, \$82.50, \$83.50, \$84.50, \$85.50, \$86.50, \$87.50, \$88.50, \$89.50, \$90.50, \$91.50, \$92.50, \$93.50, \$94.50, \$95.50, \$96.50, \$97.50, \$98.50, \$99.50, \$100.50

Starts THURSDAY Sabotage! SOLVED BY THE SCREEN'S STRANGEST SLEUTH! "EYES in the NIGHT" Starring EDWARD ARNOLD ANN HARDING DONNA REED HORACE MCNALLY

On the Stage SMITH & DALE The Famous Comedy Stars in "Dr. Kronkheit" RICHARDS-ADAIR Dancers JUGGLING JEWELS RHYTHM ROCKETS Extra Added TERRY LAWLOR Singing Colleen

ENDS TODAY! SKELTON and SOTHERN "PANAMA HATTIE" Stage . . . JOHN BOLES in person

Starts THURSDAY Edward Arnold-Fay Bainter in Washington's Own Story "THE WAR AGAINST MRS. HADLEY" RICHARD NEY JEAN ROGERS

ENDS TODAY... "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

Benny a Sailor Jack Benny, star of Warner Brothers' "George Washington Slept Here," was in the Navy during World War No. 1.

AMUSEMENTS NATIONAL THEATRE ALL THIS WEEK & NEXT LUNT-FONTANNE "THE PIRATE" RYAN'S COMPANY & THE THEATRE GUILD

MRS. DORSEY'S 1941-42 CONCERTS Contribution, \$1.00, \$2.00, \$5.00, \$10.00, \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00, \$40.00, \$45.00, \$50.00, \$55.00, \$60.00, \$65.00, \$70.00, \$75.00, \$80.00, \$85.00, \$90.00, \$95.00, \$100.00

NATIONAL SYMPHONY Opening Concert Nov. 8 TWELFTH SEASON, 1942-43 Constitution Hall

Garson Pidgeon "Blossoms in the Dust" Technicolor's BLOSSOMS IN THE DUST

RKO Keith's 2ND WEEK! Walt Disney's Bambi In Multiplex Technicolor From Felix Salten's novel added . . . new MARCH OF TIME Coming . . . "Between Us Girls"

IN PERSON FRIDAY THE WONDER DOG FROM "EYES in the NIGHT" WILL APPEAR IN PERSON WEDNESDAY Oct. 14th THURSDAY Oct. 15th LOEW'S CAPITOL

Starts THURSDAY Sabotage! SOLVED BY THE SCREEN'S STRANGEST SLEUTH! "EYES in the NIGHT" Starring EDWARD ARNOLD ANN HARDING DONNA REED HORACE MCNALLY

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ENDS TODAY... "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

Suitland Gets 186 Houses of Folding Type

Moving of 186 demountable houses from Indianhead, Md., to Suitland, Md., will begin within the next two weeks, it was announced by the Army Housing Authority yesterday.

Clearance of the move must be made through the War Production Administration because a house wears out a little when it's moved and must have some of its parts replaced. Just how much it wears out nobody knows yet—for these will be the first to be moved.

The houses have never been lived in but are the surplus from a housing project developed at a war plant. There are seven different types of demountables to be moved, as various companies were trying out their ideas at the Indianhead project. They vary in size from one to three bedrooms.

At Suitland they will be used to house families working at the Central Postal Directory, which was transferred from the District as a war-room move. Added to them will be 147 new demountables built by the Army.

Already under construction at Suitland is one of two dormitories the government will build there for women workers.

Judge Still Out to Curb Drunkenness

Judge Armond W. Scott of Municipal Court still was out yesterday to curb early setbacks yesterday—about the outcome of his efforts to cut down drunkenness in the District.

A checkup yesterday revealed that two defendants, whom he had sentenced a week ago to work at the District Jail, had lost interest in the whole thing only two days after Judge Scott let them off. One of them reported at the yard, but didn't show up Monday as agreed. The other has not been seen.

Last Friday, Judge Scott had expressed his distaste at the daily parade of drunks and said he hoped Congress would take steps to set up a work farm, where the "washed manpower" could be rehabilitated and eventually assigned to war work.

Next day, Judge Scott sent the two men to Isadore Glasser of Cherry Chase, Md., owner of two auto-wrecking yards in the District, who had volunteered to put some men to work at \$2 a day.

Confronted with the results of his first experiment, Judge Scott yesterday told reporters he was not fazed.

"If we can have one out of hundred, we will be well paid," he said.

"I am hoping that enough interest will be aroused to start something big, such as a work farm, to which judges could sentence men for longer terms and feel that they were doing them no injustice, but rather a good deed."

4-H Club Work Holds Sway in Fairfax County

Fairfax County Agent Lawrence S. Green reports that the principal projects engaged in during September by his office were dairy herd improvement, 4-H Club work, Tractor activities, Japanese beetle control, and the farm labor problem.

The 4-H Club in the county has been reorganized and a new program outlined for the coming year. Plans have been made to intensify the local program with the national 4-H Club policy.

A poultry culling school was held during the month and plans have been completed to hold a poultry feeding and management school for instruction on housing flocks through the winter months to get the maximum number of birds.

Females were sent to all persons who rented Japanese beetle traps this summer, to determine the number of beetles trapped, and results and the program will be continued next year.

The farm labor shortage is still being in the county, and the county agent reports that no persons desiring farm work have filed with his office during the past two months.

Bible Week Proclaimed

Richmond, Va., Oct. 13 (AP)—Governor Darden has issued a proclamation calling upon the people of Virginia to observe this week as National Bible Week in cooperation with the Laymen's National Committee, Inc.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS

For Over 35 Years, People Have Always Saved Money

CHAMBERS

Members have consistently maintained his policy of providing lower prices to the public without sacrifice of quality and service.

COMPLETE FUNERAL WITH OVER 60 SERVICES

W. W. CHAMBERS

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Montgomery Blair To Start Classes In Plane Riveting

Due to industry's demand for more war workers, aircraft riveting classes are being organized at Montgomery Blair High School, Silver Spring, Md., for men and women. It was announced yesterday by E. Paul Steigler, chairman of the aircraft sheet metal section.

Power-driven riveting hammers will be in operation at the school within a few days and a 24-hour program will be in operation in the near future. Any American citizen 17 years and 9 months old or more may register for the course, which will be sponsored by the Federal Government. Registration will be held today, tomorrow and Friday from 7 to 9 p. m. at the school.

Deaths

Arrangements of Services by Chambers

Deceased. Undertaker.

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DEATHS

(Continued from preceding column)

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Michael's Girl

By
SOPHIE KERR

Bushke Photo

In 1924 Elin Bryant first seriously questioned the stability of her marriage to Philip, who wanted more and more money while she wished only to make a real home for their son, Van. And because of Van, Elin knew she must handle the situation carefully. On the same day she hired Michael Rodo on trial as gardener and allowed him the cottage as a home for his little girl, Letty. Philip soon objected to Van's liking for Michael and Letty, making it difficult for Elin to win her point that Van not be sent away to school. Philip, meanwhile, was planning a house party in a scheme to put through a business deal.

CHAPTER 5

"CHANNING can furnish the money and Tench the influence, is that it?"

"You've hit the nail on the head. And if I can get them here and give them a whole of a time and Coulter and I can work on them, indirectly—well, the groundwork's laid. I can't imagine how you guessed it so accurately."

"It's done with mirrors," said Elin, solemnly.

Philip laughed again, a little uneasily. "This doesn't get us an extra woman. Can't you think of anybody?"

"We might try my old friend Katie Thomson! I've seen her at several school reunions and she's always saying she'd like to visit me. Of course, she might promise to come and then wire us at the last minute that she'd gone into rehearsal with a new show."

For once Philip glowed with approval. "By golly, if we could get her it would put the whole thing over like a house afire! Any actress jizzes up a party like nothing else and Katie's quite a person besides. Does she play bridge? We've got to have somebody who plays bridge because of Channing and Mabel."

"She plays bridge, I suppose, but I'll ask her when I call up. D'you think she'll please the fastidious Mr. Tench?"

"He probably knows her already; he's a lad who gets about. I wonder if she'll come?"

"I'll phone her right away," said Elin. This was like the old days when she and Philip laid their plans together. She was so glad she's thought of Katie!

Young Van had finished his dessert. "I'm ready to play ball," he announced hopefully. "I don't have to take a nap today, Muthy, do I?"

"No," said Elin, "but go easy till father's ready."

"We'll ride first," said Philip. Tell Vera to phone the stables and have the pony and a good horse sent up in half an hour, will you, Elin? I've got to get my riding breeches on, Van, and so have you, fella."

They went off at last and Elin picked up a hat and went down to Michael's house. She heard him whistling as she turned into the path and found him busy in the cutting garden.

"You don't need to work on Sunday, Michael," she said.

"If you would order the weeds to stop working on Sunday, Mrs. Bryant, then I could do it, too. And the bugs! Lookit those asters, there's a black bug on them like every spray I've tried. So now I lay flypaper under the plants and shake them off. It's slow but sure. The weather'll be cloudy tomorrow, just right for some transplanting, so I'll put some fresh plants up front."

Elin explained to Michael:

"We're going to have a house party over Labor Day and I want the front garden to look extra nice." Now she came to her real errand. "And Michael, don't let Van be a bother; he mustn't hang around here at mealtime and expect you to feed him. It's an imposition."

Michael stared at the ground. "Mr. Bryant don't like it, I know. It's not suitable, but when the boy comes in and eyes the pot on the stove and says he'd like some, it's not so easy to say no. He's a fine little chap, ma'am, and he'll learn no bad ways from me."

"Oh, Michael, of course not. It's only that his father's home such a little he wants Van with him when he is here."

"Yes, ma'am, I told him so today, but he wanted to stay and Letty wanted him—she's too small to understand. I'll talk to him, ma'am. He's got a grown-up's sense; he'll get the idea."

Elin imagined Philip hearing

TONITE 9:15!
WOL
THE BARON'S BACK!
JACK PEARL
in **CRESTA BLANCA CARNIVAL**
with Morton Gould Orchestra

Joan Merrill, Metropolitan Opera Soprano
Brad Reynolds, Radio and Stage Tenor
Frank Gallup, Master of Ceremonies
presented by
CRESTA BLANCA WINES
Sole Importers
Wine Co., Inc., Uverson, Md.

RIGHT AROUND HOME



JOE PALOOKA



JOE PALOOKA



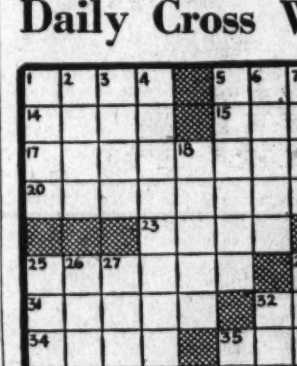
JANE ARDEN



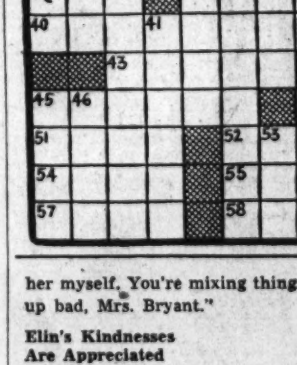
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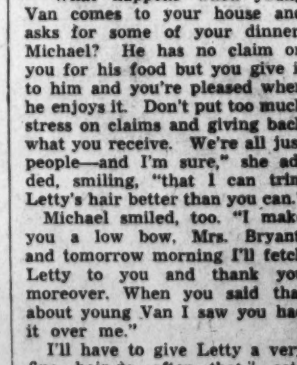
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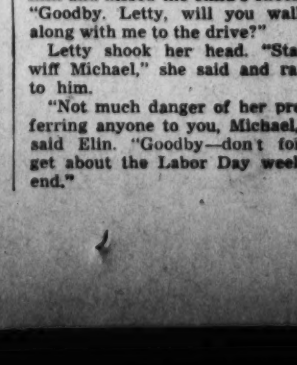
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RIGHT AROUND HOME



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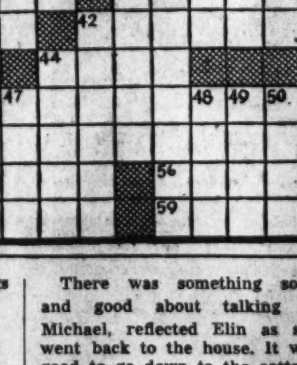
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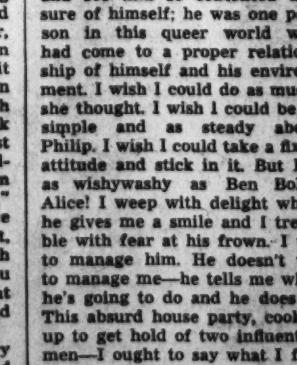
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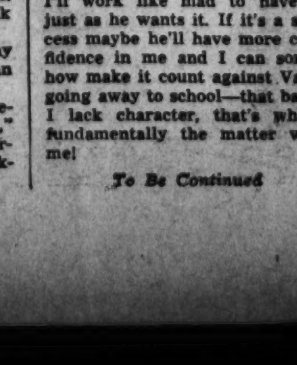
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RIGHT AROUND HOME



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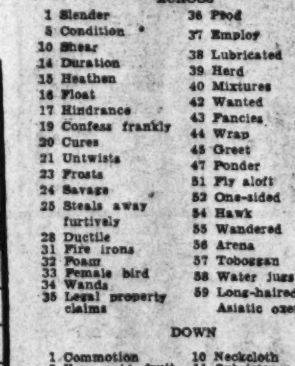
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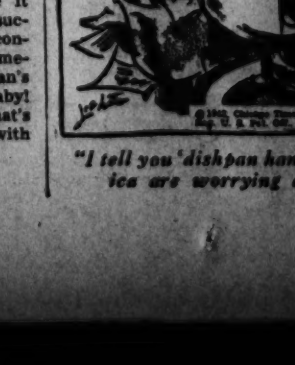
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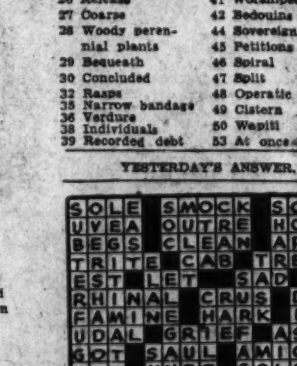
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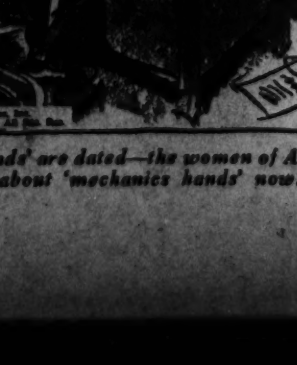
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NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELMY



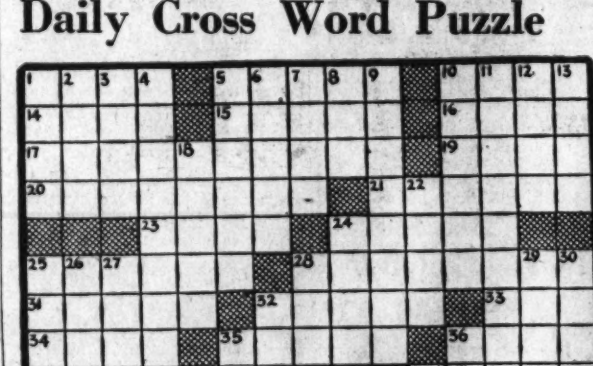
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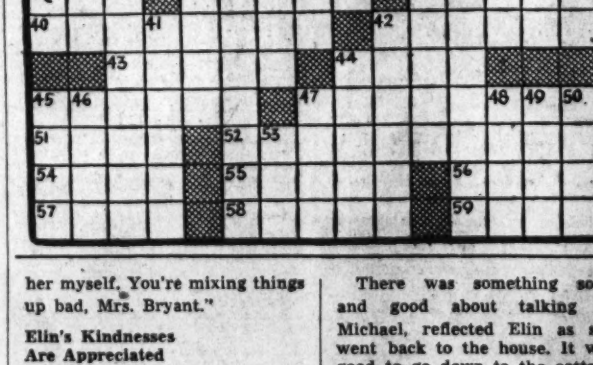
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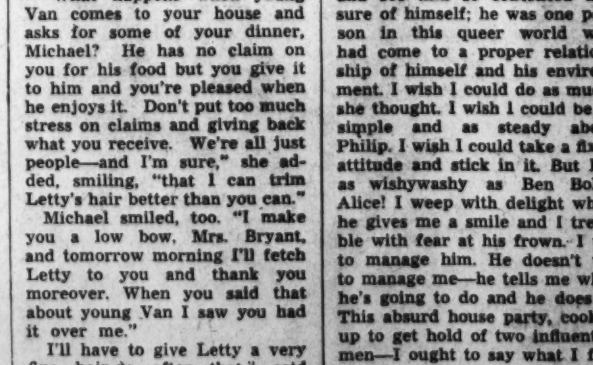
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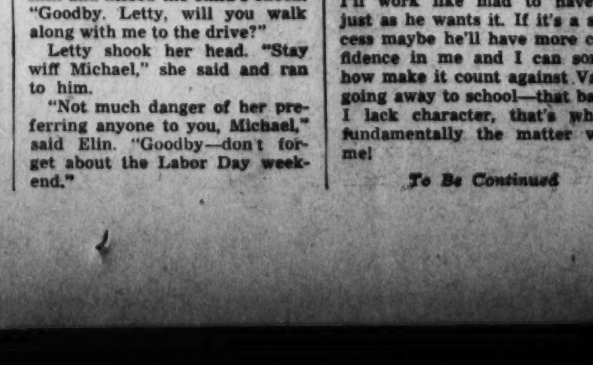
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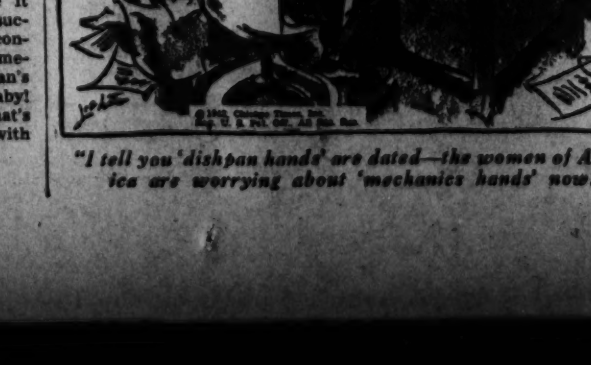
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Radio Highlights

11:20 a. m. WJLA—Victory Starts At Home gets in under the new Price Ceiling with the latest information for new food prices control as presented by an OPA representative.
3:45 p. m. WMAL—Today's episode of the "Treasure Star Parade" tells the story of the Bishop of Munster.
8 p. m. WRC—The usually inseparable Nick and Nora Charles get themselves separated, but definitely in "The Adventures of the Thin Man."
9:15 p. m. WOL—Jack Pearl returns to the air in a new weekly series, assisted by Morton Gould's orchestra with Jean Merrill and Brad Reynolds as the featured vocalist.
9:15 p. m. WWDG—Mrs. Royal E. Ingersoll, wife of Vice Admiral Royal E. Ingersoll, supreme commander of the Atlantic fleet, will speak of the work of the District Chapter of the American Red Cross.
10:15 p. m. WMAL—National Radio Forum. Vital questions discussed by leading speakers and interviewed by Mr. Ben McKelvey.

Wednesday, Oct. 14

Washington Eastern War Time

WJLA 47.9M 6:00-6:30 WRC 9:15M 6:00-6:30 WOL 12:30M 6:00-6:30 WJLA 12:30M 6:00-6:30

Today's Program 6:30-7:00 WJLA 6:30-7:00 WRC 6:30-7:00 WOL 6:30-7:00 WJLA 6:30-7:00

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—Says Hermann Goering

THE HECHT CO.
Victory Center . . . Main Floor *7 South, Seventh Street and 8 Street*



Meet Hermann, The Magician!

- In the early days of vodvil . . . the slickest trickster of the stage was known as Hermann the Great . . . but when it comes to juggling facts he couldn't hold a candle to his diabolical namesake.
- This paunchy Nazi is a sleight-of-hand operator of the first water. His methods are so well-oiled and underlarded that he has to sleep with one eye open to keep from cutting his own throat. (This, incidentally, might be a splendid idea).
- He told the German people not so very long ago that Americans are just plain "Bluff" . . . but he forgot to add that he was "bluffing" when he said it.
- And he hasn't yet been able to explain away the nightly bombings of the RAF . . . and the havoc being wrought on war-industries of the Reich. A magician, you see, can only handle one trick at a time . . . and Hermann (being a Nazi magician) can't even handle that much.
- But we're getting away from the point. And the point is that while Hermann claims we're "bluffing" we know that Hermann's "bluffing" and its up to us to call his bluff.
- We're going to do it with Flying Fortresses . . . and Hell Divers . . . and all the tanks and guns that Americans are Buying with their STAMPS AND BONDS.
- We're going to dig down deep in our pockets . . . to give our boys the fighting gear they need to call Hermann's bluff with a vengeance . . . and set him and his pals (the Schickelgrubers and Yamamotos) chattering with stage-fright.
- In the early days of vodvil . . . you'd have hooted him off the stage under a hail of tomatoes . . . cabbages and rotten eggs. BUT THIS IS WAR . . . and it's the dimes . . . and quarters . . . and dollars that you're putting into War Bonds . . . that'll bust his cheap little act wide open . . . and show him up for the HAM HE IS.

Buy War Bonds and Stamps at The Hecht Co.
or Buy Them Wherever You Choose,
but for Freedom's Sake Buy Them Every Payday

THE HECHT CO.

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